Application No.: A.24-09-010

Exhibit No.: Liberty-16

Witnesses: Thomas J. Bourassa



(U 933-E)

2025 General Rate Case

Before the California Public Utilities Commission

Rebuttal Testimony of Thomas J. Bourassa, CPA

Cost of Capital and Rate of Return

Liberty CalPeco: Cost of Capital

Table of Contents

	Section	Page	Witness
I.	INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY	1	T. Bourassa
II.	CAL ADVOCATES' COST OF CAPITAL ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	3	
III.	RESPONSE TO CAL ADVOCATES' CRITICISMS OF LIBERTY'S COST OF CAPITAL ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	10	
IV.	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS	18	

I. <u>INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY</u>

Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.

A. My name is Thomas J. Bourassa. My business address is 139 W. Wood Drive, Phoenix, Arizona 85029. I am an independent certified public accountant licensed in the State of Arizona and my principal business activity is providing consulting services to regulated utilities in the areas of cost of service, rate design, and cost of capital.

Q. ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING?

A. I am testifying on behalf of Liberty Utilities (CalPeco Electric) LLC ("Liberty" or the "Company")

Q. ARE YOU THE SAME THOMAS J. BOURASSA THAT PROVIDED DIRECT TESTIMONY ON THE COST OF CAPITAL IN THIS CASE?

A. Yes.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. I am responding to the direct testimony and recommendations of the Public Advocates Office ("Cal Advocates") regarding Liberty's proposed Cost of Equity ("COE") or return on equity ("ROE").

Q. PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE EXHIBITS ACCOMPANYING YOUR TESTIMONY.

A. I have attached Exhibits TJB-1 through TJB-7. Exhibit TJB-1 contains updated cost of capital analyses (Tables 1 through 11) based on more current data since the analyses included with my direct testimony were prepared over a year ago. Exhibit TJB-2 contains an analysis of capital structure for small and large utilities that supports Liberty's recommended capital structure. Exhibit TJB-3 contains the updated risk study I prepared for Liberty. Exhibit TJB-4 contains an updated size study for the electric proxy group and Liberty. Exhibit TJB-5 contains the *Blue Chip Financial Forecasts* (Vol. 44, No. 6, June 2, 2025) – Long-Range Survey. A copy of the most recent *Value Line* report on the electric industry along with each electric utility in my proxy group is attached as Exhibit TJB-6.

Exhibit TJB-6 contains information on electric utility bond ratings and beta. Exhibit TJB-7 contains information about small versus large utilities over the past 10 years.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE HOW YOUR TESTIMONY IS ORGANIZED.

A. Section I summarizes the findings from my updated analysis based on more recent data. In Section II, I discuss the cost of capital analysis performed by Cal Advocates witness Dr. Woolridge, his recommendations, and my concerns over the inputs to his models. In Section III, I respond to criticisms of my analysis from Cal Advocates. Finally, in Section IVI, I summarize my rebuttal testimony and present a summary of the equity costs of the proxy group and Liberty.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR UPDATED FINDINGS CONCERNING LIBERTY'S COST OF COMMON EQUITY.

A. Based on the updated analysis, I have determined that the COE for the publicly traded electric utilities falls in the range of 9.7 percent to 11.5 percent with the midpoint of the range at 10.6 percent. My updated risk study indicates a risk premium for Liberty in the range of 50 to 70 basis points. In comparison, in my direct analysis I determined the COE range of 9.7 to 11.3 percent (same mid-point of 10.6 percent) and a risk premium of 40 basis points. I continue to recommend a 40 basis point risk premium for Liberty over the proxy group and the adoption of an ROE of 11.0 percent for Liberty.¹

My recommendation continues to be based on consideration of COE estimates using the Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") and three Risk Premium ("RP") approaches, including the Capital Asset Pricing Model ("CAPM"). All three are market-based methodologies and are designed to estimate the return required by investors on the common equity capital committed to Liberty. I have applied the aforementioned methodologies to the same sample group of publicly traded electric utilities discussed in my direct testimony.

My recommended ROE continues to be based upon the Commission adoption of a 52.5 percent common equity and a 47.5 debt capital structure for ratemaking purposes.

¹ See Table 1 of Exhibit TJB-1.

Q. IS A 47.5 PERCENT DEBT AND 52.5 PERCENT EQUITY CAPITAL STRUCTURE APPROPRIATE FOR LIBERTY?

A. Yes. Aside from being the previously approved capital structure, the proposed capital structure is similar to the capital structures of smaller utilities. As shown in Exhibit TJB-2, small electric utilities have on average 56.2 percent equity in their capital structure. The 56.2 percent equity is somewhat higher than Liberty's recommended 52.5 percent equity. Because the sample of electric utilities only contains 4 out of 30 small companies, I expanded my analysis to include water and gas utilities. Similarly, Exhibit TJB-2 shows that small water, gas, and electric utilities, have on average 54.5 percent equity, still higher than Liberty's recommended 52.5 percent equity.

Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED COST OF DEBT?

A. 5.87 percent. This is based upon Liberty's most recent long-term debt financing request, as well as the estimated costs of an additional existing long-term debt.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR THE WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF CAPITAL?

A. Based upon Liberty's proposed capital structure of 47.5 percent debt and 52.5 percent equity, Liberty should have a cost of debt of 5.87 percent and a COE of 11.00 percent. The WACC is 8.56 percent (rounded) as shown in Figure 1.

T	1
RIGHTE	•

	Ratio	Rate	Weighted Cost
Debt	47.5%	5.87%	2.79%
Equity	52.5%	11.00%	5.78%
Weighted Average			8.56%

II. <u>CAL ADVOCATES' COST OF CAPITAL ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.</u>

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE CAL ADVOCATES' CAPITAL STRUCTURE

A. Cal Advocates recommends a capital structure consisting of 50 percent equity and 50 percent debt with a debt cost of 5.87 percent, an equity cost of 9.50 percent, and a WACC of 7.69 percent.² Dr. Woolridge recommends a common equity ratio of 50 percent, and to recognize Liberty's slightly higher investment risk, he recommends a COE of 9.5 percent. Dr. Woolridge lowers his COE recommendation to 9.25 percent if his 50 percent equity recommendation is not adopted.³ If the Commission rejects Cal Advocates' recommendation and adopts Liberty's recommendation, Cal Advocates recommends a 9.25 percent COE, resulting in a WACC of 7.65 percent.⁴

Q. IS DR. WOOLRIDGE'S 25 BASIS POINT REDUCTION IN HIS COE RECOMMENDATION IF LIBERTY'S CAPITAL STRUCTURE IS ADOPTED ATTRIBUTABLE TO HIS APPLICATION OF LOWER FINANCIAL RISK?

A. Yes.⁵ To arrive at his recommendation for the COE, Dr. Woolridge considers two models, a constant growth discounted cash flow model ("DCF") and the traditional capital asset pricing model ("CAPM"). His results are in the range of 8.89 percent to 9.6 percent; the result for his DCF is 9.6 percent, and the result for his CAPM is 8.89 percent.⁶ The mid-point is 9.25 percent (rounded). Based upon the foregoing, Dr. Woolridge believes the cost of common equity for the proxy group is in the range of 9.0 percent to 9.5 percent.⁷

Q. IS CAL ADVOCATES' RECOMMENDATION FOR A 50 PERCENT DEBT AND 50 PERCENT EQUITY CAPITAL STRUCTURE WARRANTED?

A. No, not based upon my earlier testimony. Liberty's recommended capital structure contains slightly more debt and less equity than the average small electric utility and closer

See Direct Testimony of J.R. Woolridge, PhD ("Woolridge Dt.") at 4, 51.

 $[\]frac{3}{2}$ Woolridge Dt. at 51.

⁴ Woolridge at 4.

⁵ Woolridge at 5.

⁶ Woolridge Dt. at 51.

Woolridge Dt. at 51.

to the average for small electric, gas, and water utilities. Liberty's recommended capital structure, while more leveraged than the average small electric utility, is still much closer to the average small electric utility when compared to the average large electric utility. This suggests Liberty's capital structure recommendation is reasonable given its size.

Q. IS A FINANCIAL RISK ADJUSTMENT WARRANTED IF LIBERTY'S RECOMMENDED CAPITAL STRUCTURE IS USED?

A. No. If you consider that the average debt level of the average small electric utility of 43.8 percent is less than Liberty's recommended 47.5 percent and that the betas of smaller electric utilities are at least as great, if not greater, than those of large electric utilities, there is a case for higher financial risk from Liberty's recommended capital structure rather than lower financial risk.⁹

While I do not believe a financial risk adjustment is necessary in this case, if the conclusion by the Commission is that there is lower financial risk associated with Liberty's recommended capital structure, then Liberty's higher business risk should also be recognized. These two adjustments would offset each other. My updated risk study indicates a 50 to 70 basis point risk premium for Liberty over the proxy group. Using the mid-point of the range for the risk premium of 60 basis points and subtracting Dr. Woolridge's financial risk adjustment of -25 basis points, the net adjustment to the proxy group COE would be +35 basis points, which aligns with the +40 basis point risk premium reflected in my 11.0 percent recommendation for Liberty.

Q. DR. WOOLRIDGE (ON PAGE 5) TESTIFIES THAT THE COMPANY'S INVESTMENT RISK IS ABOVE THE PROXY GROUPS BASED UPON BOND RATINGS OF THE COMPANY AND AVAERAGE BOND RATING OF THE

[§] See Exhibit TJB-2. A similar conclusion can be made for electric, gas, and water utilities.

Financial risk is a component of the equity risk premium ("ERP"). Beta times the Market Risk Premium determines the ERP in the traditional CAPM.

¹⁰ See Exhibit TJB-3.

PROXY GROUPS. PLEASE COMMENT.

A. Dr. Woolridge conflates the investment risk between Liberty's investor, LU Co., and its investment, Liberty. Liberty is not LU Co. Liberty does not have a bond rating. That said, I agree that LU Co.'s investment risk is slightly above the proxy groups. The fact that Liberty is much smaller, much less diversified, and has higher business risk, suggests Liberty's bond rating should be lower than LU Co., making the investment risk for Liberty higher.

Q. SHOULD BOND RATINGS ALONE BE USED TO DETERMINE HIGHER INVESTMENT RISK?

A. No. Bond ratings are a qualitative measure, and they should be evaluated with other metrics. Bond rating classes are broad, and investors still have a wide range of issues to evaluate in assessing investment risk. Investors in companies with the same bond rating do not necessarily require the same expected return. Electric utilities with the same bond ratings have different betas. For example, Public Service Enterprise (PEG) and CME Energy Corp. (CMS) both have an S&P bond rating of BBB+, but their Value Line betas are 0.85 and 0.70, respectively.¹¹ The difference in beta (0.85 less 0.70) translates to an 80 to 100 basis point difference in the CAPM COE estimate depending on the estimate of the MRP.¹² There are other numerous examples. In at least one instance, a utility with a higher bond rating has a higher beta than a utility with a lower bond rating. For example, NextEra Energy, Inc. (NEE) has an S&P bond rating of A- and a beta of 0.90, whereas Duke Energy (DUK) has an S&P bond rating of BBB+ and a beta of 0.65. The difference in beta of .25 (0.90 less 0.65) translates to an 130 to 164 basis point difference in the CAPM COE estimate depending on the estimate of the MRP.¹³

¹¹ See Exhibit TJB-6.

Using a MRP of 5.25%, the 0.15 difference in beta translates to 0.79% or 79 basis points (5.25% X 0.15) and using a MRP of 6.57%, the 0.15 difference in beta translates to 0.99% or 99 basis points (6.57% X 0.15).

Using a MRP of 5.25%, the 0.25 difference in beta translates to 1.31% or 131 basis points (5.25% X 0.25) and using a MRP of 6.57%, the 0.25 difference in beta translates to 1.64% or 164 basis points (6.57% X 0.25).

5

11

17

18

19 20

21

Also, bond ratings are not very discriminating when the vast majority of the rate bonds for utilities are included in the BBB and BBB+ classifications.¹⁴

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE DCF MODEL EMPLOYED BY CAL ADVOCATES IN ITS COST OF CAPITAL ANALYSIS.

A. Dr. Woolridge also uses a constant growth DCF model. For the dividend yield (D₁), Dr. Woolridge computes D₁ as D₀ x (1+the growth rate (g)/2), also as I do. ¹⁵ For the growth rate (g), Dr. Woolridge reviewed both historical and projected growth rates (earnings per Share ("EPS"), dividends per share ("DPS"), and book value per share ("BVPS") as well as sustainable growth. ¹⁶ His estimate for the growth rate for his proxy group is 6.1%. The result of his DCF model is 9.5 percent.

Q. WHAT CONCERNS DO YOU HAVE ABOUT THE INPUTS TO THE DCF MODEL?

A. I am concerned about the use of historical growth estimates EPS, DPS, and BVPS as well as the use of retention growth. Empirical evidence shows that historical growth rates performed poorly compared to analyst estimates of EPS growth.¹⁷ Retention growth as it is an inherently circular growth rate.¹⁸ Further, the empirical finance literature demonstrates that the sustainable growth method of determining growth is not as significantly correlated to measures of value.¹⁹

Q. HOW DOES YOUR DCF RESULT COMPARE TO DR. WOOLRIDGE'S?

- A. My DCF result is 10.0 percent²⁰ while Dr. Woolridge's DCF result is 9.6 percent.
- Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE CAPM MODEL EMPLOYED BY CAL

¹⁴ Morin, Roger A. Modern Regulatory Finance, Public Utility Reports, Inc., 2021. 103. ("Morin")

¹⁵ See Direct Testimony of Thomas J. Bourassa ("Bourassa Dt.") at 32.

¹⁶ Woolridge Dt. at 6. See also Exhibit JRW-5, page 6 of 6.

¹⁷ Bourassa Dt. at 34.

¹⁸ Bourassa Dt. at 33.

¹⁹ Bourassa Dt. at 33.

²⁰ See Exhibit TJB-1, Table 6.

ADVOCATES IN ITS COST OF CAPITAL ANALYSIS.

A. Dr. Woolridge employs a traditional CAPM. The results are summarized in Exhibit JRW 6, page 1 of 7, to his testimony. He uses a risk-free rate of 4.9 percent based upon a recent yield on a 30-year U.S. Treasury,²¹ a median beta of 0.76 based upon his proxy group,²² and a market risk premium ("MRP") of 5.25 percent based upon a review of MRP estimates provided in Exhibit JRW-6.²³ Dr. Woolridge believes the MRP is in the range of 5.0 percent to 5.50 percent at this time.²⁴ Based upon the foregoing, his CAPM result is 8.89 percent.²⁵

Q. WHAT CONCERNS DO YOU HAVE ON DR. WOOLRIDGE'S CAPM?

A. I have concerns about his MRP estimate. Dr. Woolridge states that, given the recent reported MRPs of Kroll (conditional ERP of 5.50 percent), Fernandez survey (5.5 percent), and Duke-CFO survey (5.20 percent) estimates, he believes the MRPs are in the range of 5.0 percent to 5.5 percent.²⁶

The Kroll MRP is a conditional MRP according to Kroll. The Kroll estimate is neither replicable nor transparent and appears to be driven by judgment calls may not clearly reflect wide consensus. They also appear to reflect a geometric mean based on a holding period, which should not be used in cost of capital estimates.

Q. WHAT ABOUT THE FERNANDEZ SURVEY AND THE DUKE-CFO SURVEY?

A. Surveys are subject to shortcomings, including that the return definitions and risk premium definitions varying widely, are subject to bias, and are generally subjective. 27 Dr. Damodaran, in his 2024 update to equity risk premiums, notes that, while survey premiums

²¹ Woolridge Dt. at 42.

²² Woolridge Dt. at 44.

²³ Woolridge Dt. at 50.

²⁴ Woolridge Dt. at 50.

²⁵ Woolridge Dt. at 50.

 $[\]frac{26}{100}$ Woolridge Dt. at 50.

²⁷ Morin, p. 186.

 have become more accessible, few practitioners are inclined to use the numbers from these surveys in computations.²⁸ He notes that there are several reasons for this, including that survey premiums are sensitive not only to whom the question is directed at, but how the question is asked. Survey responses are responsive to recent stock price movements generally increasing after bullish periods and decreasing after market decline, and the studies that have looked at the efficacy of survey premiums indicate that, if they have any predictive power, it is in the wrong direction.²⁹ In short, Dr. Woolridge should not incorporate these survey results for the foregoing reasons.

Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE VARIOUS OTHER MRP ESTIMATES LISTED IN EXHIBIT JRW-6, PAGES 5 AND 6.

A. The vast majority of these estimates are geometric mean estimates. Further, a vast majority are not recent and should not be used. A number of the other MRP estimates are based upon surveys and projections.

Projection estimates that use an implied equity MRP model, like the one employed by Professor Damodaran (2025) and KPMG (2025), derive the equity MRP from the current level of the S&P 500 index and expected future cash flows, estimating a compounded average equity risk premium over the long term. The equity risk premium estimate at the start of the year is the geometric average of the annualized equity risk premiums in future years. Put simply, MRP estimates using implied equity risk premium methods are geometric means, which should not be used in cost of capital estimates.³⁰

Projections from J.P. Morgan (2025) appear to be based upon forecasted equity return and current bond rate. In other words, J.P. Morgan appears to employ an implied equity MRP model and is a geometric mean. The resulting 3.90 percent risk premium is implausibly low, especially when compared to Dr. Woolridge's expressed belief that the

Damodaran, Aswath, "Equity Risk Premiums (ERP): Determinants, Estimation, and Implications – The 2024 Edition", Updated: March 5, 2024, Stern School of Business, p. 30.

²⁹ Damodaran, p. 30.

³⁰ Bourassa Dt. at 37-38.

Q. HOW DOES DR. WOOLRIDGE'S CAPM RESULT COMPARE TO YOUR CAPM RESULTS?

- A. Dr. Woolridge's CAPM result is 8.98 percent. My average CAPM result is 9.7 percent, reflecting my traditional CAPM (9.3 percent), ECAPM (9.7 percent), and MCAPM (10.2 percent). Because I use multiple versions of the CAPM, my CAPM results provide more insight to the COE than does the use of the traditional CAPM alone.
- III. RESPONSE TO CAL ADVOCATES' CRITICISMS OF LIBERTY'S COST OF CAPITAL ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
- Q. DR. WOOLRIDGE (ON PAGES 53 AND 54) ASSERTS THAT YOUR GROWTH RATE FOR THE DCF CONTAINS ERRORS BECAUSE YOU EXCLUSIVELY RELY ON ANALYST ESTIMATES OF GROWTH. PLEASE RESPOND.
- A. Analyst estimates of growth remain the best measure of growth for DCF applications for electric utilities.³³ There is an abundance of empirical research demonstrating the validity and superiority of earnings forecasts relative to historical estimates when estimating the cost of capital. As I noted in my direct testimony, "to the extent that past results provide useful indications of future growth prospects, analysts' forecasts would already incorporate that information. In addition, the current price of a stock reflects known historic information on that entity, including its past earnings history. Any further recognition of the past will **double count** what has already occurred.³⁴ Therefore, forward-looking growth rates should be used." [emphasis added]
- Q. ARE ANALYST EPS GROWTH ESTIMATES OVERLY OPTIMISTIC AND UPWARDLY BIASED?

³¹ Woolridge Dt at 50.

³² Woolridge at 51.

³³ Bourassa Dt. at 34.

³⁴ Bourassa Dt at 33.

- Q. DOES DR. WOOLRIDGE'S STUDY (ON PAGE 36) ON EPS GROWTH RATES (FORECAST VERSUS ACTUAL) CONVINCE YOU THAT ANALYST ESTIMATES OF EPS GROWTH ARE OVERLY OPTIMISTIC AND UPWARDLY BIASED?
- A. No. Dr. Woolridge's study does not provide any insight into whether historical EPS growth estimates would have performed any better than analyst estimates for electric utilities. Dr. Woolridge does not account for significant and unforeseen economic events that have occurred during the time period studied, such as the market crash of 1987, the dot-com bubble (1997-2000), the financial crisis of 2008, and the pandemic of 2020. Because these events, and perhaps others, were unforeseen at the time analysts made their forecasts, that does not make analyst estimates overly optimistic or upwardly biased. Again, the accuracy of forecasts is not at issue. It is whether EPS growth forecasts influence investors when pricing stocks at the time those forecasts were made. If a growth estimate turns out to be lower, then the market price of the stock will be lower and the dividend yield will be higher, but the COE will not change.
- Q. WHAT ABOUT THE STUDY DR. WOOLRIDGE CITES (ON PAGE 54)
 REGARDING VALUE LINE'S LONG-TERM PROJECTIONS?

³⁵ Morin, p. 371.

 $[\]frac{36}{100}$ Morin, p. 370.

A. My comments would be similar to Dr. Woolridge's study discussed above. The authors of the study (Szakmary, Conover, and Lancaster), like Dr. Woolridge, did not examine the performance of historical EPS, DPS, and BVPS growth estimates and whether they performed better or worse than analysts' EPS growth estimates for the DCF for electric utilities.

Q. DR. WOOLRIDGE (ON PAGE 55) ASSERTS THAT YOU ERRED IN APPLYING THE CAPM BY USING THE ECAPM AND MCAPM. PLEASE COMMENT.

A. I explained the basis for my use of the ECAPM and MCAPM in my direct testimony and will not repeat that testimony here.³⁷ In short, the ECAPM makes use of empirical findings of the shortcomings of the CAPM and can be viewed as a practical adjustment that can be made when estimating the cost of capital.³⁸

Q. HAVE REGULATORS RELIED ON THE ECAPM?

A. Yes, both regulatory staff and commissions themselves have relied on the ECAPM, as noted by Dr. Morin.³⁹

Q. DOES THE USE OF ADJUSTED BETAS ADDRESS THE EMPIRICAL ISSUES OF THE CAPM AS SUGGESTED BY DR. WOOLRIDGE (ON PAGE 56)?

A. No. The use of adjusted betas in the CAPM is not equivalent to the ECAPM.⁴⁰ The use of an adjusted beta in the CAPM addresses the fact that betas regress toward one over time. The ECAPM corrects for the fact that the CAPM under-predicts observed returns when beta is less than one and over-predicts returns when beta is greater than one.⁴¹

³⁷ Bourassa Dt. at 40.

Villadsen, B. Vilbert, M.J, Harris, D, and Kolbe, A.L., *Risk and Return for Regulated Industries*, The Brattle Group, Elsevier Academic Press, 2017, p.. 84. *See also*, Morin, pp. 220-223.

Morin, pp. 225-226. Regulators from the Maryland Public Service Commission, the Regulatory Commission of Alaska, the Colorado Public Utilities Commission, the Wyoming Public Service Commission, the State of New York Public Service Commission, and the Mississippi Public Service Commission.

⁴⁰ Morin, p. 223.

⁴¹ Morin, p. 225.

Q. DR. WOOLRIDGE (ON PAGE 56) ASSERTS THAT THE SIZE PREMIUM IN THE MCAPM IS NOT SUPPORTABLE BASED ON STUDIES THAT THE SIZE EFFECT HAS DISAPPEARED IN THE MARKETS. PLEASE RESPOND.

A. I disagree. A more recent study than those discussed by Dr. Woolridge in his testimony⁴² by Asness, Israel, Moskowitz, and Pedersen found that the size effect matters in a much bigger way than previously thought.⁴³ The size premium has not disappeared. The study found that "after controlling for junk, a much stronger and stable size premium emerges that is robust across time (including periods when the size effect seems to fail), monotonic in size and not concentrated in the extremes, prevalent across months of the year, existent even for non-market-price-based measures of size, and present internationally across nearly two dozen countries."⁴⁴

Another study from 2018 concludes that academic and empirical evidence indicates that the pure textbook CAPM is an imperfect indicator of expected returns. Until better models become more accepted and easier for the valuation professional to use, the MCAPM will likely continue to be widely used by valuation professionals.⁴⁵

- Q. DOES THE ANNIE WONG STUDY THAT DR. WOOLRIDGE CITES AND DISCUSSES (ON PAGE 67) SUPPORT THE CONCLUSION THAT THERE IS NO SIZE EFFECT FOR UTILITIES?
- A. No. Ms. Wong's study has been criticized soundly: "[her] weak evidence provides little support for a small firm effect existing or not existing in <u>either</u> the industrial <u>or</u> the utility sector."⁴⁶ Dr. Zepp found that Ms. Wong's empirical results were not strong enough to

⁴² Woolridge Dt. at 66-78.

⁴³ Asness, Clifford S., Andrea Frazzini, Ronen Israel, Tobias J. Moskowitz, and Lasse Heje Pedersen, "Size Matters, If You Control Your Junk," Journal of Financial Economics 129 (2018): 479-509.

⁴⁴ Asness, et. al., p. 507.

As a Roger J. Grabowski, "The Size Effect – It is Still Relevant," Business Valuation Review 35 (2) 2016: 62-71; data is presented from 1990 through 2014.

⁴⁶ Zepp, Thomas M., "Utility Stocks and the Size Effect – Revisited," The Quarterly Review Economics and Finance, Vol. 43, Issue 3, Autumn 2003, pp. 578 – 582.

conclude that beta risk of utilities is unrelated to size; he found that her use of monthly, weekly, and daily data may be the cause of her inability to find a relationship; and he found other studies that show trading infrequency to be a powerful cause of bias in beta risk when time intervals of a month or less are used to estimate beta's for small stocks.⁴⁷ The studies relied on in Mr. Zepp's published paper found, "when a stock is thinly traded, its stock price does not reflect the movement of the market, which drives down the covariance with the market and creates an artificially low beta estimate." Thus, Ms. Wong's weak results were due to a flawed analysis.

Q. DO YOU HAVE ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE THAT A SIZE PREMIUM EXISTS FOR UTILITIES?

A. Yes. I prepared an analysis that compares average annual returns predicted by the traditional CAPM with the average actual returns for utilities for the years 2014 to 2023 (10 years). As shown in Exhibit TJB-7, the average difference (or "excess return") between the actual returns and the predicted returns for the small utilities (Micro-Cap and Low-Cap) and the large utilities (Mid-Cap and Large-Cap) is +1.02 percent. The difference in the average betas required to explain the difference in the returns (the "true beta") between small utilities and large utilities is 0.14 percent. In other words, the "true beta" is higher for small utilities than large utilities. The 0.14 percent difference in the betas suggests a small company risk premium of 102 basis points.49

Q. IS YOUR HISTORICAL MARKET RISK PREMIUM ESTIMATE OVERSTATED?

A. No, I disagree with Dr. Woolridge. 50 In my view, historical risk premiums measured over long periods of time are not erroneous or overstated. It is true that historical risk premiums

 $[\]frac{47}{2}$ Zepp at 579.

 $[\]frac{48}{2}$ Zepp at 579.

⁴⁹ The average MRP over the 10 year is 7.09 percent times 0.18 percent equals 1.27 percent.

⁵⁰ Woolridge Dt. at 57.

7

8

9 10 11

12 13

1415

17

18

16

19

20 21 are higher than can be justified by conventional economic models. Thus, the equity risk premium puzzle.⁵¹ A number of theoretical tools have been presented by economists and researchers to "solve" the puzzle, but no one solution is generally accepted by economists. The disparity between equity returns and government bonds might say more about the conventional models than whether historical risk premiums are overstated and should not be used.

Q. DOES LONG-TERM MRPS HAVE ISSUES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY?

A. No. Central tendency refers to mean reversion - that stock returns to revert to a trend. As Dr. Morin reports:

The weight of empirical evidence on this issue is that the more sophisticated tests of mean reversion in the MRP demonstrate that the realized MRP over the last 75 years or so was almost perfectly free of mean reversion, and had no statistically identifiable time trend... $\frac{52}{2}$

O. WHAT ABOUT SURVIORSHIP BIAS?

A. Survivorship bias is one of the factors used to explain the equity risk premium puzzle. But there is no real consensus about its size and significance. A study by Li and Xu concludes that a survival bias is unlikely to be significant in U.S. data.⁵³ The best estimate of the future MRP remains the historical mean as measured over a long period.⁵⁴ While survivorship bias may be compelling on a worldwide basis, one has to question its relevance on a purely U.S. analysis.⁵⁵

Q. THANK YOU. PLEASE CONTINUE.

The **equity premium puzzle** refers to the inability of an important class of economic models to explain the average equity risk premium (ERP) provided by a diversified portfolio of equities over that of government bonds.

⁵² Morin, p. 156.

Li, Haitao, Xu, Yuewu, "Survival Bias and the Equity Risk Premium Puzzle", The Journal of Finance, Vol. LVII, No. 5, October 2002, p. 1991.

⁵⁴ Morin, p. 180.

⁵⁵ Morningstar, *Ibbotson SBBI 2013 Valuation Yearbook*, p. 62.

- A. I use the average historical MRP risk premium of large company stocks over long periods, 1926-2024, for developing the MRP for the CAPM and MCAPM and, 1963-2024. For developing the MRP for the MCAPM. I do not use shorter or more recent historical time periods to avoid issues Dr. Woolridge asserts exist in historical measures. Further, I use historical MRPs in conjunction with the current MRP of 5.84 percent to estimate the MRPs for my CAPM (6.57%), ECAPM (6.57%), and MCAPM (5.95%). I continue to believe my MRP estimates are reasonable based on the facts and circumstances,
- Q. DR. WOOLRIDGE (ON PAGE 59) POINTS OUT KROLL ADVISES THAT VALUATION ANALYSTS CANNOT SIMPLY USE A LONG-TERM HISTORICAL ERP WITHOUT FURTHER ANALYSIS. PLEASE COMMENT.
- A. I agree, which is why I also consider and use a current (prospective) MRP in my estimation of the MRP for the CAPM, ECAPM, and MCAPM.⁵⁸ I explained my construction of the MRP in my direct testimony and will not repeat it here.⁵⁹ I do not accept Kroll's estimate. It is not repeatable or transparent. These factors make it difficult for me to determine whether its use is appropriate. Further, I disagree with Kroll that the historical MRP is not a good estimate of the future MRP risk premium and should not be considered.⁶⁰ The Kroll argument that, to the extent that prior events are not expected to occur or are unusual events, they should be eliminated, is highly suspect because all historical periods contain unusual events.⁶¹ Using data from a long period minimizes subjective judgements and encompasses many diverse periods of inflation, interest rate cycles, economic cycles, and unusual events

⁵⁶ Woolridge at 58.

⁵⁷ See Exhibit TJB-1, Table 11.

See Table 10 for my estimation of the current MRP and Table 12 (footnotes) for my estimation of the MRP for the CAPM models.

 $[\]underline{59}$ Bourasa Dt, at 45.

⁶⁰ Woolridge at 59, quoting Kroll on the expected MRO and historical returns and realized risk premiums.

⁶¹ Woolridge Dt. at 59 citing Kroll (formerly Duff & Phelps) Client Alert from 2016.

- the 1987 stock market crash, the 1999 Dot-Com bubble, the 2008 financial crisis, and the 2020 pandemic to name a few.

- Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON DR. WOOLRIDGE'S TESTIMONY (ON PAGE 62) THAT INVESTMENT FIRMS HAVE LOWER MARKET RETURN EXPECTATIONS THAN YOUR CURRENT MARKET RISK PREMIUM ANALYSIS SUGGESTS.
- A. First, my current MRP estimate uses the Value Line 1700 stocks, which is broader because it has three times more stock than the S&P 500 upon which investment firms rely. Second, as noted by Dr. Woolridge, the average duration (holding period) upon which investment firms' expectations are developed is 10 years. The returns listed in Figure 9 in Dr. Woolridge's testimony are geometric returns. I would expect them to be lower than my estimate because geometric means are always lower than arithmetic means.
- Q. DR. WOOLRIDGE CRITICIZES YOUR FIRST RISK PREMIUM APPROACH BECAUSE OF EMPIRICAL PROBLEMS WITH HISTORICAL RETURNS. PLEASE COMMENT.
- A. My comments would be similar to my earlier comments regarding use of historical MRPs for the CAPM. The historical MRP I employ for my first RP approach is over a long period of time (42 years) for which the data is available to me. Dr. Woolridge provides no evidence of mean reversion or correlation of the returns in this analysis.
- Q. DR. WOOLRIDGE (ALSO ON PAGE 66) CRITICIZES YOUR SECOND RISK PREMIUM APPROACH BECAUSE IT USES HISTORICAL ANALYST ESTIMATES FOR EACH YEAR TO DEVELOP ANNUAL EXPECTED RETURNS AND RISK PREMIUMS. PLEASE COMMENT.
- A. Again, my comments would be similar to my earlier comments regarding Dr. Woolridge's criticisms of the use of analyst estimates for electric utilities. This is an expectational approach. As I testified, analyst estimates of EPS growth are the best estimates of growth for the DCF for electric utilities.

⁶² Woolridge Dt. at 62.

IV. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS.

I continue to recommend a ROE of 11.0 percent for Liberty. My recommendation is based upon an updated analysis. That analysis shows the COE for the publicly traded electric utilities falls in the range of 9.7 percent to 11.5 percent with the midpoint of the range at 10.6 percent. My updated risk study indicates a risk premium for Liberty in the range of 50 to 70 basis points, but I continue to recommend a 40 basis point risk premium over the proxy group results of 10.6 percent. My updated analysis continues to be based on consideration of COE estimates using the Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") and three Risk Premium ("RP") approaches, including the Capital Asset Pricing Model ("CAPM") on a proxy group of 21 electric publicly traded utilities.

My recommended ROE continues to be based upon the Commission adoption of a 52.5 percent common equity and a 47.5 debt capital structure for ratemaking purposes. The recommend debt cost is 5.87 percent.

Based upon my recommendations, the WACC is 8.57 percent.

Q. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. Yes.

A.

Exhibit TJB-1

Tables 1 - 11

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Summary of Results

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 1

Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u>		Indicated Cost of Equity for Sample Group	Indicated Cost of Equity for Company ¹
1	DCF Constant Growth - Table 6	10.0%	10.6%
2	Risk Premium (Total Returns)- Table 8	11.5%	12.1%
3	Risk Premium (Total Returns) - Table 9	10.5%	11.1%
4	CAPM - Table 11	9.7%	10.3%
5	Mid-point	10.6%	11.2%
6	Cost of Equity Recommendation ²	11.09	%

Notes:

¹Estimates include an equity risk premium of 60 basis points. See Testimony. and a financial risk adjustment of 0 basis points. See Testimony.

² See Testimony.

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Selected Characteristics of Sample Group of Water Utilities

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 2 Witness: Bourassa

			Operating	Net	Number of		VL Adjusted		Market	
Line			Revenues	Plant	Customers	Value Line	Sum	S&P	Capitalization	Size
No.	Company	Symbol	(millions) ¹	(millions) ¹	(thousands)	Beta ¹	Beta ²	Bond Rating	(millions) ¹	Category ²
1	ALLETE	ALE	1,880	5,013	146	0.75	0.76	BBB	3,757	Low-Cap
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	3,981	18,701	1,425	0.80	0.74	BBB+	15,608	Mid-Cap
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	19,721	82,416	5,500	0.70	0.64	BBB+	55,141	Large-Cap
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	7,500	33,776	3,340	0.75	0.72	BBB+	25,808	Large-Cap
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	1,938	6,020	797	0.75	0.70	BBB	3,069	Low-Cap
6	Black Hills	BKH	2,331	7,119	1,340	0.85	0.87	BBB+	4,095	Mid-Cap
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	7,515	27,461	3,700	0.70	0.70	BBB+	20,844	Large-Cap
8	Consol. Edison	ED	15,256	52,165	5,200	0.65	0.58	A-	35,971	Large-Cap
9	DTE Energy	DTE	12,745	28,169	3,500	0.80	0.76	BBB+	27,118	Large-Cap
10	Duke Energy	DUK	30,357	123,303	9,200	0.65	0.57	BBB+	90,956	Large-Cap
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	17,599	59,254	5,300	0.90	0.90	BBB	20,223	Large-Cap
12	Entergy Corp.	ETR	11,880	47,423	3,200	0.80	0.80	BBB+	35,031	Large-Cap
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	11,517	43,385	3,300	0.50	0.40	NR	31,379	Large-Cap
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	1,827	6,517	633	0.70	0.70	BBB	6,221	Mid-Cap
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	677	2,287	339	0.80	0.76	NR	3,260	Low-Cap
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	1,514	6,398	774	0.75	0.74	BBB	3,188	Low-Cap
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	5,125	19,198	1,400	0.75	0.74	BBB+	10,766	Mid-Cap
18	Portland General	POR	3,440	10,345	934	0.80	0.75	BBB+	4,460	Mid-Cap
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	10,290	40,064	4,300	0.85	0.80	BBB+	40,529	Large-Cap
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	8,600	34,645	4,500	0.65	0.62	A-	33,110	Large-Cap
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	13,441	57,198	6,000	0.75	0.66	BBB+	38,952	Large-Cap
22	Average		\$ 9,006	\$ 33,850	3,087	0.75	0.71		\$ 24,261	
						Indicated ³	Indicated ³			
23	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp	ο.	\$ 166.5	\$ 612.5	50	0.85	0.80		N/A	

Notes:

1 Value Line Analyzer Data (Weekly as of July 2, 2024)

2 See work papers.

3 See Risk Study Exhibit TJB-5, page 6.

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Capital Structures

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 3 Witness: Bourassa

			Book \	Market Value ¹		
Line			Long-Term	Common	Long-Term	Common
No.	Company	Symbol	<u>Debt</u>	Equity	<u>Debt</u>	Equity
1	ALLETE	ALE	37.4%	62.6%	30.9%	69.1%
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	55.3%	44.7%	35.7%	64.3%
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	59.3%	40.7%	41.6%	58.4%
4	Ameren Corp.	AEF	57.1%	42.9%	36.9%	63.1%
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	51.1%	48.9%	46.8%	53.2%
6	Black Hills	BKH	54.2%	45.8%	48.1%	
7		CMS	65.7%	45.6% 34.3%		51.9% 57.7%
	CMS Energy Corp.				42.3%	
8	Consol. Edison	ED	52.9%	47.1%	40.7%	59.3%
9	DTE Energy	DTE	61.2%	38.8%	39.1%	60.9%
10	Duke Energy	DUK	60.8%	39.2%	45.6%	54.4%
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	70.7%	29.3%	62.4%	37.6%
12	Entergy Corp.	ETR	63.8%	36.2%	43.2%	56.8%
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	58.1%	41.9%	46.8%	53.2%
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	47.8%	52.2%	32.9%	67.1%
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	38.3%	61.7%	19.0%	81.0%
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	48.6%	51.4%	45.8%	54.2%
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	54.4%	45.6%	42.8%	57.2%
18	Portland General	POR	55.0%	45.0%	50.9%	49.1%
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	54.1%	45.9%	31.9%	68.1%
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	58.5%	41.5%	34.6%	65.4%
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	58.3%	41.7%	41.2%	58.8%
	37					
22	Average		55.4%	44.6%	40.9%	59.1%
23	Max		70.7%	62.6%	62.4%	81.0%
24	Min		37.4%	29.3%	19.0%	37.6%
25	Median		55.3%	44.7%	41.6%	58.4%
20	Modali		33.370	77.770	71.070	JU. 4 /0
26	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.	Proforma	47.5%	52.5%	N/A	N/A

¹ Value Line Analyzer Data (Weekly as of July 2, 2024)

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Comparisons of Past and Future Estimates of Growth

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 4

Witness: Bourassa

			[1]	[2] Five-year historica	[3]	[4]	[5] Historical	[6] Value Line	[7] Zack's	[8] Stock	[9] Average
Line			Stock	Book	ar armaar onangoo		Average Growth	Projected	Projected	Analysis.com	Projected
No.	Company	Symbol	Price ¹	<u>Value²</u>	EPS ²	DPS ²	Col. 1-4	Growth ²	Growth ³	Growth⁴	Growth
1	ALLETE	ALE	-4.40%	3.00%	2.50%	4.00%	1.27%	6.00%	ND	8.93%	7.47%
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	1.57%	6.00%	4.50%	6.00%	4.52%	7.50%	6.59%	7.43%	7.17%
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	-0.49%	4.50%	5.50%	6.00%	3.88%	7.00%	6.43%	7.38%	6.94%
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	3.02%	6.00%	7.00%	6.00%	5.51%	7.00%	6.95%	7.88%	7.28%
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	6.81%	3.00%	-1.00%	4.00%	3.20%	5.00%	6.07%	5.65%	5.57%
6	Black Hills	BKH	-5.71%	6.50%	4.00%	6.00%	2.70%	3.50%	5.26%	5.78%	4.85%
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	1.18%	8.50%	6.00%	6.50%	5.55%	5.50%	7.84%	7.23%	6.86%
8	Consol. Edison	ED	-0.28%	3.00%	3.00%	2.50%	2.06%	6.00%	5.57%	5.70%	5.76%
9	DTE Energy	DTE	1.78%	-1.50%	-0.50%	2.50%	0.57%	8.00%	7.64%	6.85%	7.50%
10	Duke Energy	DUK	3.39%	0.50%	3.50%	2.50%	2.47%	ND	6.33%	6.55%	6.44%
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	1.15%	0.50%	12.50%	4.50%	4.66%	6.50%	7.05%	4.60%	6.05%
12	Entergy Corp.	ETR	2.00%	7.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.25%	3.00%	9.46%	10.23%	7.56%
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	5.03%	3.50%	3.50%	6.00%	4.51%	6.00%	5.01%	2.45%	4.49%
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	0.46%	4.50%	3.50%	6.00%	3.62%	5.00%	8.13%	8.13%	7.09%
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	3.58%	6.00%	6.00%	5.00%	5.14%	6.50%	ND	4.38%	5.44%
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	-5.69%	3.50%	-1.00%	3.00%	NEG	4.50%	6.87%	4.00%	5.12%
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	-1.17%	3.50%	0.00%	4.00%	1.58%	5.00%	2.12%	8.85%	5.32%
18	Portland General	POR	-4.80%	3.00%	3.00%	5.50%	1.67%	6.50%	3.35%	3.72%	4.52%
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	7.43%	1.00%	3.00%	5.00%	4.11%	7.00%	6.96%	4.86%	6.27%
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	0.39%	4.00%	6.00%	7.00%	4.35%	7.50%	6.95%	7.20%	7.22%
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.24%	6.00%	6.00%	6.50%	4.93%	7.00%	7.52%	4.66%	6.39%
22	GROUP AVERAGE		0.78%	3.90%	3.86%	4.88%	3.53%	6.00%	6.43%	6.31%	6.25%

Notes:

1 Compound annual growth in stock prices ending December 31 through 2023. Data from Yahoo Finance website.

² Value Line Analyzer, weekly as of July 2, 2025.

³ Zack's Investment Research website May 7, 2025.

⁴ Stock Analysis.com website July 15, 2025. (Substituted for Yahoo Finance estimates as they are only one-year forward estimates)

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Current Dividend Yields for Water Utility Sample Group

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 5

Witness: Bourassa

			[1]	[2]	[3]	^[4] Average
					Current	Annual
Line			Stock	Current	Dividend	Dividend
<u>No.</u>	<u>Company</u>	Symbol	Price $(P_0)^1$	Dividend $(D_0)^1$	Yield (D ₀ /P ₀)	Yield $(D_0/P_0)^{1,2}$
1	ALLETE	ALE	64.85	2.71	4.18%	4.57%
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	61.52	1.92	3.12%	3.55%
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	104.24	3.57	3.42%	3.94%
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	95.49	2.52	2.64%	3.07%
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	38.00	1.90	5.00%	5.23%
6	Black Hills	BKH	56.51	2.50	4.42%	4.21%
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	69.55	2.06	2.96%	3.26%
8	Consol. Edison	ED	100.00	3.32	3.32%	3.50%
9	DTE Energy	DTE	130.62	3.88	2.97%	3.57%
10	Duke Energy	DUK	116.73	4.14	3.55%	3.95%
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	50.70	3.17	6.25%	4.14%
12	Entergy Corp.	ETR	81.05	2.30	2.84%	3.89%
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	64.17	2.31	3.60%	4.13%
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	115.83	3.35	2.89%	3.38%
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	88.32	1.75	1.98%	2.12%
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	52.22	2.60	4.98%	5.02%
17	Pinnacle West Capita	PNW	89.83	3.55	3.95%	4.44%
18	Portland General	POR	40.78	1.98	4.86%	4.44%
19	Public Serv. Enterpris	PEG	81.75	2.40	2.94%	3.19%
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	103.98	3.34	3.21%	3.85%
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	67.77	2.19	3.23%	3.68%
22	GROUP AVERAGE				3.63%	3.86%

Notes

¹ Stock prices as of July 8, 2025. Indicated Dividend from Value Line Analyzer weekly as of Jul 2, 2025.

² Average Annual Dividend is dividends declared per share for a year divided by the average annual price of the stock in the same year, expressed as a percentage. As report by Value Line Analyzer software. For comparison purposes only.

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Discounted Cash Flow Analysis DCF Constant Growth

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 6 Witness: Bourassa

			[1]	[2]		[3]		[4]	[5]
								Indicated	
							_	Cost of	Adjusted
				Expected		Average		quity (COE)	Indicated
Line			Dividend	Dividend		Projected	ı	k=Div Yld + g	Cost of
<u>No.</u>	<u>Company</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	Yield $(D_0/P_0)^1$	Yield $(D_1/P_0)^2$		Growth (g) ³		(Cols 2+3)	Equity (COE) ⁴
1	ALLETE	ALE	4.18%	4.33%	+	7.47%	=	11.8%	11.8%
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	3.12%	3.23%	+	7.17%	=	10.4%	10.4%
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	3.42%	3.54%	+	6.94%	=	10.5%	10.5%
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	2.64%	2.74%	+	7.28%	=	10.0%	10.0%
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	5.00%	5.14%	+	5.57%	=	10.7%	10.7%
6	Black Hills	BKH	4.42%	4.53%	+	4.85%	=	9.4%	9.4%
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	2.96%	3.06%	+	6.86%	=	9.9%	9.9%
8	Consol. Edison	ED	3.32%	3.42%	+	5.76%	=	9.2%	9.2%
9	DTE Energy	DTE	2.97%	3.08%	+	7.50%	=	10.6%	10.6%
10	Duke Energy	DUK	3.55%	3.66%	+	6.44%	=	10.1%	10.1%
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	6.25%	6.44%	+	6.05%	=	12.5%	12.5%
12	Entergy Corp.	ETR	2.84%	2.95%	+	7.56%	=	10.5%	10.5%
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	3.60%	3.68%	+	4.49%	=	8.2%	8.2%
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	2.89%	2.99%	+	7.09%	=	10.1%	10.1%
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	1.98%	2.04%	+	5.44%	=	7.5%	7.5%
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	4.98%	5.11%	+	5.12%	=	10.2%	10.2%
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	3.95%	4.06%	+	5.32%	=	9.4%	9.4%
18	Portland General	POR	4.86%	4.97%	+	4.52%	=	9.5%	9.5%
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	2.94%	3.03%	+	6.27%	=	9.3%	9.3%
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	3.21%	3.33%	+	7.22%	=	10.5%	10.5%
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.23%	3.33%	+	6.39%	=	9.7%	9.7%
22	Average		3.63%	3.75%	+	6.25%	=	10.0%	10.0%

 $^{^{1}}$ Spot Dividend Yield = D_0/P_0 . Source Table 5.

7.0% . See testimony.

² Expected Dividend Yield = $D_1/P_0 = D_0/P_0 * (1+g/2)$.

³ Growth (g). Source Table 4.

⁴ Excludes results less than the forecast yield on Baa bonds plus 100 basis points or 7

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Forecasts of Long-Term Interest Rates

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 7 Witness: Bourassa

Line <u>No.</u>		<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>	<u>2028</u>	<u>Average</u>	Recommended Risk-free Rate for CAPM and MRP
1	Long-term Treasury Rates					
2	Blue Chip Consensus Forecasts ¹	4.5%	4.4%	4.4%		
3	Value Line ²					
4	Average	4.5%	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%
5	Aaa Corporate Bonds					
6	Blue Chip Consensus Forecasts ¹	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%		
7	Value Line ²					
8	Average	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%	
9	Baa Corporate Bonds					
10	Blue Chip Consensus Forecasts ¹	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%		
11	Value Line ²					
12	Average	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	

Notes:

¹ Blue Chip Financial Forecast (June 2025).

² Not Available

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Risk Premium Analysis Based on Proxy Group Total Returns

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 8 Witness: Bourassa

Line		Proxy Group	LT Treasury	Risk
No.		Return ¹	Bond Yield ²	Premium
1	1983	10.64%	11.97%	-1.33%
2	1984	28.25%	11.70%	16.55%
3	1985	33.67%	9.56%	24.11%
4	1986	-9.88%	7.89%	-17.77%
5	1987	24.17%	9.20%	14.97%
6	1988	28.06%	9.19%	18.87%
7	1989	-0.26%	8.16%	-8.42%
8	1990	30.42%	8.44%	21.98%
9	1991	9.91%	7.30%	2.61%
10	1992	10.62%	7.26%	3.36%
11	1993	-10.44%	6.54%	-16.98%
12	1994	30.25%	7.99%	22.26%
13	1995	3.84%	6.03%	-2.19%
14	1996	32.13%	6.73%	25.40%
15	1997	10.10%	6.02%	4.08%
16	1998	-19.76%	5.42%	-25.18%
17	1999	40.88%	6.82%	34.06%
18	2000	-2.65%	5.58%	-8.23%
19	2001	-16.03%	5.75%	-21.78%
20	2002	30.31%	4.84%	25.47%
21	2003	13.36%	5.11%	8.25%
22	2004	12.60%	4.84%	7.76%
23	2005	21.44%	4.61%	16.83%
24	2006	21.44%	4.91%	16.53%
25	2007	7.53%	4.50%	3.03%
26	2008	-22.23%	3.03%	-25.26%
27	2009	16.43%	4.58%	11.85%
28	2010	14.05%	4.14%	9.91%
29	2011	19.29%	2.55%	16.74%
30	2012	4.96%	2.46%	2.50%
31	2013	15.17%	3.78%	11.39%
32	2014	30.21%	2.46%	27.75%
33	2014	-2.68%	2.68%	-5.36%
34	2016	21.59%	2.72%	18.87%
35	2017	14.28%	2.89%	11.39%
36	2018	2.90%	3.11%	-0.21%
37	2019	25.23%	2.58%	22.65%
38	2020	-7.11%	1.56%	-8.67%
39	2021	14.64%	2.06%	12.58%
40	2022	1.33%	3.11%	-1.78%
41	2023	-4.40%	4.09%	-8.49%
42	2024	23.43%	4.41%	19.02%
43	Average 1983- 2024	12.1%	5.4%	6.6%
44		Expected Long-te	erm Treasury Bond Rate ³	4.4%
45		Estimate of Curre	ent Risk Premium ⁴	7.1%
46		Projected Returns	s on Equity for Sample	11.5%

Notes:

¹ Computed Composite Proxy Group Total Returns.

Average annual 30 Yr. U.S. Treasury Bond yields as reported by the Federal Reserve.
 Proxy for yields from 2003-2005 are based upon 20-year U.S. Treasury yield.

³ Forecast LT U.S. Treasury Rate. Source Table 7.

⁴ As explained in testimony, adjustment assumes equity costs change by 50% as much as interest rates.

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Risk Premium Analysis Based on Averages of Annual DCF Equity Cost Estimates 2013-2022

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 9 Witness: Bourassa

			Average	DCF Expected	DCF Equity	30-Yr	
Line		Dividend	Projected	Dividend	Cost	Treasury	Risk
No.	<u>Year</u>	Yield $(D_0/P_0)^1$	Growth (g) ²	Yield $(D_1/P_0)^3$	<u>Estimate</u>	Rate ⁴	<u>Premium</u>
1	2015	3.62%	5.21%	3.72%	8.93%	2.84%	6.09%
2	2016	3.85%	4.93%	3.94%	8.87%	2.59%	6.28%
3	2017	3.37%	4.85%	3.45%	8.30%	2.89%	5.41%
4	2018	3.19%	5.38%	3.28%	8.65%	3.11%	5.54%
5	2019	3.38%	5.35%	3.48%	8.83%	2.58%	6.25%
6	2020	3.06%	5.03%	3.13%	8.16%	1.56%	6.60%
7	2021	3.38%	6.03%	3.48%	9.50%	2.06%	7.44%
8	2022	3.48%	5.42%	3.58%	9.00%	3.11%	5.89%
9	2023	3.39%	5.23%	3.47%	8.70%	4.09%	4.61%
10	2024	4.02%	6.48%	4.15%	10.62%	4.41%	6.21%
11				10-Year Average	Э		6.03%
12				5-Year Average			6.15%
13				Mid-point			6.09%
12				Average of Fore	cast Treasury F	Rates ⁵	4.40%
13				Projected Return	n on Equity		10.5%

Notes:

Average annual dividend of proxy group as reported by Value Line Investment Analyzer at end of each year.

The state of the sta ² Value Line estimates of EPS growth of proxy group as reported by Value Line Investment Analyzer at end of year.

³ Expected Dividend Yield = $D_1/P_0 = D_0/P_0 * (1+g/2)$.

⁴ Average annual 30 Yr. U.S. Treasury Bond yields as reported by the Federal Reserve. Yields for 2003-2005 are based upon 20-year U.S. Treasury

⁵ Forecast LT U.S. Treasurey Rate. Source Table 7..

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Estimation of Current Market Risk Premium Using DCF Analysis

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 10 Witness: Bourassa

			Expected				Expected		Monthly Average		Expected
Line		Dividend	Dividend		Expected		Market		30 Year		Market Risk
No.	<u>Month</u>	Yield $(D_0/P_0)^1$	Yield (D₁/P₀) ²	+	Growth (g) ³	=	Return (k)	-	Treasury Rate ⁴	=	Premium (MRP)
1	Jan 2024	2.76%	2.98%	+	7.83%	=	10.81%		4.26%	=	6.55%
2	Feb	2.75%	2.97%	+	7.83%	=	10.80%		4.38%	=	6.42%
3	Mar	2.64%	2.84%	+	7.50%	=	10.34%		4.36%	=	5.98%
4	Apr	2.75%	2.96%	+	7.50%	=	10.46%		4.66%	=	5.80%
5	May	2.75%	2.96%	+	7.50%	=	10.46%		4.62%	=	5.84%
6	Jun	2.75%	2.96%	+	7.50%	=	10.46%		4.44%	=	6.02%
7	July	2.75%	2.96%	+	7.50%	=	10.46%		4.46%	=	6.00%
8	Aug	2.75%	2.96%	+	7.50%	=	10.46%		4.15%	=	6.31%
9	Sep	2.58%	2.77%	+	7.50%	=	10.27%		4.04%	=	6.23%
10	Oct	2.61%	2.80%	+	7.50%	=	10.30%		4.38%	=	5.92%
11	Nov	2.48%	2.67%	+	7.50%	=	10.17%		4.54%	=	5.63%
12	Dec	2.68%	2.88%	+	7.50%	=	10.38%		4.58%	=	5.80%
13	Jan 2025	2.65%	2.85%	+	7.50%	=	10.35%		4.85%	=	5.50%
14	Feb	2.77%	2.98%	+	7.50%	=	10.48%		4.68%	=	5.80%
15	Mar	2.77%	2.98%	+	7.50%	=	10.48%		4.60%	=	5.88%
16	Apr	2.93%	3.14%	+	7.33%	=	10.47%		4.71%	=	5.76%
17	May	2.93%	3.14%	+	7.33%	=	10.47%		4.90%	=	5.57%
18	Recommended	2.75%	2.96%	+	7.50%	=	10.46%	-	4.56%	=	5.84%
19	Short-term Trends										
20	Recent Twelve Months Avg	2.72%	2.92%	+	7.47%	=	10.40%	-	4.53%	=	5.87%
21	Recent Nine Months Avg	2.71%	2.91%	+	7.46%	=	10.37%	_	4.59%	=	5.79%
22	Recent Six Months Avg	2.79%	2.99%	+	7.44%	=	10.44%	_	4.72%	=	5.72%
23	Recent Three Months Avg	2.87%	3.09%	+	7.39%	=	10.47%	_	4.74%	=	5.74%
24	Median (last 12 Months)	2.75%	2.96%	+	7.50%	=	10.46%	-	4.56%	=	5.84%

 $[\]frac{Notes:}{}^{1} \text{ Average Dividend Yield } (D_{0}/P_{0}) \text{ of dividend paying stocks. Data from Value Line Investment Analyzer Software Data - Value Line 1700 Stocks}$

 $^{^2 \ \}text{Expected Dividend Yield } (D_1/P_0) \ \text{equals current average dividend yield } (D_0/P_0) \ \text{times one plus growth rate} (g).$

³ Median of Projected EPS and Projected DPS Growth for VL 1700 stocks. Data from Value Line Investment Analyzer Software.

⁴ Monthly average 30 year U.S. Treasury as reported by Federal Reserve.

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)

Exhibit TJB-1 Table 11 Witness: Bourassa

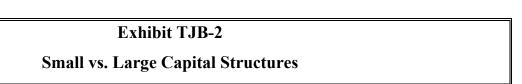
Line										
No.		Rf^1	+ ((beta ²	Х	RP_{M}^{3})		=	<u>k</u>
1	Traditional CAPM	4.4%	+ (0.75	Х	6.57%)		=	9.3%
2										
3		Rf ¹	1	$RP_{M}^{3} x .25$	+ ((beta ²	Х	$\frac{RP_{M}^{3}}{}$) x .75		
4	Empirical CAPM	4.4%	+	6.57%	x .25 + (0.75	Х	6.57%) x .75	=	9.7%
5										
6		Rf^1	+ (beta ²	X	RP_{M}^{4}) +	RPs ⁵		
7	Modified CAPM	4.4%	+ (0.71	X	5.95%) +	1.59%	=	10.2%
8										
9										
10	Average									9.7%

³ Estimate of Market Risk Premium (MRP):

Historical MRP (1926-2024)	7.31%	Source is Kroll 2025 CRSP Decile Size Study - Supplementary Exhibits.
Current MRP	5.84%	Source is Table 10
Average MRP	6.57%	
⁴ Estimate of Market Risk Premium (MRP):		
Historical MRP (1963-2024)	6.07%	Source is Kroll 2025 CRSP Decile Size Study - Supplementary Exhibits.
Current MRP	5.84%	Source is Table 10
Average MRP	5.95%	
⁵ Size Premium. Sources Exhibit TJB-COC-DT		

 $[\]frac{\text{Notes:}}{^{1}\text{Forecasts of long-term treasury yields. Source Table 7}}.$

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Average VL Beta of Proxy Group. Source is Table 2.



Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Capital Structures Small versus Large Utilities

				Book	Value ¹			
Line				Long-Term	Common	Market Cap		VL
<u>No.</u>	Company	<u>Symbol</u>	Industry	<u>Debt</u>	<u>Equity</u>	(\$ Millions) ¹	Market Category	<u>Beta</u>
1	ALLETE	ALE	Electric	37.4%	62.6%	\$ 3.757	Low-Cap	0.75
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	Electric	55.3%	44.7%		Mid-Cap	0.80
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	Electric	59.3%	40.7%		Large-Cap	0.70
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	Electric	57.1%	42.9%		Large-Cap	0.75
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	Electric	51.1%	48.9%		Low-Cap	0.75
6	Black Hills	BKH	Electric	54.2%	45.8%		Mid-Cap	0.85
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	Electric	65.7%	34.3%	,	Large-Cap	0.70
8	Consol. Edison	ED	Electric	52.9%	47.1%		Large-Cap	0.65
9	DTE Energy	DTE	Electric	61.2%	38.8%	,	Large-Cap	0.80
10	Duke Energy	DUK	Electric	60.8%	39.2%		Large-Cap	0.65
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	Electric	70.7%	29.3%		Large-Cap	0.90
12	Entergy Corp.	ETR	Electric	63.8%	36.2%		Large-Cap	0.80
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	Electric	58.1%	41.9%		Large-Cap	0.50
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	Electric	47.8%	52.2%		Mid-Cap	0.70
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	Electric	38.3%	61.7%		Low-Cap	0.80
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	Electric	48.6%	51.4%	,	Low-Cap	0.75
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	Electric	54.4%	45.6%		Mid-Cap	0.75
18	Portland General	POR	Electric	55.0%	45.0%		Mid-Cap	0.80
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	Electric	54.1%	45.9%	,	Large-Cap	0.85
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	Electric	58.5%	41.5%		Large-Cap	0.65
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	Electric	58.3%	41.7%		Large-Cap	0.75
22	CenterPoint Energy	CNP	Electric	65.7%	34.3%		Large-Cap	0.85
23	Dominion Resources	D	Electric	60.8%	39.2%		Large-Cap	0.65
24	Evergy Inc	EVRG	Electric	53.4%	46.6%		Mid-Cap	0.75
25	Eversource Energy	ES	Electric	61.7%	38.3%		Large-Cap	0.00
26	Excelon Corporation	EXC	Electric	64.4%	35.6%	,	Large-Cap	0.75
27	Nextra Energy	NEE	Electric	59.1%	40.9%		Large-Cap	0.90
28	OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	Electric	49.0%	51.0%	,	Mid-Cap	0.85
29	PPL Corporation	PPL	Electric	53.1%	46.9%	,	Large-Cap	0.85
30	Southern Company	so	Electric	64.5%	35.5%		Large-Cap	0.70
31	American States Water	AWR	Water	46.6%	53.4%		Low-Cap	0.75
32	American Water Works	AWK	Water	54.8%	45.2%	,	Large-Cap	0.85
33	Essential Utilities	WTRG	Water	54.3%	45.7%		Mid-Cap	0.85
34	California Water	CWT	Water	40.3%	59.7%		Low-Cap	0.85
35	Middlesex	MSEX	Water	44.2%	55.8%	,	Low-Cap	0.75
36	York Water Company	YORW	Water	47.0%	53.0%		Micro-Cap	0.75
37	Atmos Energy	ATO	Gas Distrib	39.3%	60.7%		Large-Cap	0.75
38	Chesapeake Utilities	CPK	Gas Distrib	48.8%	51.2%		Low-Cap	0.75
39	New Jersey Resources	NJR	Gas Distrib	56.7%	43.3%	,	Mid-Cap	0.85
40	NiSource Inc.	NI	Gas Distrib	58.7%	41.3%		Mid-Cap	0.85
41	Northwest Natural	NWN	Gas Distrib	52.6%	47.4%		Low-Cap	0.80
42	ONE Gas Inc.	OGS	Gas Distrib	43.4%	56.6%	,	Mid-Cap	0.80
43	Southwest Gas	SWX	Gas Distrib	58.2%	41.8%	,	Mid-Cap	0.80
44	Spire Inc.	SR	Gas Distrib	55.3%	44.7%		Mid-Cap	0.80
45	UGI Corp.	UGI	Gas Distrib	59.7%	40.3%		Mid-Cap	1.10
46	ουι σοι ρ .	001	Odo Biotrib	00.1 70	10.070	7,010	wiid Oup	1.10
47						% Debt	% Equity	
48	Electric Average	No. Companies		Average Debt	Average Equity	Mid-point	Mid-point	Avg Beta
49	Small (Small-Cap and Micro Cap)	4		43.8%	56.2%	44.2%	55.8%	0.76
50	Large (Large-Cap and Mid-Cap)	26		58.4%	41.6%	59.2%	40.8%	0.73
51		20		JJ. 70	11.070	JJ.2 /0	10.070	0.70
52	All Utilities Average							
53	Small (Small-Cap and Micro Cap)	10		45.5%	54.5%	45.0%	55.0%	0.77
53 54	Large (Large-Cap and Mid-Cap)	35		57.1%	42.9%	45.0% 55.0%	45.0%	0.77
55	Large (Large-Oap and Mid-Oap)	33		J1.170	74.3/0	JJ.U /0	→ J.U /0	0.70
56								
00								
57	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.	Proforma		47.5%	52.5%			
· ·					02.070			

¹ Value Line Analyzer Data for Fiascal Years ending 12/31/2024

Exhibit TJB-3
Risk Study

Line <u>No.</u>	Operating Income EBIT (\$ in m	nillions) Symbol	<u>VL Industy</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	5-Year <u>Average</u>	Std <u>Dev.</u>	Co-efficient of variation of Operating Income (CVOI)
1	ALLETE	ALE	UTILCENT \$	160.1	\$ 238.1	\$ 204.6	\$ 151.3	\$ 150.9	\$ 179.8	\$ 181.0	38.87	0.2147
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	UTILCENT	886.0	943.0	928.0	795.0	740.0	777.7	858.40	87.75	0.1022
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	UTILCENT	6,042.4	5,226.8	3,682.8	3,411.3	2,987.7	2,716.3	4,270.20	1,302.24	0.3050
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	UTILCENT	1,516.0	1,558.0	1,515.0	1,333.0	1,300.0	1,267.0	1,444.40	118.61	0.0821
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	UTILWEST	424.0	260.5	201.8	228.2	232.7	210.4	269.44	88.86	0.3298
6	Black Hills	BKH	UTILWEST	503.1	455.3	409.4	428.3	406.0	397.0	440.42	40.12	0.0911
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	UTILCENT	1,487.0	1,235.0	1,224.0	1,146.0	1,362.0	1,239.0	1,290.80	134.26	0.1040
8	Consol. Edison	ED	UTILEAST	2,731.0	2,331.0	2,369.0	3,278.0	2,974.0	2,676.0	2,736.60	402.85	0.1472
9	DTE Energy	DTE	UTILCENT	2,205.0	2,721.0	2,200.0	1,495.0	1,986.0	1,707.0	2,121.40	442.55	0.2086
10	Duke Energy	DUK	UTILEAST	8,092.0	7,176.0	6,328.0	5,373.0	4,553.0	5,700.6	6,304.40	1,404.52	
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	UTILWEST	3,785.0	3,503.0	3,081.0	3,013.0	NA	2,384.0	3,345.50	364.46	
12	Entergy	ETR	UTILCENT	2,651.1	2,618.0	2,050.8	2,185.6	1,769.2	1,390.5	2,254.93	377.87	0.1676
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	UTILCENT	3,292.0	5,973.0	2,740.0	2,469.0	2,508.0	2,461.0	3,396.40	1,477.32	
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	UTILWEST	359.4	316.8	327.2	329.7	309.5	298.3	328.53	19.08	
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	UTILCENT	146.3	146.4	137.7	117.3	110.0	110.9	131.54	16.90	
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	UTILWEST	325.2	300.5	263.1	268.8	246.1	276.9	280.73	31.71	0.1129
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	UTILWEST	1,012.1	824.6	731.9	805.3	788.2	672.0	832.42	106.22	0.1276
18	Portland General	POR	UTILWEST	531.0	403.0	414.0	378.0	396.0	353.0	424.40	61.01	0.1438
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	UTILEAST	2,748.0	2,638.0	2,609.0	2,851.0	2,617.0	3,011.0	2,692.60	104.70	
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	UTILCENT	2,164.9	2,086.9	1,924.2	1,714.9	1,706.1	1,531.4	1,919.40	209.56	0.1092
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	UTILWEST	2,433.0	2,588.0	2,428.0	2,203.0	2,116.0	2,104.0	2,353.60	191.00	0.0812
22	Proxy Group											0.1581
23	Risk relative of UTILWEST to	OTHER utilitie	es									
				2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		Average	Std Dev.	Co-efficient of variation of Operating Income
24	Company			26.21	38.48	19.99	23.29	26.45		26.89	6.99	
25	Risk relative to the average r	isk of the prox	y group and OTH	ER								1.65

Line	Sales (\$ in millions)									5-Y	ear
No.	Company	Symbol	VL Industy	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	Α	verage
1	ALLETE	ALE	UTILCENT \$	1,530	\$ 1,880	\$ 1,571	\$ 1,419	\$ 1,169	\$ 1,241	\$	1,514
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	UTILCENT	3,981	4,027	4,205	3,669	3,416	3,648		3,860
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	UTILCENT	19,721	18,982	19,640	16,792	14,919	15,561		18,011
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	UTILCENT	7,623	7,500	7,957	6,394	5,794	5,910		7,054
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	UTILWEST	1,938	1,752	1,710	1,439	1,322	1,346		1,632
6	Black Hills	BKH	UTILWEST	2,128	2,552	1,949	1,697	1,735	1,754		2,012
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	UTILCENT	7,515	7,462	8,596	7,329	6,680	6,845		7,516
8	Consol. Edison	ED	UTILEAST	15,256	14,663	15,670	13,676	12,246	12,574		14,302
9	DTE Energy	DTE	UTILCENT	12,457	12,745	19,228	14,964	12,177	12,669		14,314
10	Duke Energy	DUK	UTILEAST	30,357	29,060	28,768	25,097	23,868	25,079		27,430
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	UTILWEST	17,599	16,338	17,220	14,905	13,578	12,347		15,928
12	Entergy	ETR	UTILCENT	11,880	12,147	13,764	11,743	10,114	10,879		11,930
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	UTILCENT	11,508	11,517	11,043	9,448	8,935	8,783		10,490
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	UTILWEST	1,827	1,766	1,644	1,458	1,351	1,346		1,609
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	UTILCENT	677	690	715	607	539	569		645
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	UTILWEST	1,514	1,422	1,478	1,372	1,199	1,258		1,397
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	UTILWEST	5,125	4,696	4,324	3,804	3,587	3,471		4,307
18	Portland General	POR	UTILWEST	3,440	2,923	2,647	2,396	2,145	2,123		2,710
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	UTILEAST	10,290	11,237	9,800	9,722	9,603	10,076		10,130
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	UTILCENT	8,600	8,893	9,597	8,316	7,242	7,523		8,530
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	UTILWEST	13,441	14,206	15,310	13,431	11,526	11,529		13,583
										5-	Year
				2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		Α	verage
22	Company			166.52	170.16	107.18	101.80	98.57			128.85

Line	Operating Margin (%)									5-Year	Std	Co-efficient of variation of Operating Margin
<u>No.</u>	<u>Company</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	VL Industy	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Average</u>	Dev.	(CVOM)
1	ALLETE	ALE	UTILCENT	10.47%	12.67%	13.03%	10.66%	12.91%	14.49%	11.95%	0.0127	0.1063
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	UTILCENT	22.26%	23.42%	22.07%	21.67%	21.66%	21.32%	22.21%	0.0072	0.0324
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	UTILCENT	30.64%	27.54%	18.75%	20.32%	20.03%	17.46%	23.45%	0.0529	0.2256
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	UTILCENT	19.89%	20.77%	19.04%	20.85%	22.44%	21.44%	20.60%	0.0127	0.0615
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	UTILWEST	21.88%	11.80%	15.86%	17.60%	15.64%	15.64%	16.56%	0.0365	0.2206
6	Black Hills	BKH	UTILWEST	23.65%	17.84%	21.01%	25.24%	23.40%	22.63%	22.23%	0.0288	0.1296
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	UTILCENT	19.79%	16.55%	14.24%	15.64%	20.39%	18.10%	17.32%	0.0267	0.1539
8	Consol. Edison	ED	UTILEAST	17.90%	15.90%	15.12%	23.97%	24.29%	21.28%	19.43%	0.0440	0.2266
9	DTE Energy	DTE	UTILCENT	17.70%	21.35%	11.44%	9.99%	16.31%	13.47%	15.36%	0.0465	0.3027
10	Duke Energy	DUK	UTILEAST	26.66%	24.69%	22.00%	21.41%	19.08%	22.73%	22.77%	0.0295	0.1297
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	UTILWEST	21.51%	21.44%	17.89%	20.21%	NA	19.31%	20.26%	0.0169	0.0834
12	Entergy	ETR	UTILCENT	22.32%	14.90%	18.61%	17.49%	12.78%	12.78%	17.22%	0.0364	0.2115
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	UTILCENT	28.61%	51.86%	24.81%	26.13%	28.07%	28.02%	31.90%	0.1126	0.3531
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	UTILWEST	19.68%	17.94%	19.90%	22.61%	22.92%	22.16%	20.61%	0.0211	0.1024
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	UTILCENT	21.61%	21.20%	19.28%	19.34%	20.42%	19.50%	20.37%	0.0106	0.0520
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	UTILWEST	21.48%	21.13%	17.80%	19.59%	20.53%	22.01%	20.11%	0.0147	0.0733
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	UTILWEST	19.75%	17.56%	16.93%	21.17%	21.97%	19.36%	19.48%	0.0220	0.1130
18	Portland General	POR	UTILWEST	15.44%	13.79%	15.64%	15.78%	18.46%	16.63%	15.82%	0.0168	0.1062
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	UTILEAST	26.71%	23.48%	26.62%	29.33%	27.25%	29.88%	26.68%	0.0210	0.0786
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	UTILCENT	25.17%	23.47%	20.05%	20.62%	23.56%	20.36%	22.57%	0.0216	0.0958
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	UTILWEST	18.10%	18.22%	15.86%	16.40%	18.36%	18.25%	17.39%	0.0117	0.0671
22	Proxy Group			21.48%	20.83%	18.38%	19.81%	20.52%		20.20%	0.0287	0.1393
23	Risk relative of UTILWEST	to OTHER utiliti	es									
												Co-efficient
											Std	of variation
				2024	2023	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020		<u>Average</u>	Dev.	of Operating Margin
24	Company			15.74%	22.61%	18.65%	22.88%	26.84%		21.34%	0.03	0.1567

25

Line	Return on Equity (ROE)										Std	Co-efficient of variation
<u>No.</u>	Company	Symbol	VL Industy	<u>2024</u>	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	<u>Average</u>	Dev.	of ROE (CVROE)
1	ALLETE	ALE	UTILCENT	6.3%	8.8%	7.0%	7.0%	7.6%	7.7%	7.3%	0.0093	0.1269
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	UTILCENT	9.9%	10.4%	10.9%	11.0%	10.8%	10.7%	10.6%	0.0048	0.0453
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	UTILCENT	11.0%	10.8%	9.7%	11.1%	10.7%	10.3%	10.6%	0.0057	0.0540
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	UTILCENT	9.8%	10.2%	10.2%	10.2%	9.7%	10.3%	10.0%	0.0024	0.0243
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	UTILWEST	6.9%	6.9%	6.6%	6.8%	6.4%	10.2%	6.7%	0.0023	0.0342
6	Black Hills	BKH	UTILWEST	7.8%	8.6%	8.5%	9.1%	9.1%	8.8%	8.6%	0.0053	0.0615
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	UTILCENT	12.4%	12.0%	12.1%	11.6%	13.7%	13.6%	12.4%	0.0081	0.0654
8	Consol. Edison	ED	UTILEAST	8.5%	8.3%	7.8%	7.6%	7.4%	8.0%	7.9%	0.0046	0.0580
9	DTE Energy	DTE	UTILCENT	12.0%	12.6%	10.4%	9.1%	11.0%	10.0%	11.0%	0.0137	0.1238
10	Duke Energy	DUK	UTILEAST	9.3%	9.1%	8.6%	8.5%	8.2%	8.3%	8.7%	0.0044	0.0506
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	UTILWEST	13.7%	13.1%	12.9%	12.5%	12.0%	12.0%	12.8%	0.0063	0.0493
12	Entergy	ETR	UTILCENT	6.9%	16.0%	8.4%	11.9%	12.7%	12.1%	11.2%	0.0362	0.3242
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	UTILCENT	8.4%	7.6%	6.9%	7.0%	7.1%	6.9%	7.4%	0.0065	0.0884
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	UTILWEST	8.7%	9.0%	9.2%	9.2%	9.3%	9.4%	9.1%	0.0025	0.0271
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	UTILCENT	9.8% 7.0%	10.3%	10.3%	10.3%	9.5%	10.2%	10.0%	0.0038	0.0378
16	Northwestern Corp.		NWE UTILWEST		7.0%	7.0%	7.8%	7.8%	8.8%	7.3%	0.0044	0.0605
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	UTILWEST	9.0%	8.1%	8.0%	10.5%	9.8%	9.9%	9.1%	0.0106	0.1173
18	Portland General	POR	UTILWEST	8.6%	7.0%	8.8%	9.0%	9.5%	8.3%	8.6%	0.0093	0.1080
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	UTILEAST	11.4%	11.3%	12.7%	12.8%	10.9%	11.0%	11.8%	0.0088	0.0744
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	UTILCENT	12.3%	11.4%	12.4%	11.9%	11.5%	11.2%	11.9%	0.0047	0.0397
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	UTILWEST	10.1%	10.5%	10.4%	10.2%	10.1%	10.4%	10.3%	0.0019	0.0181
22	Proxy Group			9.5%	9.9%	9.5%	9.8%	9.7%	9.9%	9.7%	0.0074	0.0757
23	Risk relative of UTILWEST t	o OTHER utiliti	es									
24	Company			2024 1.3%	2023 9.3%	<u>2022</u> 7.1%	2021 9.5%	2020 13.2%		5-Year <u>Average</u> 8.08%	Std <u>Dev.</u> 0.04	Co-efficient of variation <u>of ROE</u> 0.5441
25	Risk relative to the average	risk of the prox	y group and OTH	IER								7.19

Operating Leverage = Percent Change in Operating Income/Percent Change in Sales (also a measure of business risk)

	(also a measure of business	risk)	ercent Change in	Jaies				5-Year
Line			2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	<u>Average</u>
No.	Company	<u>Symbol</u>						
1	ALLETE	ALE	1.76	0.83	3.30	0.01	2.79	1.74
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	5.29	0.38	1.15	1.00	0.76	1.72
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	4.01	12.53	0.47	1.13	2.42	4.11
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	1.64	0.49	0.56	0.25	1.33	0.85
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	5.90	12.01	0.61	0.22	6.01	4.95
6	Black Hills	BKH	0.63	0.36	0.30	2.51	2.05	1.17
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	28.73	0.07	0.39	1.63	4.12	6.99
8	Consol. Edison	ED	4.24	0.25	1.90	0.88	4.27	2.31
9	DTE Energy	DTE	8.39	0.70	1.65	1.08	4.21	3.21
10	Duke Energy	DUK	2.86	13.20	1.22	3.50	4.17	4.99
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	1.04	2.67	0.15	NA	NA	1.29
12	Entergy	ETR	0.57	2.35	0.36	1.46	3.87	1.72
13	Fortis, Inc.	FTS	574.38	27.49	0.65	0.27	1.10	120.78
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	3.94	0.42	0.06	0.82	11.62	3.37
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	0.05	1.86	0.98	0.53	0.16	0.71
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	1.28	3.77	0.28	0.64	2.36	1.66
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	2.49	1.47	0.67	0.36	5.18	2.03
18	Portland General	POR	1.80	0.25	0.91	0.39	11.75	3.02
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	0.49	0.08	10.58	7.22	2.79	4.23
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	1.13	1.15	0.79	0.03	3.05	1.23
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.11	0.91	0.73	0.25	21.92	4.98
00	A		24.04	0.07	4.00	4.04	4.00	0.40
22	Average		31.04	3.97	1.32	1.21	4.80	8.43
			2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	<u>Average</u>
23	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Co	rp.	14.92	1.57	2.69	3.64	5.10	5.58
24	Risk relative to the average	risk of the proxy group						0.66

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Comparative Risk Study Beta Estimate Using Duff and Phelps Risk Study Portfolio Information

Line <u>No.</u>	A. Beta Estimates for Proxy Group and Company`							
1	Company	Portfolio 21	Operating Margin ¹ 21.34%	Portfolio 11	CV (Operating Margin) ¹ 15.67%	Portfolio 15	CV (ROE) ¹ 54.41%	
2	Proxy Group	21	20.20%	10	13.93%	1	7.57%	
			Portfolio Sum Beta ²		Portfolio Sum Beta ³		Portfolio Sum Beta ⁴	<u>Average</u>
3	Company		0.95		1.09		1.16	
4	Proxy Group		0.97		1.08		0.82	
5	Percentage Difference		-1.9%		1.4%		40.3%	13.2%
	B. Assume percentage difference is the same for ele	ectric utilities	s as companies in genera	<u>al</u>				
6	Proxy Group ⁵		Value Line Beta 0.75		<u>Sum Beta</u> 0.71			
7	Implied Beta for Company ⁶		0.85		0.80			

Notes:

¹ CV stands for Coefficient of Variation,

² Source is Kroll, 2023 Supplementary Risk Study, Companies Ranked by Operating Margin.

³ Source is Kroll 2023, Supplementary Risk Study, Companies Ranked by CV (Operating Margin).

⁴ Source is Kroll 2023, Supplementrary Risk Study, Companies Ranked by CV (Operating Margin).

⁵ Source is Table 2.

⁶ Calculated by multiplying (1+ percentage difference in risk study betas) times average beta for the proxy group.

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)

Exhibit TJB-3 Page 7 of 7

CAPM

Witness: Bourassa

Line											Results From	
No.		Rf ¹	+ ((beta ²	Х	RP_{M}^{4})			=	<u>k</u>	Table 11	<u>Difference</u>
1	Traditional CAPM	4.4%	+ (0.85	Χ	6.57%)			=	10.0%	9.3%	0.7%
2												
3		Rf ¹		$RP_{M}^{4}x.25$	+ ((beta ²	Х	$\frac{RP_{M}^{3}}{}$) x .75				
4	Empirical CAPM	4.4%	+	6.57% x	.25 + (0.85	Х	6.57%) x .75	=	10.2%	9.7%	0.5%
5		4		2				_				
6		Rf ¹	+ (<u>beta³</u>	Х	RP_{M}^{4})	+	RP_s^5				
7	Modified CAPM	4.4%	+ (0.80	Х	5.95%)	+	1.59%	=	10.8%	10.2%	0.6%
8												
9	_											
10	Average									10.3%	9.7%	0.6%
4.4												0.70/
11	High											0.7%
12	Low											0.5%

Notes:

³ Estimate of Market Risk Premium (MRP):

Historical MRP (1926-2024)	7.31%	Source is Kroll 2025 CRSP Decile Size Study - Supplementary Exhibits.
Current MRP	5.84%	Source is Table 10
Average MRP	6.57%	
⁴ Estimate of Market Risk Premium (MRP):		
Historical MRP (1963-2024)	6.07%	Source is Kroll 2025 CRSP Decile Size Study - Supplementary Exhibits.
Current MRP	5.84%	Source is Table 10
Average MRP	5.95%	

Average MRP 5.95%

⁵ Size Premium. Sources Exhibit TJB-COC-DT2, page 1.

¹ Forecasts of long-term treasury yields. Source Table 7.

² Average VL Beta of Water Proxy Group. Source is Table 2.

Exhibit TJB-4
Size Study

			Measures of size												
									(1	Millions)					
Line				MV		Book			5	Yr Avg.		Total	Ę	5 Yr Avg.	
No.	<u>Company</u>	Symbol		Equity ¹		Equity ¹		MVIC ¹	Net	Income ¹		Assets ¹	į	EBITDA ¹	Sales
1	ALLETE	ALE	\$	3,757	\$	2,810	\$	5,437	\$	192	\$	6,656	\$	426	\$ 1,880
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	\$	15,608	\$	7,005	\$	24,285	\$	675	\$	22,714	\$	1,537	\$ 4,027
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	\$	55,141	\$	26,981	\$	94,449	\$	2,537	\$	103,078	\$	7,417	\$ 18,982
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	\$	25,808	\$	11,350	\$	40,929	\$	1,056	\$	40,830	\$	2,848	\$ 7,500
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	\$	3,069	\$	2,590	\$	5,770	\$	157	\$	7,941	\$	521	\$ 1,752
6	Black Hills	BKH	\$	4,095	\$	3,216	\$	7,897	\$	243	\$	9,620	\$	685	\$ 2,552
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	\$	20,844	\$	8,005	\$	36,150	\$	846	\$	35,920	\$	2,432	\$ 7,462
8	Consol. Edison	ED	\$	35,971	\$	21,964	\$	60,622	\$	1,635	\$	70,562	\$	4,775	\$ 14,663
9	DTE Energy	DTE	\$	27,118	\$	11,053	\$	44,538	\$	1,210	\$	44,755	\$	3,702	\$ 12,745
10	Duke Energy	DUK	\$	90,956	\$	49,152	\$	167,296	\$	4,246	\$	186,343	\$	12,203	\$ 29,060
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	\$	20,223	\$	13,922	\$	53,757	\$	1,980	\$	85,579	\$	5,711	\$ 16,338
12	Entergy	ETR	\$	35,031	\$	15,083	\$	61,644	\$	1,465	\$	64,790	\$	4,531	\$ 12,147
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	\$	31,379	\$	19,884	\$	58,953	\$	1,443	\$	65,920	\$	5,032	\$ 11,517
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	\$	6,221	\$	3,333	\$	9,275	\$	259	\$	9,239	\$	520	\$ 1,766
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	\$	3,260	\$	1,230	\$	4,024	\$	110	\$	2,828	\$	221	\$ 690
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	\$	3,188	\$	2,857	\$	5,886	\$	13	\$	7,998	\$	35	\$ 1,422
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	\$	10,766		-,	\$	18,825	\$	553	\$	26,103	\$	1,639	\$ 4,696
18	Portland General	POR	\$	4,460	\$	3,793	\$	9,090	\$	259	\$	12,544	\$	870	\$ 2,923
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	\$	40,529		16,115	\$	59,493	\$	1,783	\$	54,640	\$	4,063	\$ 11,237
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	\$	33,110	\$	12,397	\$	50,592	\$	1,355	\$	47,363	\$	3,078	\$ 8,893
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	\$	38,952	\$	19,524	\$	66,268	\$	1,725	\$	70,035	\$	4,821	\$ 14,206
	Proxy Group Average		\$	24,261	\$	12,334	\$	42,151	\$	1,131	\$	46,450	\$	3,194	\$ 8,879
22	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.			N/A	\$	416.9		N/A	\$	23.1	\$	995.4	\$	43.9	\$ 166.5

¹ From Value Line Analyzer

Line	Net Income Data (\$ millions)							5-Year
No.	Company	Symbol	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	<u>Average</u>
1	ALLETE	ALE	\$ 179.3	\$ 247.1	\$ 189.3	\$ 169.2	\$ 174.2	\$ 191.8
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	\$ 690.0	\$ 703.0	\$ 686.0	\$ 674.0	\$ 624.0	\$ 675.4
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	\$ 2,967.1	\$ 2,724.5	\$ 2,307.2	\$ 2,488.1	\$ 2,200.1	\$ 2,537.4
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	\$ 1,182.0	\$ 1,152.0	\$ 1,074.0	\$ 995.0	\$ 877.0	\$ 1,056.0
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	\$ 180.0	\$ 171.2	\$ 155.2	\$ 147.3	\$ 129.5	\$ 156.6
6	Black Hills	BKH	\$ 273.1	\$ 258.4	\$ 236.7	\$ 232.9	\$ 214.5	\$ 243.1
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	\$ 1,003.0	\$ 886.0	\$ 833.0	\$ 751.0	\$ 757.0	\$ 846.0
8	Consol. Edison	ED	\$ 1,868.0	\$ 1,762.0	\$ 1,620.0	\$ 1,528.0	\$ 1,399.0	\$ 1,635.4
9	DTE Energy	DTE	\$ 1,404.0	\$ 1,397.0	\$ 1,083.0	\$ 796.0	\$ 1,368.0	\$ 1,209.6
10	Duke Energy	DUK	\$ 4,664.0	\$ 4,391.0	\$ 4,166.0	\$ 4,133.0	\$ 3,878.0	\$ 4,246.4
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	\$ 2,162.0	\$ 2,035.0	\$ 1,977.0	\$ 1,907.0	\$ 1,818.0	\$ 1,979.8
12	Entergy	ETR	\$ 1,055.6	\$ 2,356.5	\$ 1,103.2	\$ 1,402.8	\$ 1,406.7	\$ 1,465.0
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	\$ 1,680.0	\$ 1,573.0	\$ 1,394.0	\$ 1,294.0	\$ 1,274.0	\$ 1,443.0
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	\$ 289.2	\$ 261.2	\$ 259.0	\$ 245.6	\$ 237.4	\$ 258.5
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	\$ 120.6	\$ 117.7	\$ 111.0	\$ 105.8	\$ 92.4	\$ 109.5
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	\$ 13.3	\$ 13.7	\$ 12.6	\$ 13.2	\$ 13.6	\$ 13.3
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	\$ 608.8	\$ 501.6	\$ 483.6	\$ 618.7	\$ 550.6	\$ 552.7
18	Portland General	POR	\$ 327.0	\$ 233.0	\$ 245.0	\$ 244.0	\$ 247.0	\$ 259.2
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	\$ 1,839.0	\$ 1,742.0	\$ 1,739.0	\$ 1,853.0	\$ 1,741.0	\$ 1,782.8
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	\$ 1,528.4	\$ 1,332.9	\$ 1,409.3	\$ 1,301.5	\$ 1,201.1	\$ 1,354.6
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	\$ 1,969.0	\$ 1,851.0	\$ 1,736.0	\$ 1,597.0	\$ 1,473.0	\$ 1,725.2
22	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.		\$ 5.3	\$ 34.4	\$ 23.4	\$ 29.3	\$ 36.8	\$ 23.1

Net Income data for publicly traded water utilities from Value Line, Zacks Investment Research, 10K, and/or Yahoo Finance

Line	EBITDA Data (\$ millions)												5-Year
No.	Company	Symbol		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020	<u>Average</u>
1	ALLETE	ALE	\$	432	\$	497	\$	447	\$	383	\$	369	\$ 426
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	\$	1,658	\$	1,619	\$	1,599	\$	1,452	\$	1,355	\$ 1,537
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	\$	9,435	\$	8,414	\$	6,886	\$	6,458	\$	5,895	\$ 7,417
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	\$	3,106	\$	3,074	\$	2,953	\$	2,633	\$	2,475	\$ 2,848
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	\$	698	\$	529	\$	457	\$	463	\$	460	\$ 521
6	Black Hills	BKH	\$	773	\$	716	\$	652	\$	661	\$	623	\$ 685
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	\$	2,727	\$	2,415	\$	2,350	\$	2,260	\$	2,410	\$ 2,432
8	Consol. Edison	ED	\$	4,886	\$	4,362	\$	4,425	\$	5,310	\$	4,894	\$ 4,775
9	DTE Energy	DTE	\$	3,937	\$	4,386	\$	3,710	\$	3,012	\$	3,466	\$ 3,702
10	Duke Energy	DUK	\$	14,511	\$	13,260	\$	12,171	\$	11,036	\$	10,039	\$ 12,203
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	\$	6,724	\$	6,224	\$	5,714	\$	5,301	\$	4,594	\$ 5,711
12	Entergy	ETR	\$	5,095	\$	4,862	\$	4,241	\$	4,429	\$	4,027	\$ 4,531
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	\$	5,219	\$	7,746	\$	4,408	\$	3,974	\$	3,811	\$ 5,032
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	\$	588	\$	517	\$	501	\$	509	\$	485	\$ 520
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	\$	255	\$	247	\$	223	\$	194	\$	184	\$ 221
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	\$	37	\$	36	\$	31	\$	34	\$	36	\$ 35
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	\$	1,968	\$	1,679	\$	1,550	\$	1,524	\$	1,474	\$ 1,639
18	Portland General	POR	\$	1,027	\$	861	\$	831	\$	782	\$	850	\$ 870
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	\$	4,121	\$	3,962	\$	3,892	\$	4,254	\$	4,086	\$ 4,063
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	\$	3,519	\$	3,351	\$	3,047	\$	2,789	\$	2,682	\$ 3,078
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	\$	5,308	\$	5,155	\$	4,982	\$	4,460	\$	4,198	\$ 4,821
00			•	47.0	•	50.0	•		•	00.4	•	10.5	40.0
22	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.		\$	47.3	\$	56.8	\$	36.0	\$	39.1	\$	40.5	\$ 43.9

Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA). From Value Line Analyzer.

Risk Premium- Size (RP_s) Estimates Data Smoothing with Regression Analysis Smoothed Premium (RP_s) = Constant + X Coefficients * Log(Relevent Metric)

Exhibit TJB-6 Size Premium Page 4 of 9

Line			MV Equity	Book Equity	MVIC	5 Yr Avg. Net Income	Total Assets	5 Yr Avg. EBITDA	Sales	
No.			(Table B-1) ¹	(Table B-2) ¹	(Table B-4) ¹	(Table B-3)1	(Table B-5)1	(Table B-6)1	(Table B-7)	
1 2	Constant		9.046%	6.458%	8.770%	5.617%	7.975%	6.323%	7.251%	
3	X Coefficient(s)		-1.746%	-1.153%	-1.614%	-1.201%	-1.429%	-1.266%	-1.209%	
4										
5						RP _s (levered)				
6		0 1 1	MV	Book		5 Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.	0.1	
7	Company	Symbol	Equity	Equity	MVIC	Net Income	Assets	EBITDA	Sales	Avera
8	ALLETE	ALE	2.81%	2.48%	2.74%	2.87%	2.51%	3.00%	3.29%	2.81
9	Alliant Energy	LNT	1.73%	2.02%	1.69%	2.22%	1.75%	2.29%	2.89%	2.08
10	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	0.77%	1.35%	0.74%	1.53%	0.81%	1.42%	2.08%	1.24
11	Ameren Corp.	AEE	1.34%	1.78%	1.33%	1.99%	1.39%	1.95%	2.56%	1.76
12	Avista Corp.	AVA	2.96%	2.52%	2.70%	2.98%	2.40%	2.88%	3.33%	2.83
13	Black Hills	BKH	2.74%	2.41%	2.48%	2.75%	2.28%	2.73%	3.13%	2.65
14	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	1.51%	1.96%	1.41%	2.10%	1.47%	2.04%	2.57%	1.86
15	Consol. Edison	ED	1.09%	1.45%	1.05%	1.76%	1.05%	1.67%	2.21%	1.47
16	DTE Energy	DTE	1.31%	1.80%	1.27%	1.91%	1.33%	1.81%	2.29%	1.67
17	Duke Energy	DUK	0.39%	1.05%	0.34%	1.26%	0.44%	1.15%	1.85%	0.93
18	Edison Int'l	EIX	1.53%	1.68%	1.14%	1.66%	0.93%	1.57%	2.16%	1.52
19	Entergy	ETR	1.11%	1.64%	1.04%	1.81%	1.10%	1.70%	2.31%	1.53
20	Fortis Inc.	FTS	1.20%	1.50%	1.07%	1.82%	1.09%	1.64%	2.34%	1.52
21	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	2.42%	2.40%	2.37%	2.72%	2.31%	2.89%	3.32%	2.63
22	MGE Energy	MGEE	2.91%	2.90%	2.95%	3.17%	3.04%	3.36%	3.82%	3.16
23	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	2.93%	2.47%	2.69%	4.27%	2.40%	4.37%	3.44%	3.22
24	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	2.01%	2.04%	1.87%	2.32%	1.66%	2.25%	2.81%	2.14
25	Portland General	POR	2.67%	2.33%	2.38%	2.72%	2.12%	2.60%	3.06%	2.56
26	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	1.00%	1.61%	1.06%	1.71%	1.21%	1.76%	2.35%	1.53
27	WEC Energy Group	WEC	1.16%	1.74%	1.18%	1.86%	1.29%	1.91%	2.48%	1.669
28	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.03%	1.51%	0.99%	1.73%	1.05%	1.66%	2.23%	1.46
28	Average		1.74%	1.94%	1.64%	2.25%	1.60%	2.22%	2.69%	2.01
29	Comparative Risk Study Risk Pre	emium Adjustment (see Comp	arative Risk Study A	djustment to Si	ze Premium)					-0.42
30	Proxy Group Adjusted Risk Prem	ium - Size (RP _S).								1.59
31	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.		N/A	3.44%	N/A	3.98%	3.69%	4.24%	4.56%	3.98
32	Comparative Risk Study Risk Pre	, , ,	arative Risk Study A	djustment to Si	ze Premium)				_	-0.21
33	Adjusted Risk Premium - Size (R	P _s)								3.77
34	Difference in Adjusted Risk Prem	nium Between Proxy Group ar	nd Company							2.18

¹ Source: *Kroll* 2023 Supplementary Data Exhibits (Regression Equations)

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.

Comparative Risk Study - Adjustment to Size Premium

Based on Kroll 2023 Size Risk Premium Study Data

Step 1 - Identify the equivalent C exhibit for the B exhibits used to compute the size premium.

Step 2 - Indentify the fundamental risk characteristics of the companies of the equivalent portfolio in

Step 3 - Indentify the guideline portfolio in the D exhibit which has the most similar fundamental risk characteristic found in Step 2 and find the smoothed average risk premium.

Step 4 - Indentify the guideline portfolio in the D exhibit which has the most similar fundamental risk characteristic to the Company and find the smoothed average risk premium.

Step 5 - The diffence in smoothed average risk premiums is the maxmium indicated risk adjustment.

The range of adjustments may be 0 or at the maximum depending on the circumstances.

Measures of size

						(Ν	/lillions)			
Line			MV	Book		5	Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.	
No.	Company	Symbol	Equity ¹	Equity ¹	MVIC ¹	Ne	t Income ¹	Assets ¹	EBITDA ¹	Sales
1	ALLETE	ALE	\$ 3,757	\$ 2,810	\$ 5,437	\$	192	\$ 6,656	\$ 426	\$ 1,880
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	\$ 15,608	\$ 7,005	\$ 24,285	\$	675	\$ 22,714	\$ 1,537	\$ 4,027
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	\$ 55,141	\$ 26,981	\$ 94,449	\$	2,537	\$ 103,078	\$ 7,417	\$ 18,982
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	\$ 25,808	\$ 11,350	\$ 40,929	\$	1,056	\$ 40,830	\$ 2,848	\$ 7,500
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	\$ 3,069	\$ 2,590	\$ 5,770	\$	157	\$ 7,941	\$ 521	\$ 1,752
6	Black Hills	BKH	\$ 4,095	\$ 3,216	\$ 7,897	\$	243	\$ 9,620	\$ 685	\$ 2,552
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	\$ 20,844	\$ 8,005	\$ 36,150	\$	846	\$ 35,920	\$ 2,432	\$ 7,462
8	Consol. Edison	ED	\$ 35,971	\$ 21,964	\$ 60,622	\$	1,635	\$ 70,562	\$ 4,775	\$ 14,663
9	DTE Energy	DTE	\$ 27,118	\$ 11,053	\$ 44,538	\$	1,210	\$ 44,755	\$ 3,702	\$ 12,745
10	Duke Energy	DUK	\$ 90,956	\$ 49,152	\$ 167,296	\$	4,246	\$ 186,343	\$ 12,203	\$ 29,060
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	\$ 20,223	\$ 13,922	\$ 53,757	\$	1,980	\$ 85,579	\$ 5,711	\$ 16,338
12	Entergy	ETR	\$ 35,031	\$ 15,083	\$ 61,644	\$	1,465	\$ 64,790	\$ 4,531	\$ 12,147
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	\$ 31,379	\$ 19,884	\$ 58,953	\$	1,443	\$ 65,920	\$ 5,032	\$ 11,517
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	\$ 6,221	\$ 3,333	\$ 9,275	\$	259	\$ 9,239	\$ 520	\$ 1,766
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	\$ 3,260	\$ 1,230	\$ 4,024	\$	110	\$ 2,828	\$ 221	\$ 690
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	\$ 3,188	\$ 2,857	\$ 5,886	\$	13	\$ 7,998	\$ 35	\$ 1,422
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	\$ 10,766	\$ 6,754	\$ 18,825	\$	553	\$ 26,103	\$ 1,639	\$ 4,696
18	Portland General	POR	\$ 4,460	\$ 3,793	\$ 9,090	\$	259	\$ 12,544	\$ 870	\$ 2,923
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	\$ 40,529	\$ 16,115	\$ 59,493	\$	1,783	\$ 54,640	\$ 4,063	\$ 11,237
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	\$ 33,110	\$ 12,397	\$ 50,592	\$	1,355	\$ 47,363	\$ 3,078	\$ 8,893
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	\$ 38,952	\$ 19,524	\$ 66,268	\$	1,725	\$ 70,035	\$ 4,821	\$ 14,206

¹ From Value Line Analyzer

Adjustment to Size Premium Page 5 of 9

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Comparative Risk Study - Adjustment to Size Premium Based on *Kroll* 2023 Size Risk Premium Study Data

Adjustment to Size Premium Page 6 of 9

Equivalent C Exhibit Portfolio Operating Margin

	Equivalent C Exhibit Portfolio	Operating Margin								
			MV	Book		5 Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.		
Line			Equity	Equity	MVIC	Net Income	Assets	EBITDA	Sales	
No.	<u>Company</u>	Symbol	(Table C-1)	(Table C-2)	(Table C-4)	(Table C-3)	(Table C-5)	(Table C-6)	(Table C-7)	
1	ALLETE	ALE	9.90%	11.19%	9.87%	10.82%	10.46%	10.23%	9.65%	
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	12.29%	12.23%	12.56%	12.32%	11.99%	12.11%	10.28%	
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	13.98%	12.93%	14.07%	13.42%	13.30%	13.19%	11.32%	
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	13.26%	12.54%	13.14%	13.45%	12.41%	12.64%	9.95%	
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	9.37%	11.12%	10.09%	10.51%	11.02%	10.42%	9.64%	
6	Black Hills	BKH	10.06%	11.50%	10.57%	10.77%	11.50%	10.72%	9.75%	
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	13.06%	12.32%	13.12%	12.81%	12.50%	12.65%	9.73%	
8	Consol. Edison	ED	13.38%	12.71%	13.27%	13.03%	12.77%	12.81%	10.17%	
9	DTE Energy	DTE	13.28%	12.50%	13.14%	13.23%	12.45%	12.67%	10.19%	
10	Duke Energy	DUK	14.44%	13.89%	14.64%	13.79%	14.15%	13.72%	9.94%	
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	12.93%	12.90%	13.19%	13.10%	13.01%	12.95%	10.03%	
12	Entergy	ETR	13.37%	12.86%	13.29%	13.06%	12.67%	12.77%	10.34%	
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	13.33%	12.69%	13.25%	13.07%	12.69%	12.85%	9.99%	
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	10.82%	11.64%	10.68%	10.79%	11.55%	10.42%	8.85%	
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	9.56%	9.47%	9.27%	9.66%	9.58%	9.16%	8.77%	
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	9.49%	11.22%	10.17%	5.86%	11.04%	6.63%	8.77%	
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	11.78%	12.21%	12.15%	12.32%	12.33%	12.36%	9.64%	
18	Portland General	POR	10.18%	11.87%	10.65%	10.79%	11.58%	11.32%	9.16%	
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	13.49%	12.82%	13.26%	13.00%	12.55%	12.71%	10.29%	
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	13.35%	12.69%	13.15%	13.08%	12.48%	12.62%	9.93%	
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	13.43%	12.70%	13.34%	13.01%	12.76%	12.81%	10.14%	
22	Proxy Group Average		12.13%	12.19%	12.23%	11.99%	12.13%	11.80%	9.84%	11.76%
23	Equivalent C Exhbit Smoothe	ed Average Risk Premii	ım based upon O	M						10 46%

Equivalent C Exhbit Smoothed Average Risk Premium based upon OM

10.46%

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Comparative Risk Study - Adjustment to Size Premium Based on *Kroll* 2023 Size Risk Premium Study Data

Adjustment to Size Premium Page 7 of 9

Equivalent C Exhibit Portfolio CV(Operating Margin)

			MV	Book		5 Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.		
Line			Equity	Equity	MVIC	Net Income	Assets	EBITDA	Sales	
No.	Company	Symbol	(Table C-1)	(Table C-2)	(Table C-4)	(Table C-3)	(Table C-5)	(Table C-6)	(Table C-7)	
1	ALLETE	ALE	19.88%	15.14%	19.82%	17.48%	16.81%	17.98%	21.83%	
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	14.12%	14.82%	13.44%	13.78%	14.49%	14.72%	17.18%	
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	12.15%	12.95%	11.84%	12.08%	12.75%	11.77%	14.30%	
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	13.56%	13.84%	13.71%	12.76%	12.04%	13.69%	15.62%	
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	21.96%	15.57%	19.21%	18.14%	15.82%	17.65%	22.08%	
6	Black Hills	BKH	19.34%	14.22%	17.15%	16.33%	15.62%	16.08%	19.78%	
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	13.71%	14.40%	14.04%	13.43%	12.54%	14.17%	19.93%	
8	Consol. Edison	ED	13.63%	12.95%	12.62%	12.57%	12.44%	12.52%	16.86%	
9	DTE Energy	DTE	13.50%	13.91%	13.31%	12.81%	12.10%	12.94%	17.74%	
10	Duke Energy	DUK	11.49%	12.94%	11.69%	11.74%	13.13%	11.88%	15.57%	
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	13.68%	13.29%	12.74%	12.35%	12.58%	12.18%	16.90%	
12	Entergy	ETR	13.60%	12.99%	12.65%	12.73%	12.39%	12.43%	17.13%	
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	13.51%	12.99%	12.65%	12.73%	12.39%	12.43%	17.13%	
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	17.63%	14.17%	16.82%	16.08%	15.51%	17.68%	37.95%	
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	21.22%	19.50%	21.67%	20.22%	20.03%	22.03%	42.98%	
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	21.50%	14.99%	19.00%	53.80%	15.81%	47.22%	42.98%	
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	14.91%	14.94%	14.55%	14.35%	13.92%	14.40%	22.29%	
18	Portland General	POR	19.33%	14.65%	16.85%	16.06%	15.44%	15.30%	28.15%	
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	13.47%	13.18%	12.64%	12.45%	12.25%	12.80%	17.12%	
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	13.56%	13.61%	12.80%	12.81%	12.14%	13.36%	19.05%	
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	13.63%	13.01%	12.52%	12.50%	12.43%	12.51%	16.91%	
22	Proxy Group Average		15.68%	14.19%	14.84%	16.06%	13.93%	15.99%	21.88%	16.08%

Equivalent C Exhbit Smoothed Average Risk Premium based upon CV (OM)

9.86%

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp. Comparative Risk Study - Adjustment to Size Premium Based on *Kroll* 2023 Size Risk Premium Study Data

Adjustment to Size Premium Page 8 of 9

Equivalent C Exhibit Portfolio CV(ROE)

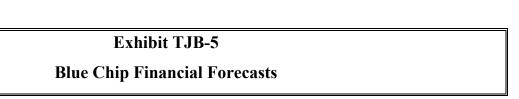
	Equivalent C Exhibit Portfolio	CV(ROE)								
			MV	Book		5 Yr Avg.	Total	5 Yr Avg.		
Line			Equity	Equity	MVIC	Net Income	Assets	EBITDA	Sales	
No.	<u>Company</u>	Symbol	(Table C-1)	(Table C-2)	(Table C-4)	(Table C-3)	(Table C-5)	(Table C-6)	(Table C-7)	
1	ALLETE	ALE	32.46%	26.15%	33.07%	29.04%	28.74%	31.01%	36.17%	
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	25.05%	28.17%	25.40%	25.25%	30.04%	26.75%	29.78%	
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	23.63%	25.44%	24.36%	22.85%	26.19%	24.70%	28.00%	
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	24.61%	26.84%	25.62%	23.16%	25.71%	27.09%	27.91%	
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	35.68%	27.13%	32.15%	30.54%	27.83%	30.48%	36.44%	
6	Black Hills	BKH	31.20%	24.92%	28.65%	26.62%	27.55%	26.25%	35.30%	
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	24.84%	27.88%	25.76%	24.52%	26.35%	26.29%	35.95%	
8	Consol. Edison	ED	24.73%	25.62%	25.31%	23.65%	25.26%	25.46%	28.94%	
9	DTE Energy	DTE	24.56%	26.87%	25.40%	23.83%	25.58%	26.93%	30.36%	
10	Duke Energy	DUK	22.77%	24.68%	24.15%	22.28%	27.23%	24.64%	28.36%	
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	24.91%	26.58%	25.20%	23.22%	25.69%	25.12%	28.86%	
12	Entergy	ETR	24.70%	26.43%	25.32%	23.96%	25.09%	25.54%	28.72%	
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	24.59%	25.78%	25.28%	24.00%	25.13%	25.36%	29.17%	
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	28.20%	25.22%	29.00%	26.37%	27.01%	30.56%	53.96%	
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	34.75%	34.22%	35.79%	32.09%	33.23%	35.28%	58.55%	
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	34.75%	34.22%	35.79%	32.09%	33.23%	35.28%	58.55%	
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	26.42%	28.23%	26.36%	25.62%	28.65%	26.84%	36.79%	
18	Portland General	POR	31.96%	26.25%	29.06%	26.35%	29.03%	28.74%	44.23%	
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	24.64%	26.29%	25.29%	23.38%	25.24%	26.24%	29.67%	
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	24.64%	26.74%	25.15%	24.16%	25.49%	27.54%	32.39%	
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	24.76%	25.83%	25.39%	23.49%	25.24%	25.44%	28.98%	
22	Proxy Group Average		27.33%	27.12%	27.50%	25.55%	27.31%	27.69%	35.58%	28.30%

23 Equivalent C Exhbit Smoothed Average Risk Premium based upon CV (ROE)

9.76%

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.
Comparative Risk Study - Adjustment to Size Premium
Based on Kroll 2023 Size Risk Premium Study Data
Estimate of Risk Premium Adjustment

Line			5	-Year Historical		
No.	Company	Symbol	ОМ	CV (OM)	CV(ROE)	
1	ALLETE	ALE	11.95%	10.63%	12.69%	
2	Alliant Energy	LNT	22.21%	3.24%	4.53%	
3	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	23.45%	22.56%	5.40%	
4	Ameren Corp.	AEE	20.60%	6.15%	2.43%	
5	Avista Corp.	AVA	16.56%	22.06%	3.42%	
6	Black Hills	BKH	22.23%	12.96%	6.15%	
7	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	17.32%	15.39%	6.54%	
8	Consol. Edison	ED	19.43%	22.66%	5.80%	
9	DTE Energy	DTE	15.36%	30.27%	12.38%	
10	Duke Energy	DUK	22.77%	12.97%	5.06%	
11	Edison Int'l	EIX	20.26%	8.34%	4.93%	
12	Entergy	ETR	17.22%	21.15%	32.42%	
13	Fortis Inc.	FTS	31.90%	35.31%	8.84%	
14	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	20.61%	10.24%	2.71%	
15	MGE Energy	MGEE	20.37%	5.20%	3.78%	
16	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	20.11%	7.33%	6.05%	
17	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	19.48%	11.30%	11.73%	
18	Portland General	POR	15.82%	10.62%	10.80%	
19	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	26.68%	7.86%	7.44%	
20	WEC Energy Group	WEC	22.57%	9.58%	3.97%	
21	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	17.39%	6.71%	1.81%	
22	Proxy Group Average		20.20%	13.93%	7.57%	
	Proxy Group Risk Differences					A
23	Smoothed Average Risk Premium	From Equivalent Γ	8.94%	9.72%	8.89%	<u>Average</u> 9.18%
	*	•				
24	Smoothed Average Risk Premium	From Equivalent C_	10.46%	9.86%	9.76%	10.03%
25	Indicated Risk Adjustment		-1.53%	-0.14%	-0.87%	-0.85%
26	Possible Adjustment to Risk Premi	ium	0.00%	to	-0.85%	Mid-point -0.42%
	,					
			5	-Year Historical		
			<u>OM</u>	CV (OM)	CV(ROE)	
27	Liberty Utilities (Calpeco) Corp.		21.34%	15.67%	54.41%	
00	Consequence District	Francisco (S	0.700/	0.040/	40.000/	Average
28	Smoothed Average Risk Premium		8.78%	9.84%	10.20%	9.61%
29	Smoothed Average Risk Premium	From Equivalent C	10.46%	9.86%	9.76%	10.03%
30	Indicated Risk Adjustment		-1.68%	-0.03%	0.43%	-0.42%
31	Possible Adjustment to Risk Premi	ium	0.00%	to	-0.42%	Mid-point -0.21%



Blue Chip Financial Forecasts®

Top Analysts' Forecasts Of U.S. And Foreign Interest Rates, Currency Values And The Factors That Influence Them

Vol. 44, No. 6, June 2, 2025

Wolters Kluwer

BLUE CHIP FINANCIAL FORECASTS®

Executive Editor: Joseph Aguinaldo Assistant Editor: Jules Valencia Haver Analytics 60 East 42nd Street New York, NY 10165 Phone (212) 986-9300

E-mail: <u>bluechip@haver.com</u>

Robert J. Eggert, Founder Randell E. Moore, Editor Emeritus Chris Carr, Portfolio Director

Blue Chip Financial Forecasts[®] (ISSN: 0741-8345) is published monthly by CCH Incorporated, 28 Liberty St., 44th Floor New York, NY 10005-1400. Printed in the U.S.A.

Subscriptions: For information on annual subscriptions, format options (PDF, Excel, online), multiple-copy rates and/or site-license agreements please contact Chris Carr at: chris.carr@wolterskluwer.com.

Permission requests: For information on how to obtain permission to reproduce content, please visit the Wolters Kluwer website at: https://lrus.wolterskluwer.com/policies/permissions-reprints-and-licensing/

Purchasing reprints: For customized article reprints, please contact *Wright's Media* at 1-877-652-5295 or go to the *Wright's Media* website at *www.wrightsmedia.com*.

Customer Service: 1-800-234-1660 To Order: 1-800-638-8437

Customer Service Fax: 1-800-901-9075 Email: customer.service@wolterskluwer.com Web Site:

https://lrus.wolterskluwer.com/corporate/blue-chip/

Blue Chip Financial Forecasts[®] is a general circulation news monthly. No statement in this issue is to be construed as a recommendation to buy or sell securities or to provide investment advice. The editor and CCH Incorporated, while considering the contents to be reliable, take no responsibility for the information contained herein.

Copyright © 2025 CCH Incorporated. All Rights Reserved. This material may not be used, published, broadcast, rewritten, copied, redistributed or used to create any derivative works without written permission from the publisher.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Domestic Commentary – Highlights of May 27 & 28 Survey	p. 1
Domestic Summary Table – Table of consensus forecasts of	
U.S. interest rates and key economic assumptions	p. 2
International Summary Table – Table of consensus forecasts of	î
international interest rates and foreign exchange values	p. 3
International Commentary (by Andy Cates)	р. 3
Individual Panel Member's U.S. Forecasts – Of interest rates an	nd
key assumptions for the next six quarters	p. 4-9
Individual Panel Member's International Forecasts – Of international interest rates and foreign exchange values	р. 10-11
Special Questions – Results of special questions posed to panel members about the economy, financial markets and government p	policy p. 12
Viewpoints – A sampling of views on the economy and government policy excerpted from recent reports issued by our panel members	
Long-Range Survey – Results of twice annual long-range survey forecasts for the years 2026 through 2031 and the five-year periods 2027-2031 and 2032-2036	, р. 14
Databank – Monthly historical data on many key indicators of economic activity	p. 15
Calendar – Release dates for important upcoming economic data, FOMC meetings, etc.	р. 16
List of Contributing Economists – To domestic and international	ıl
survey inside of	back cover

Diminished Tariff Risks; Heightened Budget Risks

Concern among investors and traders over the economic effects of President Trump's tariffs has lessened. Major indexes of equity values have retraced all the ground lost after the announcement of reciprocal tariffs on April 2, and they are down only moderately for the year thus far (-0.2% for the S&P 500 and -2.0% for NASDAQ). The 90-day delay in the implementation of reciprocal tariffs supported the view that President Trump is using tariffs as a bargaining tool in trade negotiations rather than as a major revenue-raising effort. This view was reinforced by the rapid adjustment to the surprise announcement on May 24 of a 50% tariff on goods from the European Union. More important, the recent decision by the U.S. Court of International Trade that President Trump does not have authority to impose many of his announced tariffs seems to dampen risks, although this decision could change on appeal.

While tariffs are weighing less heavily on financial markets, the budget of the U.S. government might be moving to center stage. The downgrading of federal debt by Moody's on May 16 served as a wake-up call, signaling that the United States is on an unsustainable fiscal path. Budget negotiations now underway in Congress will keep budget issues in the news, and figures on deficits and debt highlighted by the media are likely to be discouraging.

Estimates from the Joint Committee on Taxation and the Congressional Budget Office based on the "One Big Beautiful Bill" approved by the House of Representatives show that the cumulative budget deficit over the next 10 years will be \$2.3 trillion wider than it would be in the absence of the new legislation. Most of this deterioration is the result of Congress making permanent many of the 2017 tax cuts that expire at the end of this year. The bill also includes numerous other measures, some widening and others narrowing budget deficits. In total, if not altered substantially by the Senate, the budget bill will worsen an already uncomfortable fiscal position.

The fixed income markets have shifted with the tariff and budget news. Interest rates on long-term Treasury securities eased in the early months of the year, when tariff talk and thoughts of recession carried sway. Longer-term rates have increased approximately 50 basis points in the past several weeks as perceived tariff threats have diminished and as budget news has become more prominent. Yields on 20-year and 30-year Treasury securities moved to the upper ends of the ranges from the past few years, exceeded only slightly by readings in late 2023, which were the highest since mid-2007.

Of note, the increase in Treasury rates has been accompanied by a softening in the foreign exchange value of the U.S. dollar. In the past five months, the Federal Reserve's dollar index against advanced foreign currencies has moved from the upper portion of its post-pandemic range to the lower portion, dropping more than 8% over this span. The shift signals a loss of interest in U.S. securities by foreign investors at a time when funding needs are elevated. It also suggests a clash in policies of the Trump administration. Tariffs, if successful, would reduce trade deficits, which would require an easing in the inflow of foreign investment to maintain balance in international accounts. The loss of foreign financial support complicates the funding of undisciplined fiscal policies.

The views of the Blue Chip panel on long-term interest rates have changed only modestly in response to the shifting news on tariffs and the budget. The expected yield on 10-year Treasury securities has remained in the low-to-mid 4% area in all the monthly surveys so far this year; the expected yield on 30-year treasuries has fluctuated in the mid-to-upper 4% area.

Panelists apparently are not alarmed about the fiscal challenges facing the federal government, as the long-range views collected in this survey show stable long-term rates. The yield on 10-year Treasuries averages either 4.0% or 4.1% every year from 2026 to 2031; the projected 30-year yield ranges from 4.3% to 4.5% over the same time span.

From a short-term cyclical perspective, The Blue Chip panel expects that tariffs, although less threatening than they were two months ago, will have a constraining influence on economic growth and will boost inflation for a time. The third quarter of this year is expected to show the sharpest effects of tariffs, with GDP growth totaling only 0.4% (q/q, SAAR) and PCE inflation jumping to 3.5%. Although expected growth in Q3 is modest, it is a tad better than the 0.3% in the prior survey – consistent with diminished risks from tariffs. After Q3, growth gradually quickens, moving to 2.0% in 2026-Q3; inflation slows to 2.3% at the end of the forecast horizon, only slightly above the Fed's target of 2.0%.

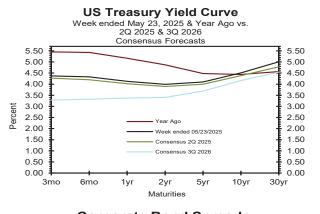
Blue Chip forecasters expect the Federal Reserve to provide support during the period of slow growth, with the expected federal funds rate falling almost a full percentage point over the forecast horizon (from 4.3% to 3.4%). Fed Chair Jerome Powell has noted on several occasions that the Fed is well positioned to fight either slower growth or faster inflation – implying that the next change in policy could be a rate hike. However, the special questions in this survey show unanimous expectations of easier policy. Long-term rates usually show smaller changes than short-term rates as monetary policy shifts. That pattern is evident in the Blue Chip survey, as long-term rates are expected to change moderately, with the consensus view on the 30-year Treasury yield moving from 4.8% in 2025-O2 to 4.5% in the third quarter of 2026.

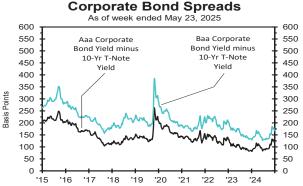
Mike Moran (Haver Analytics, New York, NY)

Consensus Forecasts of U.S. Interest Rates and Key Assumptions

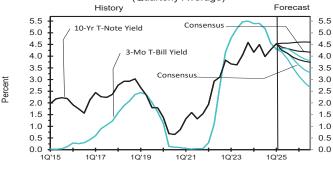
				Histor	y				Cons	ensus l	Forecas	sts-Qua	arterly	Avg.
			Week End					Latest Qtr	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
Interest Rates	May 23	May 16	May 9	May 2	<u>Apr</u>	Mar	<u>Feb</u>	1Q 2025	<u>2025</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2026</u>	2026	<u>2026</u>
Federal Funds Rate	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.4
Prime Rate	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.5	7.4	7.1	6.8	6.6	6.5
SOFR	4.27	4.30	4.30	4.38	4.35	4.33	4.34	4.33	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.3
Commercial Paper, 1-mo.	4.31	4.32	4.33	4.31	4.34	4.32	4.31	4.32	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.3
Treasury bill, 3-mo.	4.37	4.40	4.34	4.32	4.32	4.34	4.33	4.34	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.3
Treasury bill, 6-mo.	4.33	4.29	4.27	4.22	4.20	4.27	4.30	4.28	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.3
Treasury bill, 1 yr.	4.13	4.12	4.02	3.92	3.95	4.06	4.19	4.14	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.4
Treasury note, 2 yr.	3.99	4.00	3.83	3.69	3.78	3.97	4.21	4.15	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.4
Treasury note, 5 yr.	4.10	4.10	3.94	3.81	3.91	4.04	4.28	4.25	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7
Treasury note, 10 yr.	4.51	4.47	4.33	4.23	4.28	4.28	4.45	4.45	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2
Treasury note, 30 yr.	5.01	4.92	4.81	4.70	4.71	4.60	4.68	4.71	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5
Corporate Aaa bond	5.73	5.66	5.63	5.52	5.56	5.38	5.39	5.44	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2
Corporate Baa bond	6.20	6.14	6.12	6.01	6.06	5.81	5.82	5.86	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.0
State & Local bonds	4.48	4.46	4.46	4.48	4.50	4.22	4.16	4.19	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4
Home mortgage rate	6.86	6.81	6.76	6.76	6.73	6.65	6.84	6.82	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.3
				History	y				Co	nsensu	ıs Fore	casts-()uartei	rly
	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
Key Assumptions	2023	2023	2023	2024	2024	2024	2024	2025	<u>2025</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2025</u>	2026	2026	2026
Fed's AFE \$ Index	114.6	115.0	116.6	115.5	117.3	114.9	117.9	119.8	115.1	114.4	113.6	113.0	112.9	113.0
Real GDP	2.4	4.4	3.2	1.6	3.0	3.1	2.4	-0.2	1.3	0.4	0.9	1.4	1.8	2.0
GDP Price Index	1.9	3.2	1.5	3.0	2.5	1.9	2.3	3.7	2.9	3.4	2.8	2.6	2.2	2.3
Consumer Price Index	3.0	3.5	2.8	3.7	2.8	1.4	3.0	3.8	2.7	3.7	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.5
PCE Price Index	2.9	2.7	1.7	3.4	2.5	1.5	2.4	3.6	2.7	3.5	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.3

Forecasts for interest rates and the Federal Reserve's Advanced Foreign Economies Index represent averages for the quarter. Forecasts for Real GDP, GDP Price Index, CPI and PCE Price Index are seasonally adjusted annual rates of change (saar). Individual panel members' forecasts are on pages 4 through 9. Historical data: Treasury rates from the Federal Reserve Board's H.15; AAA-AA and A-BBB corporate bond yields from Bank of America-Merrill Lynch and are 15+ years, yield to maturity; State and local bond yields from Bank of America-Merrill Lynch, A-rated, yield to maturity; Mortgage rates from Freddie Mac, 30-year, fixed; SOFR from the New York Fed. All interest rate data are sourced from Haver Analytics. Historical data for Fed's Major Currency Index are from FRSR H.10. Historical data for Real GDP, GDP Price Index and PCE Price Index are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). Consumer Price Index history is from the Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

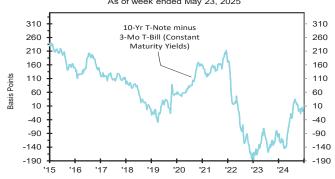








US Treasury Yield Curve As of week ended May 23, 2025



		Policy	/ Kates'-				
		History		Cons	ensus Fo	recasts	
		Month	Year	Mon	ths From	Now:	
	Latest:	Ago:	Ago:	3	6	12	
U.S.	4.38	4.38	5.38	4.31	4.03	3.51	
Japan	0.50	0.50	0.05	0.50	0.51	0.67	
U.K.	4.25	4.50	5.25	4.10	3.83	3.58	
Switzerland	0.25	0.25	1.50	0.20	0.13	0.19	
Canada	2.75	2.75	5.00	2.54	2.40	2.30	
Australia	3.85	4.10	4.35	3.72	3.45	3.37	
Euro area	2.40	2.40	4.50	2.04	1.80	1.82	

		10-Yr.	Governi	ment Bo	nd Yield	ls ²
		History Month	Year		ensus For ths From	
	Latest:	Ago:	Ago:	3	6	12
U.S.	4.51	4.29	4.46	4.33	4.29	4.28
Germany	2.57	2.47	2.58	2.56	2.59	2.63
Japan	1.56	1.35	1.02	1.37	1.36	1.42
U.K.	4.69	4.44	4.27	4.56	4.49	4.36
France	3.30	3.15	3.06	3.27	3.34	3.47
Italy	3.61	3.57	3.89	3.69	3.75	3.92
Switzerland	0.35	0.42	0.76	0.38	0.47	0.59
Canada	3.35	3.17	3.61	3.08	3.13	3.32
Australia	4.42	4.19	4.31	4.25	4.27	4.32
Spain	3.23	3.11	3.33	3.11	3.13	3.35

		Foi	reign Exc	change l	Rates ³	
		-History-		Cons	ensus For	ecasts
		Month	Year	Mon	ths From	Now:
	Latest:	Ago:	Ago:	3	6	12
U.S.	112.30	112.77	116.93	115.8	112.9	109.8
Japan	142.61	143.75	156.90	144.1	142.0	138.6
U.K.	1.35	1.33	1.27	1.31	1.31	1.30
Switzerland	0.82	0.83	0.91	0.85	0.84	0.84
Canada	1.38	1.39	1.37	1.39	1.39	1.37
Australia	0.65	0.64	0.66	0.64	0.65	0.66
Euro	1.14	1.14	1.09	1.12	1.13	1.15

	Con	isensus	Consensus						
	Poli	cy Rates		10-	Year Gov't				
	vs.	US Rate		Yields	vs. U.S. Yie	ld			
	Now	In 12 Mo.		Now	In 12 Mo.				
Japan	-3.88	-2.84	Germany	-1.94	-1.65				
U.K.	-0.13	0.07	Japan	-2.95	-2.86				
Switzerland	-4.13	-3.31	U.K.	0.18	0.08				
Canada	-1.63	-1.21	France	-1.23	-0.81				
Australia	-0.53	-0.14	Italy	-0.90	-0.36				
Euro area	-1.98	-1.69	Switzerland	-4.16	-3.69				
			Canada	-1.16	-0.96				
			Australia	-0.09	0.04				
			Spain	-1.28	-0.93				

Forecasts of panel members are on pages 10 and 11. Definitions of variables are as follows: ¹Monetary policy rates. ²Government bonds are yields to maturity. ³Foreign exchange rate forecasts for U.K., Australia and the Euro are U.S. dollars per currency unit. For the U.S dollar, forecasts are of the U.S. Federal Reserve Board's AFE Dollar Index.

International. Financial markets remained volatile through May, as the global economy continued to absorb the aftershocks of the Trump administration's sweeping "Liberation Day" tariffs unveiled on April 2. Though increases were broadly spread, the program quickly escalated tensions with China. However, a turning point came on May 12, when both sides agreed to a 90-day pause. This reset has not resolved the underlying conflict, but it has materially improved bilateral trade relations—at least for now. The move also provided modest relief to markets and supply chains where exemptions were granted. Further uncertainty has since emerged following a May 28 ruling by the US Court of International Trade, which blocked key elements of the Trump administration's reciprocal tariff strategy—casting doubt over the legal durability and future direction of US trade policy.

Still, while tensions with China have eased and legal challenges have begun to undermine enforceability, broader risks to global trade and capital flows remain elevated. Frictions with Europe persist, and concerns over US capital flight have begun to surface as global investors reassess the safety and predictability of US policy. With trade policy now a source of volatility, and the US running large twin deficits, the risk is that demand for Treasuries weakens just as issuance surges—putting renewed pressure on global bond markets and amplifying the fragilities already exposed by rising real yields.

Against this backdrop, a defining financial market development in May has been a broad-based rise in long-term interest rates. In the US, the 10-year Treasury yield climbed to 4.58% on May 21, reaching its highest level since October 2024. Similarly, Germany's 10-year government bond yields rose to 2.68% in mid-May, a jump of 35bps compared with end-April. Japan's 10-year government bond yield increased to 1.56% on May 22, marking a significant rise from 1.31% at end-April. These movements reflect a repricing of risk and term premia, as investors reassess the inflation outlook, fiscal trajectories, and structural imbalances in major economies. While there has been a modest decline in global yields in recent days, the overall trend underscores the heightened sensitivity of global bond markets to evolving economic and policy developments.

That repricing is occurring against a backdrop of economic data that paint a picture of fragile resilience. In the US, the labor market has remained steady, though recent indicators suggest some cooling in consumer spending and business investment. The Conference Board gauge of consumer sentiment, however, rebounded in May, offering a modest counterpoint to otherwise cautious data. In Europe, the tone remains subdued. Business surveys suggest tentative stabilization, but growth momentum is weak and uneven across sectors. Japan's economy contracted in Q1, driven by a pullback in consumer spending and sluggish business investment, renewing concerns about the durability of its recovery and prompting speculation (and reinforced in our panelists' forecasts) that the Bank of Japan may delay further tightening. Meanwhile, China has delivered mixed signals: industrial production has picked up pace, suggesting some traction in manufacturing and export-oriented sectors, but the housing market remains troubled.

In this environment, central banks face an increasingly asymmetric challenge. While our panelists still anticipate rate cuts from most major central banks in the months ahead, the global backdrop no longer supports the clean disinflation narrative that previously underpinned a broad easing cycle. Instead, our latest survey shows modest upward revisions to policy rate expectations in most major economies compared with last month, while projections for 10-year bond yields have also been marked higher.

Despite higher US yields, the dollar has remained soft in recent weeks—a divergence that continues to reflect structural concerns around the durability of the US's global financial leadership. However, in our latest survey, there were no further major downward revisions to dollar forecasts. This suggests that, for now, Blue Chip forecasters see limited additional downside, perhaps reflecting a more measured view of the economic fallout from US tariff policies.

Second Quarter 2025 Interest Rate Forecasts

	-					Per	cent l	Per Annur	n A\	erage F	or Quarte	er				-	Avg. For		(Q-C	2 % Change	;)
Blue Chip				Short-Terr	n				Interm	ediate-T	erm		Lo	ng-Term			Qtr			-(SAAR)	
Financial Forecasts	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	7 8	}	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A.	В.	C.	D.	E.
Panel Members	Federal	Prime	SOFR	Com.	Treas.	Treas.	Tre	as. Tre	as.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Aaa	Baa	State &	Home	Fed's Adv		GDP	Cons.	PCE
	Funds	Bank	Rate	Paper	Bills	Bills	Bi	lls No	es	Notes	Notes	Bond	Corp.	Corp.	Local	Mtg.	Fgn Econ	Real	Price	Price	Price
	Rate	Rate		1 - Mo.	3-Mo.	6 - Mo.	1-	Yr. 2-\	/r.	5-Yr.	10-Yr.	30-Yr.	Bond	Bond	Bonds	Rate	\$ Index	GDP	Index	Index	Index
J.P. Morgan Chase	4.5 H	na	na	na	na	na	n	a 3	9	4.0	4.3	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.3
Naroff Economics LLC	4.5 H	7.5 H		4.8 H		4.3	H 4			3.9	4.6	4.7	na	na	4.1 L	. 6.7	115.5	1.1	2.7	2.8	2.7
Scotiabank Group	4.5 H	na	4.3	na	4.3	na	n			4.0	4.3	4.8	na	na	na	na	na	0.8	3.3	3.6	2.6
Bank of America	4.4	na	na	na	na	na	n			4.0	4.4	4.8	na	na	na	na	na	2.0	2.5	2.4	2.3
Barclays BMO Capital Markets	4.4 4.4	na 7.5 H	na 4.3	na 4.2	na	na + 4.3	n H 4			3.9 4.0	4.3	4.7 4.8	na 5.7	na 6.4	na 4 E	na 6.8	na 113.8	1.0 1.0	2.2 3.0	2.2	2.0 2.1
Daiwa Capital Markets America	4.4	7.5 H		4.3 na	4.4 H	1 4.5 na	п 4 n			4.0	4.4 4.4	4.0	na	na	4.5 na	6.8	117.0	0.6	2.9	1.9 2.7	2.1
Economist Intelligence Unit	4.4	7.5 H		na	4.5 4.4 H	l na		a 5.		na	4.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	-1.2	L na	4.5	na
Georgia State University	4.4	7.5 H		na	4.3	4.2		.0 3		4.0	4.3	4.7	5.3	6.1	na	6.6	na	3.2	2.7	3.0	3.4
Goldman Sachs & Co.	4.4	na	na	na	4.0	na	n			4.1	4.5	4.9	na	na	na	na	na	2.3	2.2	2.9	2.3
ING	4.4	na	na	na	na	na	n			4.3	4.8 H		H na	na	na	na	na	1.4	na	na	na
KPMG	4.4	7.5 H	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2	4	.0 4	0	4.1	4.4	4.5	L 5.0	6.2	na	6.9	na	1.2	1.9	0.9	L 1.6
MacroPolicy Perspectives	4.4	7.5 H	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4	.0 3	8	4.0	4.3	4.8	5.4	6.1	4.5	6.8	113.9	4.5 H	H 2.4	1.9	2.3
Nomura Securities, Inc.	4.4	7.5 H	na	na	na	na	n	a 4.	0	4.1	4.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.2	1.8	2.0	2.2
Oxford Economics	4.4	7.5 H	4.4	na	4.4 H	4.2	4	.0 3	9	3.9	4.3	4.8	4.7	L na	na	6.8	116.2	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.8
S&P Global Market Intelligence	4.4	7.5 H	4.3	na	4.2	4.1	3	.9 3	7 L	3.8 L	4.1 l	L 4.6	na	na	na	6.6	na	1.0	7.0	H 5.6	H 6.5 H
The Lonski Group	4.4	7.5 H		4.4	4.3	4.2	4			4.0	4.4	4.8	5.6	6.1	4.6	6.8	112.9	1.5	3.0	1.8	1.9
The Northern Trust Company	4.4	7.5 H		4.4	4.3	4.2		.0 3		3.9	4.3	4.7	5.3	6.0	4.4	6.8	114.0	1.2	2.5	3.2	3.0
Wells Fargo	4.4	7.5 H		4.4	4.3	4.1		.8 L 3		3.8 L	4.2	4.8	5.4	6.4	4.8	6.6	na	1.6	2.0	1.8	2.0
Action Economics	4.3	7.5 H		4.3	4.2	4.1		.9 3		3.9	4.3	4.8	5.5	6.2	4.4	7.0	119.8	2.0	3.0	1.9	2.0
Chan Economics	4.3	7.5 H		4.3	4.2	4.1		.0 3		4.0	4.4	4.6	5.3	6.1	4.6	6.7	112.3	1.5	2.3	2.6	2.4
Chmura Economics & Analytics Comerica Bank	4.3	7.5 H		4.3	4.3	4.2		.0 3.		4.0	4.4	4.8	5.5	na e e	na	6.8	na	0.6	3.4	3.5	2.8 2.1
DePrince & Assoc.	4.3 4.3	7.5 H 7.5 H		na 4.3	4.3 4.3	4.3 4.2	H 4			4.1 3.9	4.5 4.3	4.9 4.8	5.8 5.5	6.5 6.3	na 4.6	6.9 6.8	na 113.7	-1.0 1.5	3.0 2.9	1.6 3.1	3.0
EY-Parthenon	4.3	na	na	na	4.3	na	n			na	4.3	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.0	3.6	2.9	2.9
Fannie Mae	4.3	7.5 H		na	4.3		H 4			4.0	4.4	4.9	na	na	na	6.8	na	1.7	5.2	3.9	4.7
Loomis, Sayles & Company	4.3	7.5 H		4.3	4.3	4.2	4			3.9	4.3	4.8	5.3	6.1	4.5	6.7	114.1	1.2	2.9	2.4	2.4
MacroFin Analytics & Rutgers Bus School	4.3	7.5 H		4.3	4.3		H 4			4.1	4.5	5.0	5.7	6.2	4.5	6.9	112.1 L	-0.5	2.6	3.6	2.8
Moody's Analytics	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.0	3	.9 3	7 L	3.8 L	4.2	4.6	5.4	6.1	4.2	6.6	na	0.4	4.8	3.8	4.8
NatWest Markets	4.3	7.5 H	na	4.3	4.2	4.2	4	.2 4	5 H	4.8 H	4.7	4.7	6.3 I	H 7.2 H	H 5.7 H	1 7.1 H	na	2.5	1.2	L 2.0	1.5 L
PNC Financial Services Corp.	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	na	4.3	4.3	H 4	.1 3	9	4.0	4.4	4.8	na	6.3	5.1	6.8	122.9 H	1.2	2.7	2.8	2.5
Regions Financial Corporation	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	4.3	4.4 H	4.3	H 4	.1 3	9	4.0	4.4	4.9	5.2	5.9 I	4.4	6.7	113.8	2.1	2.1	3.0	2.2
Roberts Capital Advisors	4.3	7.5 H	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4	.0 3	9	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.3	6.1	4.4	6.8	113.0	1.0	2.9	3.3	3.1
Santander Capital Markets	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	4.3	4.3		H 4			4.0	4.4	4.9	5.5	6.2	5.2	6.8	113.5	4.3	3.4	3.1	3.3
Societe Generale	4.3	7.5 H		na	4.3	4.2	4			3.8 L	4.3	4.8	na	na	na	na	na	2.6	2.1	1.8	1.7
Via Nova Investment Mgt.	4.3	7.5 H		4.3	4.3		H 4			4.1	4.5	4.9	5.8	6.3	4.4	6.9	113.3	0.0	3.0	3.5	3.0
TS Lombard	3.9 L	7.0 L	3.9 L	3.9 L	. 3.8 I	_ 3.9	L 3	.8 L 3.	7 L	3.8 L	4.5	4.6	5.3	6.2	4.5	6.3 L	120.0	-1.2	L 3.0	3.0	3.0
June Consensus	4.3	7.5	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4	.0 3.	9	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.4	6.2	4.6	6.8	115.1	1.3	2.9	2.7	2.7
Top 10 Avg.	4.4	7.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4			4.2	4.6	4.9	5.7	6.4	4.8	6.9	116.7	2.8	4.0	3.9	3.8
Bottom 10 Avg.	4.3	7.5	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1		.9 3		3.9	4.2	4.6	5.2	6.1	4.4	6.6	113.2	-0.1	1.9	1.7	1.9
Standard Deviation		0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0			0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	3.0	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.0
May Consensus		7.5	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	4	.0 3	9	4.0	4.3	4.6	5.3	6.1	4.5	6.6	114.9	0.8	3.4	3.4	3.5
Number of Forecasts Changed From A Mor	nth Ago:	-																			
Down	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	7 9)	9	2	0	2	1	2	1	5	7	19	21	23
Same	30	24	20	11	19	13	-	7 1	1	13	13	8	8	8	5	6	4	7	9	6	7
Up	7	6	5	6	12	12	1	4 1	5	12	22	26	12	12	11	20	9	23	7	9	5
Diffusion Index	59%	60%	60%	58%	67%	69%	63	3% 59	%	54%	77%	88%	73%	76%	75%	85%	61%	72%	33%	33%	24%

Third Quarter 2025

Interest Rate Forecasts

Blue Chip Financial Forecasts				Short-Te		1 010	, one i or i		- Average F	or acaust	01					Avg. For		144	% Change	
Financial Forecasts				אווטונ-וע	m			Int	ermediate-	Term		Lo	ng-Term-			Qtr		(SAAR)	,
	1	2	3	4	 5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	Α.	В.	C.	D.	E.
Panel Members	Federal	Prime	SOFR	Com.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas	. Treas.		Treas.	Aaa	Baa	State &	Home	Fed's Adv		GDP	Cons.	PCE
	Funds	Bank	Rate	Paper	Bills	Bills	Bills	Notes			Bond	Corp.	Corp.	Local	Mtg.	Fgn Econ	Real	Price	Price	Price
	Rate	Rate		1-Mo.	3-Mo.	6-Mo.	1-Yr.	2-Yr.	5-Yr.	10-Yr.	30-Yr.	Bond	Bond	Bonds	Rate	\$ Index	GDP	Index	Index	Index
J.P. Morgan Chase	4.5 H	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.8	3.9	4.3	4.8	na	na	na	na	na	0.0	4.0	5.1	4.3
Scotiabank Group	4.5 H	na	4.3	na	4.3	na	na	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	0.7	2.9	1.7	L 2.1 L
Bank of America	4.4	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.8	na	na	na	na	na	0.6	3.4	3.8	3.7
Barclays	4.4	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.8	3.9	4.3	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	0.5	3.6	4.1	3.7
Goldman Sachs & Co.	4.4	na	na	na	3.9	na	na	4.0	4.1	4.5	4.9	na	na	na	na	na	1.2	4.2	3.8	3.9
KPMG	4.4	7.5 H	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.9	6.0	na	6.7	na	-1.3	•	H 4.8	4.7
Nomura Securities, Inc.	4.4	7.5 H	na	na	na	na	na	3.8	4.0	4.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	0.9	1.9	L 3.7	3.6
Oxford Economics	4.4	7.5 H	4.4	na	4.4 H	H 4.2	4.1	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.7	4.7	_ na	na	6.7	114.1	1.3	3.2	4.6	4.2
S&P Global Market Intelligence	4.4	7.5 H	4.3	na	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.5	na	na	na	6.5	na	0.9	2.8	2.5	2.3
	4.3	7.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.4	na	na	6.6	na	0.3	3.3	3.4	2.7
Comerica Bank Daiwa Capital Markets America	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	na	4.3	4.3 H		H 4.0	4.3			H 6.2	7.0	na	7.1 6.7	na 116.0	1.5	3.5 3.0	3.8	3.6
DePrince & Assoc.	4.3 4.3	7.4 7.4	na 4.2	na 4.3	4.2 4.2	na 4.2	na 3.9	3.8	3.9 3.9	4.3 4.3	4.9 4.8	na 5.5	na 6.3	na 4.7	6.6	116.0	0.9 1.5	3.0 2.9	3.1 3.1	2.9 3.0
Economist Intelligence Unit	4.3	7.2	4.2 na	4.3 na	4.2	4.2 na	3.9 4.2	o.o na	o.9 na	4.5 4.5	4.8 na	o.o na		4.7 na	o.o na	114.4 na	-0.9	2.9 na	3.1 4.1	o.u na
Fannie Mae	4.3	7.4	na	na	4.2	11a 4.2	4.2	3.9	11a 4.1	4.5	11a 5.1	na	na na	na	6.7	na	0.4	3.4	3.2	11a 2.8
MacroPolicy Perspectives	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2 4.3 H		3.9 H 4.3	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.8	5.1	L 4.3	6.8	113.9	-3.5 l	3.4	3.6	3.1
Naroff Economics LLC	4.3	7.3	4.2		H 4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.4	na	na	3.9 L		114.1	0.6	2.9	2.9	2.7
NatWest Markets	4.3	7.5 H	na	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.4	H 4.6 H		4.4		1 7.3	H 5.8 H	- 5.5 1 7.2 H	na	1.2	2.2	3.2	3.0
PNC Financial Services Corp.	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	na	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.4	4.8	na	6.5	4.9	6.6	124.8 H	-0.2	3.7	4.7	4.5
Regions Financial Corporation	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.8	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.2	6.0	4.5	6.6	113.1	0.4	4.2	5.5	H 4.6
Roberts Capital Advisors	4.3	7.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.8	5.3	6.1	4.4	6.8	113.5	1.4	2.8	3.2	3.0
Santander Capital Markets	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.9	5.6	6.3	5.1	6.7	113.0	0.9	3.6	3.8	3.6
Societe Generale	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	na	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.6	L 4.3	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	2.0 H	1 2.4	3.4	3.1
The Lonski Group	4.3	7.5 H	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.8	5.6	6.2	4.6	6.8	113.0	0.9	3.2	3.6	3.4
The Northern Trust Company	4.3	7.5 H	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.8	5.6	6.3	4.6	6.9	113.0	0.4	3.9	4.5	4.4
EY-Parthenon	4.2	na	na	na	4.3	na	na	na	na	4.0	na	na	na	na	na	na	0.9	4.3	3.7	3.5
, ,	4.2	7.3	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.3 H	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.6	5.0	5.7	6.2	4.5	6.9	111.9 L	-0.4	2.7	3.7	3.0
Action Economics	4.1	7.3	4.6 H		4.1	4.0	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.6	5.4	6.2	4.3	6.9	114.2	2.0 H	1 3.2	3.9	3.4
Chan Economics	4.1	7.5 H	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.4	5.1	5.9	4.4	6.5	112.1	0.8	2.2	2.5	2.3
Loomis, Sayles & Company	4.1	7.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.4	5.1	5.9	4.3	6.5	113.3	0.6	5.5	4.9	4.9 H
, ,	4.1	7.3	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.5	5.5	6.5	4.2	6.4	na	1.3	2.8	3.3	3.1
BMO Capital Markets Georgia State University	4.0	7.2	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.9	4.2	4.7	5.7	6.6	4.4	6.6	113.3	1.0	3.6	4.2	4.0
Via Nova Investment Mgt.	4.0 4.0	7.1 7.3	na 4.0	na 4.0	3.8 4.0	3.7 4.0	3.6 3.8	3.4	L 3.6 I	L 3.9 4.5	L 4.2 4.8	L 5.0 5.8	5.7 6.3	na 4.3	6.2 L 6.9	na 112.0	0.9	5.2 2.5	4.7 3.0	4.9 H 2.7
ING	3.9	na	na	na	na	na	o.o na	3.6	4.0	4.5	4.0	o.o na	na	4.3 na	na	na	-0.9	z.o na	na	na
	3.9	7.0	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.7	5.3	6.3	4.7	6.5	na	-1.5	2.7	2.6	2.7
TS Lombard					L 3.0 l				4.0	4.7	4.8	5.5	6.4	4.7	6.5	120.0	-2.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
June Consensus	4.2	7.4	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.7	5.4	6.2	4.6	6.7	114.4	0.4	3.4	3.7	3.5
Top 10 Avg.	4.4	7.5	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.6	4.9	5.8	6.6	4.8	6.9	115.8	1.4	4.4	4.7	4.4
Bottom 10 Avg.	3.9	7.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.4	5.1	5.9	4.3	6.5	112.8	-1.1	2.5	2.8	2.6
Standard Deviation	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	3.2	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.8
May Consensus	4.1	7.3	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.2	4.5	5.3	6.1	4.4	6.5	114.2	0.3	3.2	3.7	3.4
Number of Forecasts Changed From A Month	h Ago:																			
Down	1	1	1	2	2	2	5	4	5	1	1	2	1	1	2	6	10	9	15	13
Same	20	18	13	9	13	13	8	16	12	16	15	8	8	8	9	3	8	11	7	10
Up	16	11	11	9	17	12	15	15	17	20	18	12	12	9	16	9	19	15	14	12
Diffusion Index	70%	67%	70%	68%	73%	69%	68%	66%	68%	76%	75%	73%	76%	72%	76%	58%	62%	59%	49%	49%

Fourth Quarter 2025

Interest Rate Forecasts

	Percent Per Annum Average For Quarter									-	Avg. For(Q-Q % Change)			;)						
Blue Chip				Short-Terr				Inte	rmediate-1				ng-Term-			Qtr		,	SAAR)	
Financial Forecasts	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A.	В.	C.	D.	E.
Panel Members	Federal	Prime	SOFR	Com.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Aaa	Baa	State &	Home	Fed's Adv		GDP	Cons.	PCE
	Funds	Bank	Rate	Paper	Bills	Bills	Bills	Notes	Notes	Notes	Bond	Corp.	Corp.	Local	Mtg.	Fgn Econ	Real	Price	Price	Price
	Rate	Rate		1-Mo.	3-Mo.	6-Mo.	1-Yr.	2-Yr.	5-Yr.	10-Yr.	30-Yr.	Bond	Bond	Bonds	Rate	\$ Index	GDP	Index	Index	Index
Scotiabank Group	4.5 H	na	4.3	na	4.2	na	na	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.8	na	na	na	na	na	0.0	2.7	3.2	2.5
Bank of America	4.4	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.8	4.1	4.5 4.4	4.9	na	na	na	na	na	1.6	3.2	3.0	3.4
J.P. Morgan Chase Comerica Bank	4.4 4.3	na 7.5 H	na 4.3	na na	na 4.3 H	na 1 4.3 I	na H 4.3	3.7 H 4.0	3.9 4.2	4.4	4.9 5.3 I	na H 6.3	na 7.0	na na	na 7.1	na na	0.5 1.8	2.1 3.2	2.6 3.9	2.3 3.6
NatWest Markets	4.3	7.5 H	na	4.3 F		4.2	4.2		4.2 H 4.7 H		4.5		7.0 H 7.5	11a H 6.0 F	7.1 1 7.4 H	na	1.3	2.5	4.0	3.7
Oxford Economics	4.3	7.4	4.3	na	4.3 H		3.9	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.6	4.8	na na	na na	6.6	114.2	1.3	2.2	3.3	2.6
PNC Financial Services Corp.	4.3	7.4	4.2	na	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.7	na	6.7	4.7	6.4	123.3 H	0.9	2.5	3.2	3.0
S&P Global Market Intelligence	4.3	7.4	4.3	na	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.5	na	na	na	6.4	na	1.4	2.7	2.4	2.4
Barclays	4.1	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	1.0	3.4	3.4	3.4
Chmura Economics & Analytics	4.1	7.3	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.6	5.3	na	na	6.5	na	1.0	3.0	3.0	2.5
Goldman Sachs & Co.	4.1	na	na	na	3.9	na	na	3.9	4.0	4.5	4.9	na	na	na	na	na	1.3	3.6	3.3	3.4
KPMG	4.1	7.2	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.1	4.9	5.9	na	6.6	na	0.7	1.2 l	_ 1.0	L 1.0 L
Nomura Securities, Inc.	4.1	7.3	na	na	na	na	na	3.6	3.9	4.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.2	2.5	3.3	3.1
The Northern Trust Company	4.1	7.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.9	5.8	6.6	4.8	7.0	112.0	0.2	3.1	3.9	3.5
Action Economics	4.0	7.2	4.4 H		3.9	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.5	5.3	6.0	4.2	6.7	114.9	2.0	H 2.8	3.4	3.1
Daiwa Capital Markets America	4.0	7.1	na 4 o	na 4.4	3.9	na	na 2.7	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.7	na	na	na 4.7	6.5	115.0	1.3	2.8	3.0	2.8
DePrince & Assoc. EY-Parthenon	4.0 4.0	7.1	4.0	4.1	4.0 3.9	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.8	4.3 4.0	4.8	5.5	6.3	4.7	6.5	115.2	1.6 0.9	2.7 3.5	2.8 3.3	2.7 3.2
MacroFin Analytics & Rutgers Bus School	4.0	na 7.2	na 4.1	na 4.1	3.9 4.1	na 4.2	na 4.1	na 3.9	na 4.0	4.0	na 5.0	na 5.7	na 6.2	na 4.5	na 6.8	na 111.7	0.9	3.5 2.8	3.3 3.6	3.3
Naroff Economics LLC	4.0	7.0	4.1	4.1 4.3 H		4.2	4.1	3.8	3.8	4.5	4.3	na	na	3.9	6.0	114.3	-1.9	2.0 1.9	2.6	3.3 2.6
Regions Financial Corporation	4.0	7.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.9	4.4	4.9	5.2	6.0	4.5	6.6	112.2	1.4	3.5		H 3.6
Roberts Capital Advisors	4.0	7.2	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.8	5.3	6.1	4.4	6.8	114.0	1.6	2.7	3.0	2.9
Santander Capital Markets	4.0	7.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.8	5.6	6.4	5.0	6.5	112.5	1.9	2.4	2.0	2.0
Societe Generale	4.0	7.2	4.0	na	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.6	4.3	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	1.8	2.4	3.4	3.1
Chan Economics	3.9	7.3	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.9	5.7	4.2	6.3	112.0	1.5	2.1	2.4	2.2
Economist Intelligence Unit	3.9	6.8	na	na	3.9	na	4.0	na	na	4.3	na	na	na	na	na	na	0.9	na	2.2	na
Fannie Mae	3.9	7.0	na	na	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.6	5.1	na	na	na	6.5	na	0.9	2.9	3.2	2.8
BMO Capital Markets	3.8	6.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.5	5.6	6.5	4.2	6.4	112.4	1.1	3.4	4.0	3.8
MacroPolicy Perspectives	3.8	7.0	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.2	L 4.4	L 4.0	6.5	113.9	-3.0	L 3.2	3.7	3.1
Moody's Analytics	3.8	6.9	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.5	5.6	6.5	4.2	6.3	na	1.6	2.8	3.2	2.9
The Lonski Group	3.8	6.9	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.5	5.3	5.9	4.3	6.4	113.6	1.1	2.7	2.8	3.0
Via Nova Investment Mgt.	3.8	7.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.9	4.4	4.7	5.6	6.2	4.1	6.7	111.0	2.0	H 2.0	2.5	2.3
Loomis, Sayles & Company Wells Fargo	3.6	6.8 6.5	3.6 3.4	3.6 3.4	3.6	3.5	3.3 3.3	3.0 3.4	3.2 3.6	3.6	4.0	4.6	5.4	3.8 L	6.0	113.3	1.6 0.3	3.4 3.3	3.5 3.3	3.1 3.3
ING	3.4 3.3	na	na	na	3.3 na	3.3 na	ა.ა na	3.4	3.8	4.0 4.5	4.6 4.9	5.2 na	6.2 na	4.6 na	6.3 na	na na	0.3	o.o na	o.o na	o.o na
TS Lombard	2.9	6.0 L	2.9 L			2.9	3.2	3.5	4.2		H 5.0	5.7	6.6	4.9	6.7	110.0 L	-0.5	4.0 H		4.0 H
Georgia State University		6.0 L	na	na					L 2.9 L		L 3.9 1	L 4.5	5.3	na	5.8 L		0.7	3.4	1.6	2.4
,																				
June Consensus	3.9	7.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.6	5.3	6.2	4.5	6.5	113.6	0.9	2.8	3.1	2.9
Top 10 Avg.	4.3	7.4	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.8	6.6	4.8	6.8	115.2	1.8	3.5	3.9	3.6
Bottom 10 Avg.	3.5	6.7	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.3	4.9	5.7	4.1	6.2	112.1	-0.3	2.1	2.2	2.2
Standard Deviation		0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.3	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.6
May Consensus	3.9	7.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.5	5.2	6.0	4.4	6.4	113.3	0.8	2.9	3.1	3.0
Number of Forecasts Changed From A Mon	th Ago:																			
Down	2	3	3	3	5	3	4	6	6	2	1	4	3	1	2	6	10	11	13	13
Same	23	17	15	12	15	13	13	17	15	17	16	8	6	8	9	3	12	14	9	9
Up	12	10	7	5	12	11	11	12	13	18	17	10	12	9	16	9	15	10	14	13
Diffusion Index	64%	62%	58%	55%	61%	65%	63%	59%	60%	72%	74%	64%	71%	72%	76%	58%	57%	49%	51%	50%

First Quarter 2026

Interest Rate Forecasts

	Percent Per Annum – Average For Quarter									-	Avg. For(Q-Q % Change)			:)						
Blue Chip			S	hort-Terr	n			Inter	mediate-1	Term		Lo	ng-Term-			Qtr		(SAAR)	
Financial Forecasts	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A.	В.	C.	D.	E.
Panel Members	Federal	Prime	SOFR	Com.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Aaa	Baa	State &	Home	Fed's Adv		GDP	Cons.	PCE
	Funds	Bank	Rate	Paper	Bills	Bills	Bills	Notes	Notes	Notes	Bond	Corp.	Corp.	Local	Mtg.	Fgn Econ	Real	Price	Price	Price
	Rate	Rate		1-Mo.	3-Mo.	6-Mo.	1-Yr.	2-Yr.	5-Yr.	10-Yr.	30-Yr.	Bond	Bond	Bonds	Rate	\$ Index	GDP	Index	Index	Index
Bank of America	4.4 H	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.8	4.2	4.6	5.0	na	na	na	na	na	1.6	2.4	2.3	2.2
Comerica Bank	4.3	7.5 H	4.3 H	na	4.3 H	4.3 H	4.2 I		4.1	4.7	5.2	6.1	6.9	na	7.0	na	2.0	2.7	3.2	2.9
NatWest Markets	4.3	7.5 H	na	4.3 F		4.2	4.2 l		na	4.3	na	6.6 l	H 7.5	H 6.0 H	7.4 H	na	1.7	2.4	3.4	4.3
Scotiabank Group	4.3	na	4.1	na	4.0	na	na	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.8	na	na	na	na	na	-0.2	L 2.4	-0.1	L 1.2 L
J.P. Morgan Chase	4.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.6	3.8	4.4	4.9	na	na	na	na	na	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.8
The Northern Trust Company	4.1	7.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2 l		4.5	4.6	5.0	6.0	6.7	5.1	7.1	111.0	0.7	2.5	3.0	2.9
Chmura Economics & Analytics	4.0	7.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.5	5.3	na	na	6.3	na	1.3	2.7	2.8	2.4
Barclays	3.9	na	na	na	na	na -	na	3.6	3.8	4.2	4.5	na	na	na	na	na	1.5	2.6	2.2	2.4
Chan Economics	3.9	7.3	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.9	5.7	4.2	6.3	111.8	1.2	2.1	2.4	2.2
Goldman Sachs & Co.	3.9	na	na	na	3.9	na	na	3.9	4.0	4.5	5.0	na	na	na	na	na 400 0 11	1.5	3.3	3.2	3.2
PNC Financial Services Corp.	3.9	7.0	3.9	na	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.7	na	6.6	4.7	6.3	122.6 H	0.8	2.3	2.8	2.7
S&P Global Market Intelligence	3.9	7.0	3.9	na 20	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.5	na	na	na	6.3	na 1156	2.0	3.2	3.3	2.7
Action Economics	3.8	7.0	4.3 H	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.4	5.1	5.9	4.0	6.6	115.6	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.5
Daiwa Capital Markets America	3.8	6.9	na	na	3.5	na o z	na	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.7	na	na	na	6.4	114.0	1.6	2.7	2.8	2.6
DePrince & Assoc. MacroFin Analytics & Rutgers Bus School	3.8	6.9 6.9	3.7 3.8	3.8 3.9	3.7 3.8	3.7 4.0	3.5 4.0	3.4 3.9	3.7 4.0	4.2 4.5	4.7 5.0	5.5 5.6	6.3	4.6	6.3 6.8	115.5 111.5	2.0 1.0	2.4	2.6 3.5	2.5 3.5
Naroff Economics LLC	3.8		3.8										6.1	4.4			0.8			
Oxford Economics	3.8	6.8		4.0	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.2	na	na	3.9	5.7	114.7		1.4	L 2.3	2.5
Regions Financial Corporation	3.8 3.8	7.0	3.8	na	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.5	4.7	na	na 4.6	6.3	114.1	1.6 1.5	2.0	2.7	2.6
Regions Financial Corporation Roberts Capital Advisors		7.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.9	4.5	4.9	5.3	6.0	4.6	6.5	111.9		2.3	2.7	2.6
Santander Capital Markets	3.8	7.0	3.9	3.8	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.7	5.2	6.0	4.3	6.7	114.5	1.8	2.6	2.9	2.7
Societe Generale	3.8	7.0	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8 3.3	3.8	3.9 3.6	4.2	4.7	5.6	6.4	5.0	6.5	112.5	2.1 1.6	2.8 2.1	3.0	2.9 2.5
KPMG	3.8	7.0	3.8 3.6	na 2.7	3.7	3.5	3.9	3.3 3.8		4.3	4.6	na 4.7	na	na	na e 4	na	2.2 H	2.1 H 3.6	2.8	3.1
Fannie Mae	3.7	6.8		3.7	3.5	3.9			4.0	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	na	6.4	na			4.0	
Nomura Securities. Inc.	3.6 3.6	6.8	na	na	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9 3.5	4.2 3.8	4.6	5.1	na	na	na	6.4	na	1.6 1.0	3.3 1.9	3.4 2.6	2.9 2.3
EY-Parthenon	3.5		na	na	na 3.5	na	na			4.2 3.9	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.0	2.7	3.1	2.5
Moody's Analytics	3.5	na 6.7	na 3.5	na 3.5	3.3	na 3.4	na 3.6	na 3.7	na 3.9	4.1	na 4.6	na 5.6	na 6.6	na 4.2	na 6.3	na na	1.4	2.8	3.5	3.0
Via Nova Investment Mgt.	3.5	6.8	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.1	5.1	5.6	3.6 L	6.2	110.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
BMO Capital Markets	3.4	6.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.6	3.9	4.4	5.4	6.3	4.1	6.2	111.8	1.6	2.6	2.8	2.6
Economist Intelligence Unit	3.4	6.3	na	na	3.5	na	3.6	na	na	4.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.4	na	2.4	na
The Lonski Group	3.4	6.5	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3	5.1	5.7	4.1	6.1	114.8	1.4	2.2	1.6	1.6
Wells Fargo	3.4	6.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.7	5.3	6.3	4.7	6.3	na	0.8	3.0	3.4	3.0
ING	3.1	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.2	3.7	4.3	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	1.2	na	na	na
MacroPolicy Perspectives	3.0	6.2	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8 L		4.2	3.6	L 3.8	L 4.0	6.2	113.9	1.0	2.4	2.5	2.3
Loomis, Sayles & Company	2.9	6.1	2.9 L	2.9 L		2.8	2.8	2.6	2.9	- 4.0 3.5 l		L 4.5	5.2	3.7	5.9	113.3	1.8	3.4	3.3	2.9
TS Lombard	2.9	6.0	2.9 L	2.9 L		2.9	3.5	4.0	4.6 H			H 6.1	7.0	5.3	7.1	100.0 L	1.5	4.5 I		H 4.5 H
Georgia State University	2.6 L	5.7 L	na L	na	2.5 L			L 2.4 I		3.5 l		4.6	5.3	na	5.6 L	na l	1.4	2.6	1.9	2.3
		-																		
June Consensus	3.7	6.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.8	4.2	4.6	5.3	6.1	4.4	6.4	113.0	1.4	2.6	2.8	2.7
Top 10 Avg.	4.1	7.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.8	6.7	4.9	6.8	115.3	2.0	3.3	3.6	3.3
Bottom 10 Avg.	3.2	6.3	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.9	4.1	4.8	5.5	4.0	6.1	110.8	0.8	2.0	1.9	2.0
Standard Deviation	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.4	4.2	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.6
May Consensus	3.6	6.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.4	5.2	6.0	4.3	6.3	112.6	1.4	2.6	2.8	2.6
Number of Forecasts Changed From A Mon	th Ago:	_																		
Down	1	3	1	2	5	2	3	8	6	2	1	4	3	1	3	6	9	10	11	10
Same	26	19	19	13	18	16	13	16	14	16	13	7	7	7	11	3	14	14	12	12
Up	10	8	5	5	9	9	12	10	13	18	19	11	11	10	13	9	14	10	13	12
Diffusion Index	62%	58%	58%	58%	56%	63%	66%	53%	61%	72%	77%	66%	69%	75%	69%	58%	57%	50%	53%	53%
Diliusion index	VL /U	JU /II	JU /U	JU /0	JU /0	UU /U	UU /U	JJ /0	U I /U	14/0	1 / /0	UU /0	UJ/0	1 0 /0	U U /U	JU /0	01/0	JU /U	JJ /0	JJ /0

Second Quarter 2026 Interest Rate Forecasts

	Percent Per Annum Average For Quarter									-	Avg. For(Q-Q % Change)									
Blue Chip			S	Short-Terr	m			Inte	ermediate-T	erm		Lc	ng-Term			Qtr		(SAAR)	
Financial Forecasts	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A.	В.	C.	D.	E.
Panel Members	Federal	Prime	SOFR	Com.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Treas.	Aaa	Baa	State &	Home	Fed's Adv		GDP	Cons.	PCE
	Funds	Bank	Rate	Paper	Bills	Bills	Bills	Notes	Notes		Bond	Corp.	Corp.	Local	Mtg.	Fgn Econ	Real	Price	Price	Price
Bank of America	Rate	Rate		1-Mo.	3-Mo.	6-Mo.	1-Yr.	2-Yr.	5-Yr.	10-Yr.	30-Yr.	Bond	Bond	Bonds	Rate	\$ Index	GDP	Index	Index	Index 2.2
Comerica Bank	4.4 H 4.3	na 7.5 H	na 4.3 H	na na	na 4.3 H	na + 4.3 I	na H 4.1	3.8 3.6	4.2 3.9	4.6 4.6	5.0 5.0	na 5.9	na 6.7	na na	na 6.8	na na	1.6 1.9	2.4 2.4	2.4 2.6	2.4
NatWest Markets	4.3	7.5 H	na	4.3 H		4.2	4.2		na	na	na			H 6.0 F		na	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.7
Scotiabank Group	4.0	na	3.8	na	3.7	na	na	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.9	na	na	na	na	na	0.8	L 2.6	2.7	2.9
The Northern Trust Company	3.9	7.0	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.6	5.0	6.0	6.7	5.1	7.1	109.0	1.4	2.3	2.6	2.4
Action Economics	3.8	6.9	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.2	5.0	5.7	3.9	6.4	116.2	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.3
Chmura Economics & Analytics	3.8	6.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	5.1	na	na	6.1	na	2.0	2.6	2.7	2.4
J.P. Morgan Chase	3.8	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.6
Roberts Capital Advisors	3.8	7.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.7	5.2	6.0	4.3	6.7	115.0	1.9	2.5	2.8	2.6
Santander Capital Markets	3.8	7.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.7	5.6	6.5	5.0	6.4	113.0	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.6
Chan Economics	3.7	7.0	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.8	4.0	4.7	5.5	4.0	6.1	111.5	1.5	2.1	2.4	2.2
Barclays Goldman Sachs & Co.	3.6 3.6	na na	na na	na na	na 3.9	na na	na na	na 3.9	na 4.0	na 4.5	na 5.0	na na	na na	na na	na na	na na	1.5 1.8	2.2 3.0	2.1 3.0	2.0 2.9
Nomura Securities, Inc.	3.6	6.8	na	na	na	na	na	3.5	3.8	4.3	na	na	na na	na	na	na	1.0	1.5	2.1	1.9
PNC Financial Services Corp.	3.6	6.8	3.6	na	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.7	na	6.4	4.7	6.3	121.8 H	1.2	1.9	2.4	2.2
Regions Financial Corporation	3.6	6.8	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	4.5	5.0	5.3	6.1	4.6	6.6	112.1	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.4
S&P Global Market Intelligence	3.6	6.7	3.5	na	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.4	na	na	na	6.2	na	2.0	1.6	2.4	2.2
Daiwa Capital Markets America	3.5	6.6	na	na	3.4	na	na	3.4	3.6	4.1	4.7	na	na	na	6.3	114.0	1.8	2.6	2.7	2.5
DePrince & Assoc.	3.5	6.7	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.5	4.2	4.7	5.5	6.2	4.6	6.2	115.4	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.5
Fannie Mae	3.5	6.7	na	na	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.1	na	na	na	6.3	na	2.0	1.6	2.2	2.2
MacroFin Analytics & Rutgers Bus School	3.5	6.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.4	4.9	5.6	6.1	4.4	6.7	111.3	1.0	2.9	3.4	3.5
Naroff Economics LLC	3.5	6.5	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.1	na	na	4.1	5.5 L	115.0	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.0
Societe Generale Via Nova Investment Mgt.	3.5 3.5	6.7 6.8	3.5 3.5	na 3.5	3.4 3.4	3.3 3.5	3.2 3.6	3.4 3.7	3.6 4.1	4.3 4.5	4.6 4.8	na 5.7	na 6.3	na 4.2	na 6.8	na 110.0	1.7 2.0	2.1 2.0	2.7 2.0	2.4 2.0
Economist Intelligence Unit	3.4	6.3	na	na	3.4	na	3.5	na	na	4.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.6	na	2.0	na
Wells Fargo	3.4	6.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7	4.2	4.8	5.4	6.4	4.8	6.4	na	2.8	H 2.2	2.6	2.2
Moody's Analytics	3.3	6.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.7	6.7	4.3	6.3	na	1.7	2.8	2.9	2.9
Oxford Economics	3.3	6.5	3.3	na	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.6	4.1	4.5	4.7	na	na	6.2	113.8	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.2
EY-Parthenon	3.2	na	na	na	3.3	na	na	na	na	3.8	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.6	2.3	2.0	2.4
KPMG	3.2	6.3	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.6	4.1	4.0	4.6	5.9	na	6.2	na	2.0	0.9	L 1.8	1.6
TS Lombard	3.2	6.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.7	4.3	H 4.8 F			H 6.4	7.2	5.5	7.3	100.0 L	2.0	4.0 H	H 4.0	H 4.0 H
ING	3.1	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.2	3.7	4.3	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	1.9	na	na	na
BMO Capital Markets	3.0	6.2	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.2	5.3	6.2	4.0	6.1	111.2	1.6	2.4	2.5	2.3
The Lonski Group Georgia State University	2.9 2.4	6.0 5.5 L	2.8 na	2.9 na	2.9 2.2 l	2.8	3.0 2.5	3.2 2.5	3.5 3.1	3.8 3.6	4.0 4.0	4.8 4.8	5.4 5.5	3.8 na	5.7 5.6	116.0 na	1.7 1.4	2.0 2.1	2.1 1.7	1.4 L L 2.3
MacroPolicy Perspectives	2.4	5.6	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3			L 2.3 L		4.2		L 3.3	L 4.0	5.8	113.9	1.4	2.1	2.5	2.3
Loomis, Sayles & Company	2.3 L	5.5 L	2.3 L	2.3 L		2.4	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.3	L 3.5	L 4.2	4.9	3.4 L	. 5.7	113.3	1.8	1.8	2.9	2.4
June Consensus	3.5	6.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	4.2	4.6	5.2	6.1	4.5	6.3	112.9	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.4
Top 10 Avg.	4.0	7.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.8	6.7	4.9	6.8	115.4	2.2	2.8	3.0	2.9
Bottom 10 Avg.	2.9	6.1	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.8	4.1	4.6	5.4	4.0	5.9	110.5	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.9
Standard Deviation	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.5	4.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
May Consensus		6.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.4	5.2	6.0	4.3	6.2	112.5	1.8	2.3	2.5	2.4
Number of Forecasts Changed From A Mon		-																		
Down	3	4	3	4	6	4	6	8	8	0	1	4	3	2	3	6	9	7	7	4
Same	26	20	17	12	17	13	10	16	15	18	14	9	8	7	10	3	15	14	14	15
Up	8	6	5	4	9	10	12	8	8	16	16	9	10	9	14	9	13	13	15	15
Diffusion Index	57%	53%	54%	50%	55%	61%	61%	50%	50%	74%	74%	61%	67%	69%	70%	58%	55%	59%	61%	66%

Third Quarter 2026

Interest Rate Forecasts

	Percent Per Annum Average For Quarter									-	Avg. For		(Q-Q	% Change	*)					
Blue Chip			5	Short-Terr	m			Inter	mediate-T	erm		Lo	ng-Term-			Qtr		(SAAR)	
Financial Forecasts	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A.	В.	C.	D.	E.
Panel Members	Federal	Prime	SOFR	Com.	Treas.	Aaa	Baa	State &	Home	Fed's Adv		GDP	Cons.	PCE						
	Funds	Bank	Rate	Paper	Bills	Bills	Bills	Notes	Notes	Notes	Bond	Corp.	Corp.	Local	Mtg.	Fgn Econ	Real	Price	Price	Price
	Rate	Rate		1-Mo.	3-Mo.	6-Mo.	1-Yr.	2-Yr.	5-Yr.	10-Yr.	30-Yr.	Bond	Bond	Bonds	Rate	\$ Index	GDP	Index	Index	Index
Comerica Bank	4.3 H	7.5 H	4.3 H		4.2 H		3.9	3.4	3.8	4.5	4.8	5.7	6.5	na	6.7	na	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.3
NatWest Markets	4.3 H	7.5 H	na	4.3 H		4.2			na	na	na	6.6	H 7.5	H 6.0 H		na	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.9 L
Bank of America	3.9	na	na	na	na 400.0	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.2											
The Northern Trust Company	3.9	7.0	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.6	5.0	6.0	6.7	5.1	7.1	108.0	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.4
Santander Capital Markets Scotiabank Group	3.8 3.8	7.0 na	3.8	3.8	3.8 3.5	3.8 na	3.9 na	4.0 3.5	4.1 3.9	4.3 4.3	4.7 4.9	5.6 na	6.5	5.1 na	6.5 na	113.5 na	2.6 1.6	2.4 2.1	2.6 2.2	2.2
Chan Economics	3.7	7.0	3.7	na 3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.8	4.0	4.7	na 5.5	4.0	6.1	111.2	1.5	2.0	2.2	2.0
Action Economics	3.6	6.8	4.0	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.8	5.6	3.7	6.3	116.5	na	na	na	na
Chmura Economics & Analytics	3.6	6.8	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.9	na	na	5.9	na	2.8	2.4	2.5	2.2
Goldman Sachs & Co.	3.6	na	na	na	3.9	na	na	3.9	4.1	4.6	5.0	na	na	na	na	na	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.5
J.P. Morgan Chase	3.6	na	na	na	na	2.5	2.0	2.3	2.1											
Nomura Securities, Inc.	3.6	6.8	na	na	na	na	na	3.5	3.8	4.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.7	1.5	L 2.2	1.9 L
PNC Financial Services Corp.	3.6	6.8	3.6	na	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.9	4.3	4.7	na	6.3	4.8	6.4	121.3 H	1.4	1.7	2.3	2.0
Roberts Capital Advisors	3.5	6.7	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.8	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.9	4.2	6.6	115.0	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.5
Via Nova Investment Mgt.	3.5	6.8	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.5	4.8	5.7	6.3	4.2	6.8	110.0	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0
Barclays	3.4	na	na	na	na	1.5	2.2	2.1	1.9 L											
Daiwa Capital Markets America	3.4	6.5	na	na	3.4	na	na	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.8	na	na	na	6.4	114.0	1.7	2.5	2.5	2.3
DePrince & Assoc. Economist Intelligence Unit	3.4	6.5	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.5	4.1	4.6	5.5	6.2	4.6	6.1	115.4	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.4
Fannie Mae	3.4 3.4	6.3 6.5	na	na	3.3 3.8	na 3.8	3.5 3.9	na 3.9	na 4.3	4.2 4.7	na 5.1	na	na	na	na 6.3	na na	2.0	na 2.1	2.3 2.5	na 2.2
MacroFin Analytics & Rutgers Bus School	3.4	6.5	na 3.4	na 3.5	3.4	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.7	4.9	na 5.5	na 6.0	na 4.3	6.7	111.1	1.0 l	3.0	3.3	3.2
Regions Financial Corporation	3.4	6.6	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.8	4.6	5.0	5.4	6.1	4.7	6.5	112.4	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.2
TS Lombard	3.4	6.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	4.0		H 4.8 H			H 6.4	7.2	5.5	7.3	100.0 L	2.0	3.8	H 3.8	3.8 H
Wells Fargo	3.4	6.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.4	6.4	4.8	6.4	na	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.0
Naroff Economics LLC	3.3	6.3	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.8	4.1	4.3	na	na	4.3	5.6	116.5	3.0 H	1 2.1	2.3	2.2
S&P Global Market Intelligence	3.3	6.5	3.3	na	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.9	4.4	na	na	na	6.1	na	2.0	1.9	2.6	2.1
Societe Generale	3.3	6.5	3.3	na	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.7	4.3	4.6	na	na	na	na	na	2.3	2.1	2.7	2.4
ING	3.1	na	na	na	na	na	na	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.4	na	na	na	na	na	2.2	na	na	na
Oxford Economics	3.1	6.2	3.1	na	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.4	4.7	na	na	6.0	113.5	2.7	1.9	1.9	2.2
EY-Parthenon	3.0	na	na	na	3.0	na	na	na	na	3.8	na	na	na	na	na	na	1.9	2.3	1.8	L 2.5
Moody's Analytics BMO Capital Markets	3.0	6.2	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.7	5.8	6.8	4.3	6.3 6.2	na 110.7	1.9 1.8	1.9 2.5	2.1	1.9 L
KPMG	2.9 2.9	6.0 6.0	2.9 2.8	2.9 2.9	2.8 2.7	2.9 3.0	2.9 3.1	2.9 3.1	3.4 3.5	3.8 3.9	4.3 3.9	5.2 4.5	6.2 5.8	4.0 na	6.0	110.7 na	2.3	2.3	2.6 3.0	2.4 2.5
The Lonski Group	2.6	5.8	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.8	4.5	5.1	3.5	5.5	117.3	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.4
Georgia State University	2.4	5.5	na	na	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	3.1	3.7	4.0	4.9	5.6	na	5.7	na	1.6	2.3	2.3	2.3
Loomis, Sayles & Company	2.3	5.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.3	L 3.5	L 4.1	4.7	3.4 L	. 5.6	113.3	1.9	2.1	2.8	2.3
MacroPolicy Perspectives	2.0 L	5.1 L	2.0 L	2.0 L	_ 1.9 L			L 1.8	L 1.8 L		4.2	2.6	L 2.8	L 4.0	5.3 L	113.9	1.5	3.5		H 3.5
June Consensus	3.4	6.5	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.7	4.2	4.5	5.2	6.0	4.4	6.3	113.0	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.3
Top 10 Avg.	3.9	7.0	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.8	6.6	4.9	6.8	115.7	2.5	2.8	3.0	2.8
Bottom 10 Avg.	2.7	5.9	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.0	4.5	5.3	4.0	5.8	110.4	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.0
Standard Deviation	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.5	4.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4
May Consensus		6.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.7	4.1	4.4	5.1	5.9	4.3	6.2	112.4	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.3
Number of Forecasts Changed From A Mon	·			4		,	-	•	,			•	•	,	,		40		•	0
Down Same	3 23	5 17	3	4	6	4	5	6	4	2	1	2 10	2	1	4 8	6	12 16	8 14	6	8
Same	23 11	17 8	14 8	11 5	15 11	12 11	11 12	16 9	16 10	15 16	11 18	10	8 11	8 9	8 15	10	8	14	15 13	11 14
Diffusion Index	61%	55%	60%	53%	58%	63%	63%	55%	60%	71%	78%	68%	71%	72%	70%	61%	44%	55%	60%	59%

International Interest Rate And Foreign Exchange Rate Forecasts

	Fed F	und Targe	t Rate
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
Barclays	4.38	4.21	3.88
BMO Capital Markets	4.13	3.88	3.13
ING Financial Markets	4.38	3.88	3.13
Moody's Analytics	4.37	4.17	3.59
Nomura Securities	4.38	4.38	3.63
Northern Trust	4.38	4.13	3.88
Oxford Economics	4.38	4.38	3.84
Economist Intelligence Unit	4.38	3.88	3.38
Scotiabank	4.38	4.38	3.88
TS Lombard	3.90	3.13	2.88
Wells Fargo	4.38	3.88	3.38
June Consensus	4.31	4.03	3.51
High	4.38	4.38	3.88
Low	3.90	3.13	2.88
Last Months Avg.	4.24	3.95	3.44

		Rate Balan	ce Rate
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
Barclays	0.50	0.50	0.75
BMO Capital Markets	0.50	0.50	0.50
ING Financial Markets	0.75	0.75	1.00
Moody's Analytics	0.50	0.50	0.69
Nomura Securities	0.50	0.50	0.75
Northern Trust	0.50	0.50	0.75
Oxford Economics	0.50	0.50	0.50
S&P Global Market Intelligence			
Economist Intelligence Unit	0.50	0.50	0.50
Scotiabank			
TS Lombard	0.25	0.35	0.50
Wells Fargo	0.50	0.50	0.75
June Consensus	0.50	0.51	0.67
High	0.75	0.75	1.00
Low	0.25	0.35	0.50
Last Months Avg.	0.55	0.61	0.73

i			
		cial Bank F	
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
Barclays	3.75	3.50	3.50
BMO Capital Markets	4.25	4.00	4.00
ING Financial Markets	4.25	4.00	3.50
Moody's Analytics	4.35	4.10	3.60
Nomura Securities	4.00	3.75	3.50
Northern Trust	4.00	3.75	3.25
Oxford Economics	4.35	4.10	3.60
S&P Global Market Intelligence			
Economist Intelligence Unit	3.88	3.63	3.13
Scotiabank	4.00	3.75	3.25
TS Lombard	4.00	3.50	4.50
Wells Fargo	4.25	4.00	3.50
June Consensus	4.10	3.83	3.58
High	4.35	4.10	4.50
Low	3.75	3.50	3.13
Last Months Avg.	4.17	3.87	3.64

	SNB Policy Rate						
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.				
Barclays	0.00	-0.25					
BMO Capital Markets	0.25	0.25	0.25				
ING Financial Markets	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Moody's Analytics	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Nomura Securities	0.00	-0.25	-0.25				
Northern Trust	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Oxford Economics	0.23	0.00	0.00				
S&P Global Market Intelligence							
Economist Intelligence Unit	0.28	0.25	0.25				
Scotiabank							
TS Lombard	1.00	1.00	1.25				
Wells Fargo	0.25	0.25	0.25				
June Consensus	0.20	0.13	0.19				
High	1.00	1.00	1.25				
Low	0.00	-0.25	-0.25				
Last Months Avg.	0.25	0.20	0.22				

	O/N MM	lkt Financi	ng Rate
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
Barclays	2.50	2.25	
BMO Capital Markets	2.50	2.25	2.00
ING Financial Markets	2.50	2.25	2.25
Moody's Analytics	2.75	2.54	2.00
Nomura Securities	2.50	2.50	2.50
Northern Trust	2.25	2.25	2.25
Oxford Economics	2.75	2.75	2.75
S&P Global Market Intelligence			
Economist Intelligence Unit	2.24	2.10	1.95
Scotiabank	2.75	2.75	2.25
TS Lombard	2.50	2.25	2.75
Wells Fargo	2.75	2.50	2.25
June Consensus	2.54	2.40	2.30
High	2.75	2.75	2.75
Low	2.24	2.10	1.95
Last Months Avg.	2.54	2.35	2.27

United States										
10 Yr. (Gov't Bond									
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.								
4.27	4.22									
4.24	4.06	3.75								
4.75	4.50	4.25								
4.16	4.11	4.13								
4.40	4.50	4.60								
4.32	4.21	4.11								
4.40	4.30	4.10								
4.15	4.25	4.25								
4.45	4.65	5.25								
4.20	4.10	4.05								
4.33	4.29	4.28								
4.75	4.65	5.25								
4.15	4.06	3.75								
4.26	4.23	4.25								

	Japan	
	Gov't Bond	
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
1.38	1.43	
1.26	1.21	1.20
1.50	1.50	1.75
1.29	1.31	1.46
1.50	1.50	1.60
1.31	1.31	1.33
1.20	1.20	1.22
1.30	1.20	1.10
1.55	1.55	1.70
1.37	1.36	1.42
1.55	1.55	1.75
1.20	1.20	1.10
1.36	1.36	1.36

United Kingdom									
	Yr. Gilt Yield								
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.							
4.67	4.70								
4.57	4.57	4.47							
4.60	4.60	4.40							
4.45	4.42	4.36							
4.70	4.60	4.50							
4.63	4.64	4.42							
4.20	4.00	3.50							
4.50	4.25	4.75							
4.70	4.60	4.45							
4.56	4.49	4.36							
4.70	4.70	4.75							
4.20	4.00	3.50							
4.53	4.45	4.35							

Switzerland				
	Gov't Bond			
In 3 Mo. In 6 Mo. In 12 Mo.				
0.40	0.50	0.80		
0.47	0.67	0.79		
0.30	0.40	0.50		
0.35	0.40	0.48		
0.27	0.24	0.24		
0.50	0.60	0.70		
0.38	0.47	0.59		
0.50	0.67	0.80		
0.27	0.24	0.24		
0.50	0.56	0.69		

Canada					
10 Yr. 0	Gov't Bond	Yield %			
In 3 Mo.	In 3 Mo. In 6 Mo. In 12 Mo				
3.05	2.92	2.70			
3.00	3.25	3.75			
3.03	3.07	3.29			
3.30	3.25	3.20			
3.13	3.23	3.32			
2.64	2.80	3.20			
3.05	3.00	3.20			
3.25	3.45	4.05			
3.25	3.20	3.15			
3.08	3.13	3.32			
3.30	3.45	4.05			
2.64	2.80	2.70			
3.03	3.09	3.26			

	d's AFE\$ Inc			
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo. In 12 Mo			
113.3	112.4	111.2		
115.5	116.2	114.9		
114.0	112.0	109.0		
116.2	114.1	114.1		
120.0	110.0	100.0		
115.8	112.9	109.8		
120.0	116.2	114.9		
113.3	110.0	100.0		
115.5	112.9	109.8		

,	Yen per US\$	i
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
142.0	143.3	
143.7	142.4	141.2
158.0	158.0	155.0
148.9	146.8	141.7
140.0	138.0	
142.0	139.0	136.0
148.2	150.2	151.5
143.8	142.0	139.0
134.0	132.0	128.0
140.0	135.0	130.0
145.0	135.0	125.0
144.1	142.0	138.6
158.0	158.0	155.0
134.0	132.0	125.0
144.4	141.9	137.9

US\$ p	er Pound St	erling
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
1.38	1.39	
1.34	1.35	1.36
1.31	1.29	1.29
1.30	1.25	1.24
1.30	1.30	
1.32	1.35	1.35
1.30	1.32	1.32
1.30	1.30	1.31
1.28	1.33	1.33
1.33	1.33	1.37
1.25	1.20	1.12
1.31	1.31	1.30
1.38	1.39	1.37
1.25	1.20	1.12
1.30	1.29	1.27

CHF per US\$				
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.		
0.82	0.82			
0.83	0.82	0.82		
0.91	0.85	0.85		
0.84	0.85	0.85		
0.84	0.87			
0.83	0.83	0.82		
0.85	0.83	0.82		
0.84	0.84	0.84		
0.87	0.87	0.87		
0.81	0.81	0.78		
0.90	0.90	0.90		
0.85	0.84	0.84		
0.91	0.90	0.90		
0.81	0.81	0.78		
0.85	0.84	0.84		

C\$ per US\$			
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.	
1.40	1.39		
1.40	1.40	1.38	
1.39	1.40	1.38	
1.43	1.42	1.40	
1.39	1.38		
1.39	1.36	1.33	
1.44	1.40	1.40	
1.40	1.44	1.44	
1.38	1.37	1.37	
1.38	1.38	1.36	
1.30	1.30	1.30	
1.39	1.39	1.37	
1.44	1.44	1.44	
1.30	1.30	1.30	
1.41	1.41	1.40	

International Interest Rate And Foreign Exchange Rate Forecasts

•			
	Offi	icial Cash F	Rate
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
Barclays	3.60	3.35	
BMO Capital Markets	3.60	3.35	3.35
ING Financial Markets	3.85	3.60	3.35
Moody's Analytics	3.98	3.84	3.35
Nomura Securities	3.65	3.35	3.35
Northern Trust	3.35	3.35	3.35
Oxford Economics	3.97	3.73	3.35
S&P Global Market Intelligence			
Economist Intelligence Unit	3.60	3.10	3.10
Scotiabank			
TS Lombard	3.75	3.25	3.75
Wells Fargo	3.85	3.60	3.35
June Consensus	3.72	3.45	3.37
High	3.98	3.84	3.75
Low	3.35	3.10	3.10
Last Months Avg.	3.82	3.58	3.42

Australia			
10 Yr. (Gov't Bond	Yield %	
In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.	
		-	
4.25	4.50	5.00	
4.24	4.19	4.07	
4.35	4.35 4.25 4.15		
4.27	4.16	4.17	
3.90	3.80	3.20	
4.50	4.50 4.70 5.30		
4.25	4.27	4.32	
4.50	4.70	5.30	
3.90	3.80	3.20	
4.21	4.24	4.37	
Euro area			

US\$ per A\$				
In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.			
0.63				
0.62	0.64			
0.64	0.65			
0.66				
0.65	0.68			
0.63	0.64			
0.66	0.67			
0.65	0.65			
0.66	0.68			
0.65	0.65			
0.65	0.66			
0.66	0.68			
0.62	0.64			
0.64	0.64			
	In 6 Mo. 0.63 0.62 0.64 0.66 0.65 0.63 0.66 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.66 0.65			

1.18 1.25

1.15 1.25

1.06

1.14

	Main Refinancing Rate		
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
Barclays	2.15	1.90	1.65
BMO Capital Markets	2.00	1.75	1.75
ING Financial Markets	2.00	1.75	1.75
Moody's Analytics	2.41	1.97	1.90
Nomura Securities	1.75	1.50	1.50
Northern Trust	1.90	1.90	1.90
Oxford Economics	2.36	2.15	2.15
S&P Global Market Intelligence			
Economist Intelligence Unit	2.00	1.75	1.75
Scotiabank	1.90	1.90	1.90
TS Lombard	2.00	1.50	2.00
Wells Fargo	2.00	1.75	1.75
June Consensus	2.04	1.80	1.82
High	2.41	2.15	2.15
Low	1.75	1.50	1.50
Last Months Avg.	2.02	1.76	1.80

<u> </u>	US\$ per Euro		
	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.
	1.15	1.15	
	1.13	1.15	1.16
	1.13	1.11	1.12
	1.12	1.11	1.12
	1.14	1.15	
	1.11	1.14	1.16
	1.11	1.13	1.13
	1.13	1.13	1.14
	1.11	1.14	1.06
	1.14	1.14	1.18

1.08

1.12 1.15

1.08

1.11

1.10

1.13

1.15

1.10

1.12

		10 Yr. Gov't Bond Yields %											
		Germany			France			Italy			Spain		
Blue Chip Forecasters	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.	In 3 Mo.	In 6 Mo.	In 12 Mo.	
Barclays	2.78	2.87											
BMO Capital Markets	2.45	2.39	2.27										
ING Financial Markets	2.50	2.60	2.80	3.25	3.35	3.55	3.65	3.75	3.95	3.15	3.25	3.45	
Moody's Analytics	2.55	2.58	2.61	3.19	3.12	3.06	3.75	3.79	3.77	3.23	3.21	3.20	
Northern Trust	2.55	2.50	2.45	3.25	3.20	3.15	3.65	3.55	3.50	3.20	3.15	3.10	
Oxford Economics	2.51	2.59	2.72	3.24	3.36	3.56	3.67	3.78	4.05	3.20	3.29	3.49	
Economist Intelligence Unit	2.50	2.50	2.40	3.40	3.40	3.30	3.76	3.80	3.79	2.70	2.50	2.83	
TS Lombard	2.65	2.85	3.45	3.30	3.60	4.20	3.65	3.85	4.45	3.20	3.40	4.00	
Wells Fargo	2.55	2.45	2.35										
June Consensus	2.56	2.59	2.63	3.27	3.34	3.47	3.69	3.75	3.92	3.11	3.13	3.35	
High	2.78	2.87	3.45	3.40	3.60	4.20	3.76	3.85	4.45	3.23	3.40	4.00	
Low	2.45	2.39	2.27	3.19	3.12	3.06	3.65	3.55	3.50	2.70	2.50	2.83	
Last Months Ava	2 55	2 52	2 59	3 31	3 30	3 51	3 74	3.82	3 96	3 20	3 1 9	3 36	

	Consensus Forecasts											
	10-ye	10-year Bond Yields vs U.S. Yield										
	Current In 3 Mo. In 6 Mo. In 12 M											
Japan	-2.95	-2.97	-2.93	-2.86								
United Kingdom	0.18	0.22	0.20	0.08								
Switzerland	-4.16	-3.95	-3.82	-3.69								
Canada	-1.16	-1.26	-1.16	-0.96								
Australia	-0.09	-0.08	-0.02	0.04								
Germany	-1.94	-1.77	-1.70	-1.65								
France	-1.23	-1.06	-0.95	-0.81								
Italy	-0.90	-0.65	-0.54	-0.36								
Spain	-1.28	-1.22	-1.16	-0.93								

	Consensus Forecasts									
	Policy Rates vs U.S. Target Rate Current In 3 Mo. In 6 Mo. In 12 Mo.									
Japan	-3.88	-3.81	-4.54	-2.84						
United Kingdom	-0.13	-0.21	-0.20	0.07						
Switzerland	-4.13 -4.11 -3.90 -3									
Canada	-1.63	-1.77	-1.63	-1.21						
Australia	-0.53	-0.59	-0.58	-0.14						
Euro area	-1.98	-2.27	-2.23	-1.69						

Special Questions:

1. a. At what FOMC meeting will the next fed funds rate (FFR) cut occur?

<u>Jun 2025</u> 3% <u>Jul 2025</u> 16% <u>Sep 2025</u> 42% <u>Later</u> 39% <u>The next move is more likely to be a hike</u> 0%

b. How much will the next cut be? <u>25 bps</u> 87% <u>50 bps</u> 13%

c. By how much will the FFR target decline in total in 2025? 56 bps

2. What is the probability of a recession occurring over the next twelve months in the:

	<u>US</u>	euro area	<u>UK</u>
Consensus	41%	45%	45%
Top 10	58%	55%	55%
Bot 10	27%	36%	35%
Median	38%	40%	45%

3. If tariffs went back to pre-April 2 levels, what would your probability of a US recession be within the next twelve months?

<u>Consensus</u> 34% <u>Top 10</u> 54% <u>Bot 10</u> 17% <u>Median</u> 25%

4. Will the tariff policies that have been announced so far provide a significant boost to US inflation?

No meaningful effect on inflation 0%

A one-time increase in prices only
A longer-lasting pickup in inflation

37%

5. a. What is your estimate of the US unemployment rate in:

<u>Dec 2025</u> 4.6% <u>Jun 2026</u> 4.7%

b. What is your estimate of the long-run natural unemployment rate?

Consensus 4.1% Top 10 4.3% Bot 10 3.9% Median 4.0%

6. a. When will the next ECB policy rate cut occur?

<u>Jun 2025</u> 91% <u>Jul 2025</u> 4% <u>Sep 2025</u> 0% <u>Later</u> 4%

b. When will the next BoE Bank rate cut occur?

Jun 2025 41% Aug 2025 41% Sep 2025 9% Later 9%

c. When will the Bank of Japan next increase its uncollateralized overnight call rate?

<u>Jun 2025</u> 9% <u>Jul 2025</u> 13% <u>Sep 2025</u> 13% <u>Later</u> 61% <u>The next move is more likely to be a cut</u> 4%

Viewpoints:

A Sampling of Views on the Economy, Financial Markets and Government Policy Excerpted from Recent Reports Issued by our Blue Chip Panel Members and Others

Government Transfer Payments Cannot Forever Outrun Wage and Salary Incomes

Trouble ahead if rates are slow to decline ...

The S&P 500 is now up by 1.9% from last Friday's close. Relief from tariffs may explain why the 4.9% advance by the automaker share price index leads the market for the week-to-date.

With help from NVIDIA's 6.0% advance, information technology stocks were higher by 2.8%. The NASDAQ trailed both with a gain of 2.3% for the nearly finished week.

Still historically thin junk-bond yield spreads suggest the credit market does not expect a profits recession. Barring a profits recession, the economy may grow, albeit at a subpar pace. I sense that stagnation is more likely than stagflation.

The labor market will be key as to whether the US incurs an economic recession. I cannot predict with confidence that payrolls will contract by enough to shrink consumer spending and, thereby, push the US economy into a recessionary downward spiral.

Of the utmost importance is that the federal funds rate and Treasury bond yields are quick to decline by enough to extend the current economic recovery. The 10-year Treasury yield eased from the 4.51% of Friday, May 23 to May 29's 4.42%. At the same time, the 2-year Treasury note eased from 4.00% to 3.95%. Though I expect Treasury bond yields to be lower by half of a percentage point a year from now, to the degree tariffs temporarily boost inflation during the summer of 2025, the 10-year Treasury yield may make a short-lived run towards 4.75%.

Housing may not normalize until the 10-year Treasury yield approaches 3.5% and home prices remain flat to lower.

Any tariff induced rise by consumer prices will probably be resisted by consumers. After being downwardly revised from 1.8% to 1.2%, real consumer spending's annualized quarterly growth rate may improve to 2.2% in the second quarter but then rise no faster than 1.5% annualized, on average, during 2025's second half.

Growth benefits if taxes are skewed away from income and towards consumption ...

If the private-sector is the primary driver behind faster current-dollar GDP growth, the federal budget deficit will shrink both absolutely and relative to GDP. The federal government's taxation and spending programs must be designed to promote the growth of the private sector. Thus, federal revenues should go light on the taxation of personal income and corporate income and be skewed more towards consumption taxes. In addition, federal spending should attempt to boost production and enhance labor productivity.

Q1 2025's 7.5% yy surge by government transfer payments to persons sped past 4.2% rise by wages and salaries ...

The Friday, May 30 release of April's report on personal income, consumer spending, and the PCE price indices will supply

the latest estimates of government transfer payments for social security, Medicare, and Medicaid, as well as personal income tax payments.

Preliminary estimates for 2025's first quarter showed year-over-year increases of 7.2% for social security payments, 9.6% for Medicare payments, 6.8% for Medicaid payments, and 7.5% for personal income taxes paid. First-quarter 2025's grand total for all government transfer payments to individuals rose by 7.5% year-on-year to \$4.64 trillion annualized.

The first quarter of 2025 also showed a yearly increase of 4.2% for wage and salary income that was divided between a 4.0% rise for private-sector wages and salaries and a 5.6% increase for wages and salaries paid to government employees. Nevertheless, I expect private-sector employee compensation to be revised higher once bonuses and stock options are fully accounted for.

Rapid growth of government outlays on healthcare says it's time to broaden definition of sin taxes ...

The sum of government transfer payments for Medicare and Medicaid soared higher by 8.3% year-over-year in 2025's first quarter. Total government payments for Medicare and Medicaid approximated 61.4% of Q1 2025's consumer spending on healthcare as measured by the GDP accounts.

Making America healthier would help curb the growth of mandatory federal expenditures. An expansion of sin taxes beyond alcoholic beverages and tobacco products would both help to slow the growth of government outlays on medical care and lift tax revenues.

The sugar and salt content of processed foods, as well as other products that are injurious to human health provide a starting point. And what about the damage inflicted by social media in terms of indolence, mental health, and diminished intellectual achievement? Moving away from income taxes and towards consumption taxes makes so much sense.

Government transfer payments grew no faster than GDP prior to $2020\ldots$

Reflecting both the aging of the population, faster price inflation, and government profligacy, government transfer payments advanced by a rapid 7.7% annualized, on average, for the 21-quarter span stretching from 2020's first quarter through 2025's first quarter. The growth by transfer payments over the 21-quarter span was much faster than the comparably measured growth rates of 6.1% for current-dollar GDP and 5.8% for wage and salary income.

In stark contrast, during the 21 quarters ending with 2019's final quarter, total government transfer payments to individuals showed a much slower average annualized growth rate of 4.1%. The latter matched the accompanying 4.1% annualized rate of current-dollar GDP growth over the 21 quarters ending with Q4 2019.

John Lonski (thruthecycle.com)

Long-Range Survey:

The table below contains results of our semi-annual long-range CONSENSUS survey. There are also Top 10 and Bottom 10 averages for each variable. Shown are estimates for the years 2026 through 2031 and averages for the five-year periods 2027-2031 and 2032-2036. Apply these projections cautiously. Few economic, demographic and political forces can be evaluated accurately over such long time spans.

		Average For The Year						- Five-Year Averages				
		2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2027-2031	2032-2036			
1. Federal Funds Rate	CONSENSUS	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1			
	Top 10 Average	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4			
	Bottom 10 Average	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8			
2. Prime Rate	CONSENSUS	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2			
	Top 10 Average	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5			
	Bottom 10 Average	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.9			
3. SOFR	CONSENSUS	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1			
	Top 10 Average	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3			
	Bottom 10 Average	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.8			
4. Commercial Paper, 1-Mo	CONSENSUS	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1			
	Top 10 Average	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3			
5 T D'IIX 11 2 M	Bottom 10 Average	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.9			
5. Treasury Bill Yield, 3-Mo	CONSENSUS	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1			
	Top 10 Average	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3			
6 T Dill Vi-14 6 M-	Bottom 10 Average	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8			
6. Treasury Bill Yield, 6-Mo	CONSENSUS	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1			
	Top 10 Average	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.3 2.9	3.3 2.9	3.3 2.9	3.3 3.0	3.3 2.8			
7. Treasury Bill Yield, 1-Yr	Bottom 10 Average CONSENSUS	3.1 3.3	3.0 3.3	3.0 3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2			
7. Heasury Bill Held, 1-11	Top 10 Average	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4			
	Bottom 10 Average	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4			
8. Treasury Note Yield, 2-Yr	CONSENSUS	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4			
o. Heastry Prote Field, 2-11	Top 10 Average	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6			
	Bottom 10 Average	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1			
9. Treasury Note Yield, 5-Yr	CONSENSUS	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7			
7. 11 c asary 1.ccc 11 c 1a, c 11	Top 10 Average	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0			
	Bottom 10 Average	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4			
10. Treasury Note Yield, 10-Yr	CONSENSUS	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0			
•	Top 10 Average	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3			
	Bottom 10 Average	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8			
11. Treasury Bond Yield, 30-Yr	CONSENSUS	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.3			
	Top 10 Average	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7			
	Bottom 10 Average	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1			
12. Corporate Aaa Bond Yield	CONSENSUS	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1			
	Top 10 Average	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4			
	Bottom 10 Average	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9			
13. Corporate Baa Bond Yield	CONSENSUS	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0			
	Top 10 Average	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3			
	Bottom 10 Average	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.8			
14. State & Local Bonds Yield	CONSENSUS	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1			
	Top 10 Average	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4			
15 H M	Bottom 10 Average	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.8			
15. Home Mortgage Rate	CONSENSUS	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	5.9			
	Top 10 Average	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3			
A. Fed's AFE Nominal \$ Index	Bottom 10 Average CONSENSUS	5.9 113.3	6.0 112.7	5.8 112.7	5.8 112.2	5.8 111.7	5.7 111.3	5.8 112.1	5.6 110.8			
A. red's Are Normal's fildex	Top 10 Average	114.2	113.3	113.4	112.2	111.7	112.2	112.1	112.4			
	Bottom 10 Average	112.2	111.9	112.0	111.3	110.7	110.3	111.3	109.1			
	Bottom 1071velage				ear, % Change				Averages			
		2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2027-2031	2032-2036			
B. Real GDP	CONSENSUS	1.5	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9			
	Top 10 Average	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1			
	Bottom 10 Average	1.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8			
C. GDP Chained Price Index	CONSENSUS	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1			
	Top 10 Average	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2			
	Bottom 10 Average	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
D. Consumer Price Index	CONSENSUS	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2			
	Top 10 Average	2.9	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3			
	Bottom 10 Average	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1			
E. PCE Price Index	CONSENSUS	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9			
	Top 10 Average	2.8	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1			
	Bottom 10 Average	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8			

Databank:

2025 Historical Data												
Monthly Indicator	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Retail and Food Service Sales (a)	-0.9	0.0	1.7	0.1		••••				••••		
Auto & Light Truck Sales (b)	15.53	15.96	17.83	17.25	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •				• • • • •	
Personal Income (a, current \$)	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.8	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •				• • • • •	
Personal Consumption (a, current \$)	-0.1	0.4	0.7	0.2	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Consumer Credit (e)	2.3	-0.2	2.4	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Consumer Sentiment (U. of Mich.)	71.7	64.7	57.0	52.2	52.2	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Household Employment (c)	2234	-588	201	436	• • • •	• • • •		• • • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Nonfarm Payroll Employment (c)	111	102	185	177	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Average Hourly Earnings (All, cur. \$)	35.83	35.90	36.00	36.06	• • • •	• • • •		• • • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Average Workweek (All, hrs.)	34.1	34.2	34.3	34.3	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Industrial Production (d)	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.5	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Capacity Utilization (%)	77.5	78.1	77.8	77.7	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
ISM Manufacturing Index (g)	50.9	50.3	49.0	48.7	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
ISM Nonmanufacturing Index (g)	52.8	53.5	50.8	51.6	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Housing Starts (b)	1.358	1.490	1.339	1.361	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Housing Permits (b)	1.460	1.454	1.481	1.422	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
New Home Sales (1-family, c)	662	653	670	743	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Construction Expenditures (a)	0.1	0.6	-0.5		• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Consumer Price Index (nsa, d)	3.0	2.8	2.4	2.3	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
CPI ex. Food and Energy (nsa, d)	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.8	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
PCE Chain Price Index (d)	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.1	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Core PCE Chain Price Index (d)	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.5	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Producer Price Index (nsa, d)	3.8	3.4	3.4	2.4	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Durable Goods Orders (a)	0.2	1.0	7.6	-6.3	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Leading Economic Indicators (a)	-0.2	-0.2	-0.8	-1.0	• • • •	• • • •			• • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •
Balance of Trade & Services (f)	-130.7	-123.2	-140.5	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Federal Funds Rate (%)	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	••••		• • • •
3-Mo. Treasury Bill Rate (%)	4.34	4.33	4.34	4.32	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •		• • • •
10-Year Treasury Note Yield (%)	4.63	4.45	4.28	4.28	••••	••••	••••		••••	••••	••••	• • • •

2024 Historical Data												
Monthly Indicator	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Retail and Food Service Sales (a)	-0.8	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.4	-0.1	1.2	-0.2	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8
Auto & Light Truck Sales (b)	15.03	15.67	15.68	16.03	15.83	14.99	15.83	15.14	15.80	16.12	16.66	16.87
Personal Income (a, current \$)	1.4	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.4
Personal Consumption (a, current \$)	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.9
Consumer Credit (e)	3.4	2.5	0.1	0.9	2.1	0.5	4.2	2.0	1.0	2.5	-1.4	6.3
Consumer Sentiment (U. of Mich.)	79.0	76.9	79.4	77.2	69.1	68.2	66.4	67.9	70.1	70.5	71.8	74.0
Household Employment (c)	66	-177	412	70	-331	-9	64	206	377	-346	-273	478
Nonfarm Payroll Employment (c)	119	222	246	118	193	87	88	71	240	44	261	323
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1
Average Hourly Earnings (All, cur. \$)	34.47	34.54	34.67	34.75	34.89	35.00	35.07	35.23	35.33	35.48	35.61	35.68
Average Workweek (All, hrs.)	34.2	34.3	34.4	34.2	34.3	34.3	34.2	34.3	34.2	34.3	34.3	34.2
Industrial Production (d)	-1.2	-0.1	-0.3	-0.8	0.0	0.9	-0.5	-0.1	-0.7	-0.4	-0.9	0.4
Capacity Utilization (%)	77.2	78.1	77.8	77.7	78.1	78.2	77.6	77.9	77.5	77.1	76.8	77.5
ISM Manufacturing Index (g)	48.9	47.6	49.8	48.8	48.5	48.3	47.0	47.5	47.5	46.9	48.4	49.2
ISM Nonmanufacturing Index (g)	53.2	52.2	51.3	49.6	53.5	49.2	51.4	51.6	54.5	55.8	52.5	54.0
Housing Starts (b)	1.381	1.552	1.312	1.385	1.316	1.327	1.265	1.391	1.357	1.352	1.295	1.514
Housing Permits (b)	1.545	1.577	1.476	1.459	1.407	1.461	1.436	1.476	1.434	1.428	1.508	1.480
New Home Sales (1-family, c)	681	658	692	719	665	671	710	693	717	621	675	718
Construction Expenditures (a)	1.0	0.5	0.1	1.3	0.2	-1.1	0.0	0.9	-0.9	1.6	0.4	0.3
Consumer Price Index (nsa, d)	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.9
CPI ex. Food and Energy (nsa, d)	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2
PCE Chain Price Index (d)	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6
Core PCE Chain Price Index (d)	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9
Producer Price Index (nsa, d)	1.0	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.9	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.8	2.9	3.5
Durable Goods Orders (a)	-7.8	0.7	1.7	-0.2	0.0	-2.0	4.3	-1.1	0.9	0.3	-1.7	0.8
Leading Economic Indicators (a)	-0.5	0.1	-0.2	-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4	-0.3	0.3	-0.1
Balance of Trade & Services (f)	-66.9	-69.3	-68.5	-75.9	-76.6	-74.2	-79.9	-71.4	-85.0	-73.7	-78.2	-98.1
Federal Funds Rate (%)	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.33	5.13	4.83	4.64	4.48
3-Mo. Treasury Bill Rate (%)	5.45	5.44	5.47	5.44	5.46	5.51	5.43	5.30	4.92	4.72	4.62	4.39
10-Year Treasury Note Yield (%)	4.06	4.21	4.21	4.54	4.48	4.31	4.25	3.87	3.72	4.10	4.36	4.39

(a) month-over-month % change; (b) millions, saar; (c) month-over-month change, thousands; (d) year-over-year % change; (e) annualized % change; (f) \$ billions; (g) level. Most series are subject to frequent government revisions. Use with care.

Calendar of Upcoming Economic Data Releases

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
June 2 Construction (Apr) ISM Manufacturing (May) S&P Global Mfg PMI (May)	Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories & Orders (Apr) JOLTS (Apr)	ADP Employment Report (May) ISM Services PMI (May) S&P Global Services PMI (May) CEW (Q4) BEA Auto Sales (May) BEA Truck Sales (May) Mortgage Applications EIA Crude Oil Stocks	5 International Trade (Apr & Rev) Productivity & Costs (Q1)	6 Employment Situation (May) Consumer Credit (Apr) Baker Hughes International Rig Count (May)
9 Wholesale Trade (Apr) Treasury Auction Allotments (May)	QFR (Q1) Manpower Survey (Q3) NFIB (May) Kansas City Fed Labor Market Conditions Indicators (May)	Tansportation Services Index (Apr) Cleveland Fed Median CPI (May) Monthly Treasury (May) Kansas City Financial Stress Index (May) Mortgage Applications EIA Crude Oil Stocks	Producer Prices (May) QSS (Q1) Financial Account (Q1) Housing Affordability (Apr) Weekly Jobless Claims	Housing g Affordability (Apr) Consumer Sentiment (Jun, Preliminary) ECEC (Q1)
16 Empire State Mfg Survey (Jun) NABE Outlook (Q2) OPEC Crude Oil Spot Prices (May)	I7 Import & Export Prices (May) Advance Retail Sales (May) IP & Capacity Utilization (May) MTIS (Apr) Business Leaders Survey (Jun) Home Builders (Jun) FOMC Meeting	18 New Residential Construction (May) TIC Data (Apr) FOMC Meeting Weekly Jobless Claims Mortgage Applications EIA Crude Oil Stocks	Juneteenth National Independence Day All Markets Closed	20 Philadelphia Fed Mfg Business Outlook Survey (Jun) Composite Indexes (May)
23 Existing Home Sales (May) S&P Global Flash PMI (Jun)	24 Intl Transactions (Q1 & Rev) FHFA & Case-Shiller HPI (Apr) H.6 Money Stock (May) Treas Auction Allotments (Jun) Consumer Confidence (Jun) Philadelphia Fed Nommfg Business Outlook (Jun) Richmond Fed Mfg & Service Sector Surveys (Jun) Livingston Survey (Jan)	25 New Residential Sales (May) Final Building Permits (May) Steel Imports for Consumption (May, Preliminary) Mortgage Applications EIA Crude Oil Stocks	26 Adv Trade & Inventories (May) Advance Durable Goods (May) GDP (Q1, 3rd Estimate) Selected NIPA Tables & Key Source Data (Q1, 3rd Est) Chicago Fed National Activity Index (May) Kansas City Fed Manuf (Jun) Pending Home Sales (May) Weekly Jobless Claims	Personal Income (May) Agricultural Prices (May) Dallas Fed Trim Mean PCE (May) Strike Report (Jun) Underlying NIPA Tables (Q1) Consumer Sentiment (Jun, Final) Kansas City Fed Services (Jun) FRB Philadelphia Coincident Economic Activity Index (May) Chicago PMI (May)
30 Chicago PMI (Jun) International Investment Position (Q1 & Rev) Dallas Fed Banking Conditions Survey (Apr) Texas Manufacturing Outlook Survey (Jun)	July 1 Construction (May) ISM Manufacturing (Jun) S&P Global Mfg PMI (Jun) JOLTS (May) Texas Service Sector Outlook Survey (Jun)	2 ADP Employment Report (Jun) BEA Auto Sales (Jun) BEA Truck Sales (Jun) Challenger Employment Report (Jun) Mortgage Applications EIA Crude Oil Stocks	3 Employment Situation (Jun) Intl Trade/Supplement (May) MSIO (May) ISM Services PMI (Jun) S&P Global Services PMI (Jun) Trade by Port (May) Baker Hughes International Rig Count (Jun) Weekly Jobless Claims	4 Independence Day All Markets Closed
7 Public Debt (Jun) Interest on Public Debt (Jun)	8 Consumer Credit (May) NFIB (Jun) Kansas City Fed Labor Market Conditions Indicators (Jun)	9 Wholesale Trade (May) Mortgage Applications EIA Crude Oil Stocks	To Transportation Services Index (May) Kansas City Financial Stress Index (Jun) Weekly Jobless Claims	11 Monthly Treasury (Jun)

BLUE CHIP FORECASTERS

CONTRIBUTORS TO DOMESTIC SURVEY

Action Economics, LLC, Boulder, CO

Michael Englund

Bank of America, New York, NY

Ethan Harris

Barclays, New York, NY

Marc Giannoni

BMO Capital Markets Economics, Toronto, Canada

Scott Anderson

BNP Paribas North America, New York, NY

Andrew Schneider

Chan Economics, New York, NY

Anthony Chan

Chmura Economics & Analytics, Richmond, VA

Christine Chmura and Xiaobing Shuai

Comerica, Dallas, TX

Bill Adams

Daiwa Capital Markets America, New York, NY

Michael Moran

DePrince & Associates, Murfreesburo, TN

Albert E. DePrince Jr.

Economist Intelligence Unit, New York, NY

Leo Abruzzese and Jan Friederich

EY- Parthenon, New York, NY

Gregory Daco

Fannie Mae, Washington, DC

Douglas Duncan

Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA

Rajeev Dhawan

GLC Financial Economics, Providence, RI

Gary L. Ciminero

Goldman, Sachs & Co., New York, NY

Jan Hatzius

KPMG, New York, NY

Diane Swonk

ING Financial Markets, London, England

James Knightley

J.P. Morgan Chase, New York, NY

Bruce Kasman

Loomis, Sayles & Company, L.P., Boston, MA

Brian Horrigan

MacroFin Analytics & Rutgers Business School, Wayne, NJ

Parul Jain

MacroPolicy Perspectives, New York, NY

Julia Coronado and Laura Rosner

Moody's Analytics, West Chester, PA

Mark M. Zandi

Naroff Economics LLC, Philadelphia, PA

Joel L. Naroff

NatWest Markets, Greenwich, CT

Kevin Cummins and Deepika Dayal

Nomura Securities International, Inc., New York, NY

U.S. Economics

Northern Trust Company, Chicago, IL

Carl Tannenbaum

Oxford Economics, New York, NY

Ryan Sweet

PNC Financial Services Group, Pittsburgh, PA

Gus Faucher

RDQ Economics, New York, NY

John Ryding and Conrad de Quadros

Regions Financial Corporation, Birmingham, AL

Richard F. Moody

Roberts Capital Advisors, Denver, CO

Michael Roberts

Santander Capital Markets, New York, NY

Stephen Stanley

Scotiabank Group, Toronto, Canada

Jean-Francois Perrault

Societe Generale, New York, NY

Stephen W. Gallagher

S&P Global Market Intelligence, St. Louis, MO

Lawrence Nelson

Swiss Re, New York, NY

Jerome Haegeli

The Lonski Group, White Plains, NY

John Lonski

TS Lombard, London, UK

Steven Blitz

Via Nova Investment Management, Crozet, VA

Alan Gayle

Wells Fargo, Charlotte, NC

Jay Bryson

CONTRIBUTORS TO INTERNATIONAL SURVEY

Barclays Capital, New York, NY

BMO Capital Markets Economics, Toronto, Canada

Economist Intelligence Unit, New York, NY **ING Financial Markets**, London, England

Moody's Analytics, West Chester, PA

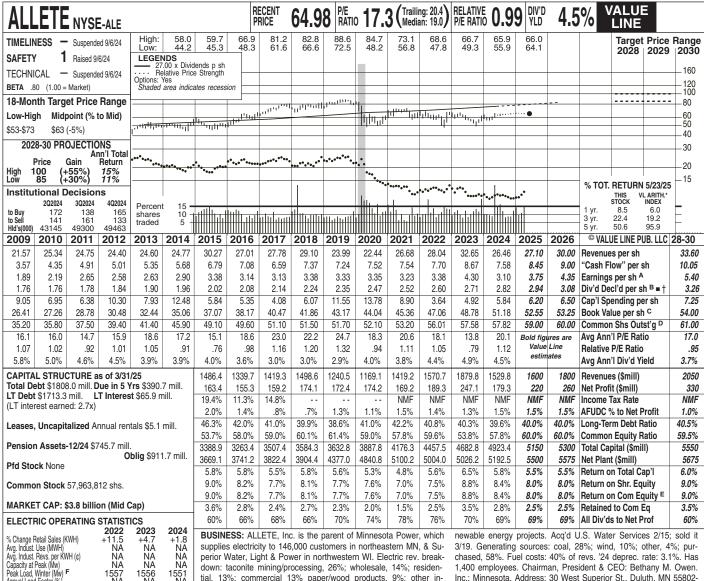
Nomura Securities International, Inc., New York, NY

Northern Trust Company, Chicago, IL

Oxford Economics, Wayne, PA Scotiabank Group, Toronto, Canada

S&P Global Market Intelligence, St. Louis, MO

TS Lombard, London, UK Wells Fargo, Charlotte, NC Exhibit TJB-6
Value Line Reports



perior Water, Light & Power in northwestern WI. Electric rev. breakdown: taconite mining/processing, 26%; wholesale, 14%; residential, 13%; commercial 13% paper/wood products, 9%; other industrial, 8%; other, 17%. ALLETE Clean Energy (ACE) owns re-

chased, 58%. Fuel costs: 40% of revs. '24 deprec. rate: 3.1%. Has 1,400 employees. Chairman, President & CEO: Bethany M. Owen. Inc.: Minnesota. Address: 30 West Superior St., Duluth, MN 55802-2093. Tel.: 218-279-5000. Internet: www.allete.com.

222 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) 219 220 ANNUAL RATES Est'd '22-'24 5 Yrs. of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. to '28-'30 3.0% Revenues -3.0% 'Cash Flow' 4 5% 4.5% 6.0% 2.0% 3.0% Earnings Dividends 3.0% 3.5% 4.5% Book Value OHADTEDLY DEVENUES (6 will)

% Change Customers (avg.)

ΝA

ΝA

1551 NA

ΝA

1556 NA

Cal- endar		TERLY RE Jun. 30		\$ mill.) Dec. 31	Full Year
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	383.5 564.9 403.3 400.2 450		388.3 378.8 407.2 430 470		1570.7 1879.8 1529.8 1600 1800
Cal- endar		RNINGS P Jun. 30			Full Year
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	1.24 1.02 .88 .97 1.30	.90	.59 1.49 .78 .85 1.00	.90 .89 .87 1.08 1.15	3.38 4.30 3.10 3.75 4.35
Cal- endar	QUART Mar.31	ERLY DIVI Jun.30	DENDS PA Sep.30		Full Year
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	.63 .65 .6775 .7050			.63 .65 .6775 .7050	2.52 2.60 2.71 2.82

ALLETE is making progress in its plan to go private in a \$6.2 billion **deal.** Since our last review, the utility has secured key regulatory approvals from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin. Shareholders also voted overwhelmingly in favor of the proposed deal with the Canada Pension Plan Investment Board and Global Infrastructure Partners. The final hurdle remains approval from the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, which is expected shortly. The stock continues to trade just below the \$67-pershare offer price, reflecting confidence in the deal's completion. With most major approvals in place, the transaction appears on track for a close by mid-2025.

The company's first-quarter results were solid despite some temporary headwinds. ALLETE reported earnings of \$0.97 a share, versus our \$1.00 estimate and compared nicely to the \$0.88 tally a year ago. This included \$0.04 per share in after-tax transaction costs related to the pending merger. Regulated operations results were impacted by lower industrial margins at Minnesota Power, offset in part

higher residential and commercial demand. Meanwhile, Superior Light, and Power posted stronger results on the back of rate adjustments and increased usage. The utility's non-regulated business delivered strong growth, aided by higher production, project sales, and tax incentives. As a result, our updated earnings forecast is \$3.75 per share for 2025 (up \$0.05 from our previous estimate) and \$4.35 per share for 2026.

We remain encouraged by ALLETE's long-term strategic positioning. Minnesota Power's updated Integrated Resource Plan targets 90% renewable energy by 2035, supported by wind, solar, and natural gas. These efforts reflect a balanced approach to growth and grid reliability. With increased access to capital through its planned ownership transition, ALLETE is well positioned to accelerate these initiatives in the coming years.

The stock's Timeliness rank remains suspended due to the pending deal. The recent quotation is right under the buyout price, as the transaction nears closer to completion.

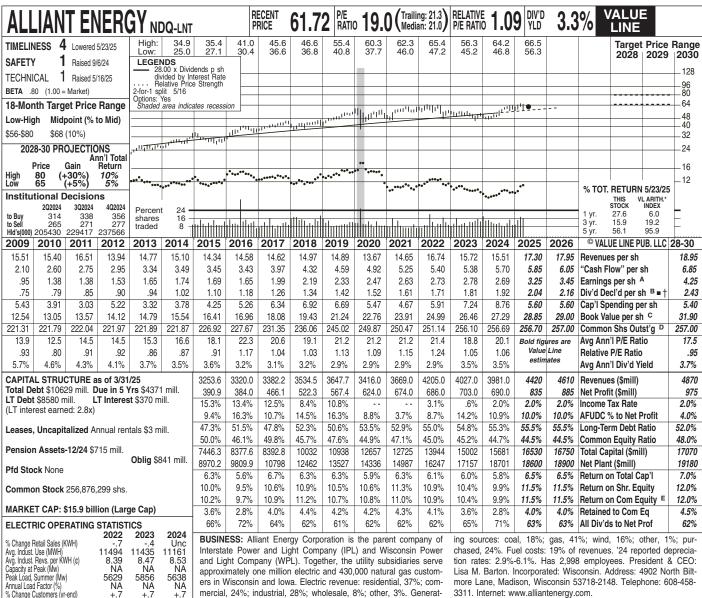
Zachary J. Hodgkinson

June 6, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gains (loss): '15, (46¢); '17, 25¢; '19, 26¢; Next earnings report due mid Aug. (B) Div'ds historically paid in early Mar., June, Sept. and Dec. ■ Div'd reinvest.

plan avail. † Shareholder invest. plan avail. (C) Incl. deferred charges. In '24: \$9.60/sh. (D) In mill. (E) Rate base: Orig. cost depr. Rate allowed in MN on com. eq. in '18: 9.25%; earned

on avg. com. eq., '24: 7.3%. Regul. Climate: Avg. (F) Summer peak in '21.



ers in Wisconsin and Iowa. Electric revenue: residential, 37%; commercial, 24%; industrial, 28%; wholesale, 8%; other, 3%. Generat-

more Lane, Madison, Wisconsin 53718-2148. Telephone: 608-458-3311. Internet: www.alliantenergy.com.

Fixed Charge Cov. (%)		NA	NA	NA
ANNUAL RATES of change (per sh) Revenues "Cash Flow" Earnings Dividends Book Value	Past 10 Yrs. 1.0% 5.5% 5.5% 6.5% 6.0%	Past 5 Yrs. 1.5% 5.0% 4.5% 6.0% 6.0%	2. 6	22-'24 8-'30 .5% .0% .0% .0%

Cal- endar	QUAR Mar.31		VENUES (Sep.30		Full Year
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	1068 1077 1030 1128 1110	943 912 894	1135 1077 1081 1145 1215	1059 961 976	4205 4027 3981 4420 4610
Cal- endar	EA Mar.31		ER SHARE Sep.30	-	Full Year
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	.77 .65 .62 .83 . 78	.34 .60	1.02 1.15 1.10	.47 .58 .72	2.73 2.78 2.69 3.25 3.45
Cal- endar	QUARTI Mar.31		DENDS PA Sep.30		Full Year
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	.4025 .4275 .4525 .48 .48	.4275	.4275		1.61 1.71 1.81 1.92

Alliant Energy could enjoy strong power demand across its two-state service area over the next several years. That's, in part, thanks to the success that the electric utility and its municipal partners are having in attracting new business to Wisconsin and Iowa. To wit, in the March quarter, Alliant inked an additional energy supply agreement (ESA) with a data center client operating out of the Big Cedar Industrial Center in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. It also recently cinched an ESA with a data center customer in Beaver Dam, Wisconsin.

Up next is securing regulatory approval for the individual customer rates that Alliant plans to charge these data center customers. As we understand it, the Iowa Utility Commission was recently reviewing the first of Alliant's data-center submissions.

The utility's 2025-2029 capital plan totaled approximately \$11.5 billion, as of mid-May. A majority of the debt- and equity-funded spending has earmarked for renewable-energy and energy-storage projects. Alliant also expects to add natural gas-fueled capacity.

That said, we do worry some that it may have to rely temporarily on purchased power to meet its growing needs.

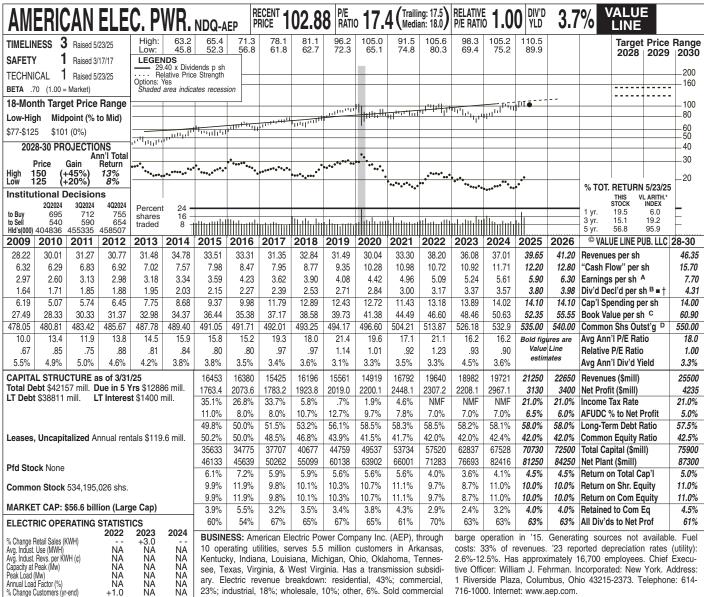
Alliant is vulnerable to potential changes in government policy at it relates to tax credits for renewable power generation. The utility regularly sells the tax credits that it earns from producing clean power. However, that income stream seems increasingly at risk under the new Trump Administration and possible changes to or rollbacks of the Biden-era Inflation Reduction Act. Still, Alliant is apparently able to request rate relief under certain circumstances, including the termination of these tax credits.

Alliant Energy shares are an untimely selection for relative year-ahead price **performance.** And with the stock up 23% in price over the past 12 months, longterm appreciation potential no longer stands out. Still, the utility company boasts an attractive, well-covered dividend that could hold some appeal for incomeoriented accounts (current yield: 3.3% versus 2.3% for the Value Line universe as a whole).

Nils C. Van Liew June 6, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrecurring losses: '11, 1¢; '12, 8¢. '20 & '21 EPS don't sum due to rounding. Next earnings report due late July. (B) Dividends historically paid in mid-Feb.,

May, Aug., and Nov. ■ Dividend reinvestment plan avail. † Shareholder investment plan avail. † Shareholder investment plan avail. (C) Incl. deferred charges. In '21: \$1,980 mill., \$7.91/sh. (D) In millions, adj. for split. (E) Rate | Wisconsin, Above Average; lowa, Average.



Kentucky, Indiana, Louisiana, Michigan, Ohio, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, & West Virginia. Has a transmission subsidiary. Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 43%; commercial, 23%; industrial, 18%; wholesale, 10%; other, 6%. Sold commercial

2.6%-12.5%. Has approximately 16,700 employees. Chief Executive Officer: William J. Fehrman. Incorporated: New York. Address: 1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, Ohio 43215-2373. Telephone: 614-716-1000. Internet: www.aep.com.

243 272 285 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 Revenues .5% -.5% 3.0% 5.5% 4.0% 5.5% 6.5% 5.5% 6.0% 'Cash Flow" 5.0% 5.0% Earnings 5.0% 3.5% Dividends Book Value

+1.0

Annual Load Factor (%)

% Change Customers (vr-end)

NA NA NA

Cal- endar	QUART Mar.31	ERLY REV Jun.30	ENUES (\$ Sep.30		Full Year
2022	4593	4640	5526	4881	19640
2023	4690	4373	5342	4577	18982
2024	5026	4579	5420	4696	19721
2025	5463	5100	5750	4937	21250
2026	5800	<i>5550</i>	6000	5300	22650
Cal-	EA	RNINGS P	ER SHARI	Α	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.22	1.20	1.62	1.05	5.09
2023	1.11	1.13	1.77	1.23	5.24
2024	1.27	1.25	1.85	1.24	5.61
2025	1.54	1.25	1.90	1.21	5.90
2026	1.50	1.45	1.95	1.40	6.30
Cal-	QUART	ERLY DIVI	DENDS PA	IDB∎†	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.74	.74	.74	.78	3.00
2022	.78	.78	.78	.83	3.17
2023	.83	.83	.83	.88	3.37
2024	.88	.88	.88	.93	3.57
2025	.93	.93			

American Electric Power looks set to post another year of solid results. First-quarter numbers came in well above our expectations, with earnings per share of \$1.54 versus our estimate of \$1.40. Revenue grew 9.2% year-over-year to \$5.46 billion, led by a 12.3% increase in commercial load, largely driven by continued growth in the data center sector. The company reaffirmed its 2025 profit target range of \$5.75-\$5.95 a share and long-term growth target of 6%-8%. Our 2025 profit estimate now stands at \$5.90, up a nickel from our prior view. Recent regulatory approvals in Indiana, Kentucky, and West Virginia reinforce AEP'S strong positioning.

We continue to expect strong earnings next year. Our 2026 target remains unchanged at \$6.30 per share, which is at the top end of management's long-term growth range. With demand tailwinds, regulatory support, and a clear capex roadmap, we see strong visibility for sustained earnings and dividend growth moving forward. The utility's \$54 billion capital investment plan through 2029 remains a major growth engine, targeting upgrades across

transmission, generation, and distribution. Management expects to add 20 GW of new power load through the end of the decade. These trends are primarily being driven by data center buildouts and industrial expansions across key service territories in Ohio and Texas.

The financial foundation remains strong. The company completed a \$2.3 billion forward equity offering to meet funding needs through 2029. The utility holds a strong Financial Strength (A) rating, and a top-notch Price Stability (100) score. The dividend yield, which remains a hallmark of AEP's investor appeal, stands at 3.7%. The company continues to target a 60%-70% payout ratio, which supports consistent dividend growth even as capital investments ramp up.

These shares are best suited for conservative and income-oriented investors. The stock is ranked 1 (Highest) for Safety, and the dividend likely remains AEP's most notable feature. The utility's Timeliness rank has been upgraded one notch to 3 (Average) since our last review in early March.

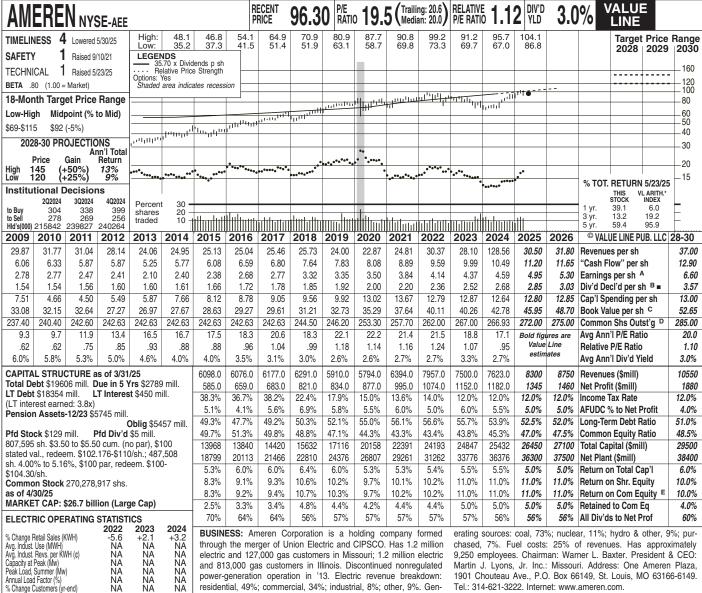
Zachary J. Hodgkinson

June 6, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gains (losses): '10, (7¢); '11, 89¢; '12, (38¢); '13, (14¢); '16, (\$2.99); '17, 26¢; '19, (20¢); gain (loss) from

(34¢). Next earnings report due early Aug. (B) Div'ds paid early Mar., June, Sept., & Dec. Div'd reinvestment plan avail. † Shareholder disc. ops.: '15, 58¢; '16, (1¢); '22, (58¢); '23, invest. plan avail. (C) Incl. intang. In '23: \$52.5

million (D) In mill. (E) Rev. may not sum due to rounding



electric and 127,000 gas customers in Missouri; 1.2 million electric and 813,000 gas customers in Illinois. Discontinued nonregulated power-generation operation in '13. Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 49%; commercial, 34%; industrial, 8%; other, 9%. Gen-

9,250 employees. Chairman: Warner L. Baxter. President & CEO: Martin J. Lyons, Jr. Inc.: Missouri. Address: One Ameren Plaza, 1901 Chouteau Ave., P.O. Box 66149, St. Louis, MO 63166-6149, Tel.: 314-621-3222. Internet: www.ameren.com

334 291 325 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 Revenues -1.5% .5% 4.0% 6.5% 8.0% 5.0% 5.5% 'Cash Flow" 5.5% 6.5% Earnings 4.0% 6.5% 6.5% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (vr-end)

NA NA NA

Cal- endar	QUAR Mar.31	TERLY RE Jun.30	VENUES (Full Year
2022	1879	1726	2306	2046	7957
2023	2062	1760	2060	1618	7500
2024	1816	1693	2173	1941	7623
2025	2097	1850	2400	1953	8300
2026	2150	1950	2450	2200	8750
Cal-	EA	RNINGS P	ER SHARI	Dec.31	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30		Year
2022	.97	.80	1.74	.63	4.14
2023	1.00	.90	1.87	.60	4.37
2024	.98	.97	1.87	.77	4.59
2025	1.07	1.15	1.90	.83	4.95
2026	1.00	1.30	2.00	1.00	5.30
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS PA	AID B ■	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30		Dec.31	Year
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	.55 .59 .63 .67 .71	.55 .59 .63 .67	.55 .59 .63 .67	.55 .59 .63 .67	2.20 2.36 2.52 2.68

Ameren's earnings are on track to rise steadily in 2025. The company posted first-quarter profits of \$1.07 per share, which came in ahead of our \$1.00 a share estimate, and the \$0.98 tally in the yearago period. Growth was driven by infrastructure investments and colder weather, which boosted retail sales at Ameren Missouri. First-period results were partially offset by higher interest and storm-related expenses, but remain consistent with Ameren's full year target of \$4.85-\$5.05 per share. Our 2025 profit estimate is staying put at \$4.95, the midpoint of that range. Execution across all business segments continues to reflect the strength of Ameren's business and long-term planning.

We remain encouraged by the utility's prospects moving forward. The updated Integrated Resource Plan includes over 1,200 megawatts of new generation, and the company is accelerating investments in solar, natural gas, and storage. Ameren signed construction agreements tied to 2.3 GW of future data center demand, up from 1.8 GW just months ago. A constructive electric rate settlement in

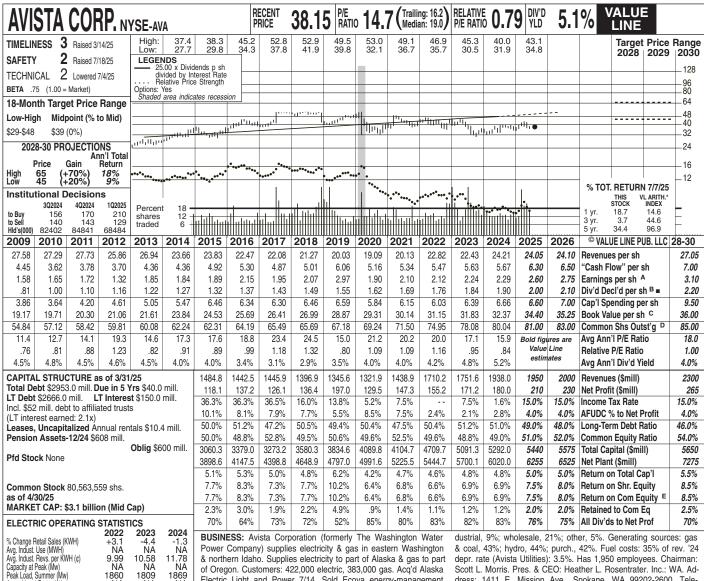
Missouri will support near-term returns while keeping rates below regional averages. The company expects a large-load rate structure filing soon. Our 2026 profit forecast is unchanged at \$5.30 per share, representing a 7% year-over-year increase. From 2025 through 2029, Ameren sees \$63 billion in investment opportunities, backed by 9.2% annual rate base growth.

Dividend growth remains reliable and well supported. Ameren raised its quarterly dividend by 6% in February, now paying \$0.71 per share. This marks the second-consecutive year of 6% increases, in line with management's target of 6%-8% annual dividend growth. The current payout ratio sits comfortably within the 55%-70% range. With continued visibility into rate base expansion, dividend growth should remain sustainable well into the next decade.

Although untimely, these shares will likelv appeal to conservative accounts. This stock is ranked Highest for Safety. And while the stock yields 3.0%. slightly below the utility group average, it has a strong track record of payouts. Zachary J. Hodgkinson June 6, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. (losses): '10, (\$2.19); '11, (32¢); '12, (\$6.42); '17, (63¢); gain (loss) from discontinued ops.: '13, (92¢); '15, 21¢. Next earnings report due early Aug. (B)

Div'ds paid late Mar., June, Sept., & Dec. ■ Div'd reinvest. plan avail. (C) Incl. intang. In '24: \$6.60/sh. (D) In mill. (E) Rate base: Orig. cost depr. Rate allowed on com. eq. in MO in '24: elec. & gas, none specified; in IL: electric, varies; in '24: gas, 9.68%; earned on avg. com. eq., '24: 10.5%.



& northern Idaho. Supplies electricity to part of Alaska & gas to part of Oregon. Customers: 422,000 electric, 383,000 gas. Acq'd Alaska Electric Light and Power 7/14. Sold Ecova energy-management sub. 6/14. Electric revenue: residential, 36%; commercial, 29%; indepr. rate (Avista Utilities): 3.5%. Has 1,950 employees. Chairman: Scott L. Morris. Pres. & CEO: Heather L. Rosentrater. Inc.: WA. Address: 1411 E. Mission Ave., Spokane, WA 99202-2600. Telephone: 509-489-0500. Internet: www.avistacorp.com.

175 200 210 Fixed Charge Cov. (% ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs to '28-'30 2.0% 1.0% -1.0% Revenues -1.0% 2.0% 'Cash Flow' 3.5% 5.5% 3.0% Earnings 4.0% 3.0% 4.0% 2.0% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (vr-end)

1860

NA -1.0

1809

ŇĀ

+1.4

1869

NA

+1.2

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	462.7	378.6	359.4	509.5	1710.2
2023	474.6	379.9	379.6	517.5	1751.6
2024	609.4	402.1	393.7	532.8	1938.0
2025	617.0	410	400	523	1950
2026	620	420	410	550	2000
Cal-	EA	RNINGS F	ER SHARI	Α	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	.99	.16	d.08	1.05	2.12
2023	.73	.23	.19	1.08	2.24
2024	.91	.29	.23	.84	2.29
2025	.98	.30	.35	.97	2.60
2026	1.00	.35	.40	1.00	2.75
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS P	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.4225	.4225	.4225	.4225	1.69
2022	.44	.44	.44	.44	1.76
2023	.46	.46	.46	.46	1.84
2024	.475	.475	.475	.475	1.90
2025	.490	.490			

Avista Corporation continues to make progress on regulatory matters. Its utility subsidiary, Avista Utilities, recently reached a comprehensive settlement in Idaho, resolving its general rate cases for both electric and natural gas services. The agreement, submitted to the state's Public Utilities Commission, proposes phased rate increases through 2026. If approved, electric base revenues would rise by \$19.5 million (6.3%) in September 2025 and another \$14.7 million (4.5%) the following year. On the gas side, rates would increase by \$4.6 million (9.2%) in 2025, followed by a slight reduction in 2026. The approved capital structure calls for a 9.6% return on equity, a 50% common equity ratio, and a 7.28% overall rate of return.

Capital deployment remains a central focus. Avista is planning \$525 million in capital expenditures in 2025, with nearly \$3 billion in total investment slated over the five years ending 2029. These funds are directed toward grid modernization, system reliability, and clean energy initiatives. Key priorities include electric and gas distribution infrastructure upgrades, technology integration, and wildfire risk

mitigation. Transmission system enhancements are also underway, alongside continued efforts to expand renewable natural gas infrastructure and support broader electrification trends. These investments will likely serve as supporting evidence in future rate filings, as the company aligns capital needs with regulatory support.

Near-term share earnings prospects remain favorable. We project earnings per share to grow in the low teens for 2025, supported by rate relief, operational cost management, and incremental customer growth. That said, the pace of bottom-line expansion will likely moderate in 2026 to a mid-single-digit range as cost pressures persist and rate case benefits normalize. Still, a constructive regulatory environment should help smooth variability and support earnings stability. Good-quality shares of Avista Corporation have above-average long-term capital appreciation potential, **present.** The equity offers a dividend yield of 5.1%, well above the utility aver-

age, making it appealing to income-focused

Emma Jalees

investors.

July 18, 2025

90

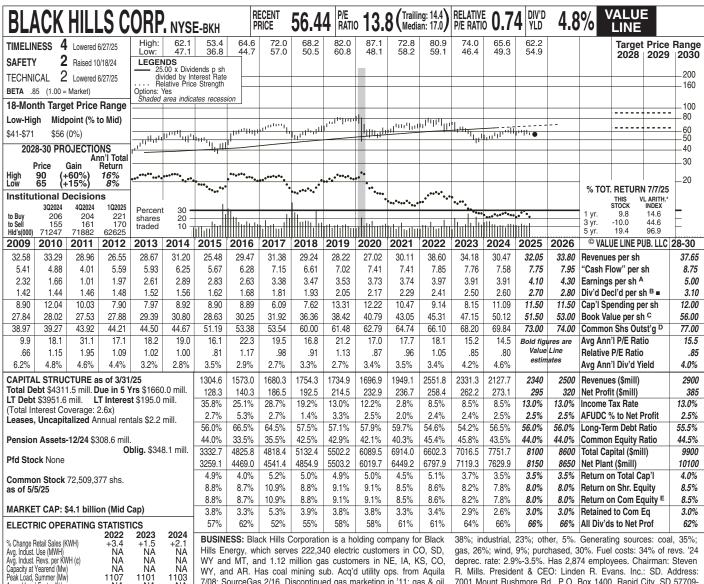
15

70

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gain (loss): '14, 9¢; '17, (16¢); gains on discont. ops.: '14, \$1.17; '15, 8¢. EPS may not sum due to rounding. Next earnings report due August 6th.

(E) Rate base: Net orig. cost. Rate allowed on Avg.; ID, Above Avg.

(B) Div'ds paid in mid-Mar., June, Sept. & Dec.
□ Div'd reinvest. plan avail. (C) Incl. deferred in OR in '21: 9.4%; earned on avg. com. eq., chgs. In '24: \$961.0 mill., \$11.95/sh. (D) In mill. '22: 7.1%. Regulatory Climate: WA, Below



WY and MT, and 1.12 million gas customers in NE, IA, KS, CO, WY, and AR. Has coal mining sub. Acq'd utility ops. from Aquila 7/08; SourceGas 2/16. Discontinued gas marketing in '11; gas & oil E&P in '17. '24 Elec. rev. breakdown: residential, 34%; commercial,

deprec. rate: 2.9%-3.5%. Has 2,874 employees. Chairman: Steven R. Mills. President & CEO: Linden R. Evans. Inc.: SD. Address: 7001 Mount Rushmore Rd., P.O. Box 1400, Rapid City, SD 57709-1400. Tele: 605-721-1700. Internet: www.blackhillscorp.com.

281 254 261 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 4.0% 2.5% 2.5% Revenues 2.5% 1.5% 'Cash Flow" 3.0% 4.5% 2.0% 3.5% Earnings 5.0% 3.5% 3.0% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (vr-end)

1107

+1.0

1101

ÑΑ

+.9

1103 NA

+1.0

Cal- endar	QUAR Mar.31	TERLY RE Jun.30	VENUES (Sep.30	\$ mill.) Dec.31	Full Year
2022	823.6	474.2	462.6	791.4	2551.8
2023	921.2	411.3	407.1	591.7	2331.3
2024	726.4	402.6	401.6	597.1	2127.7
2025	805.2	410	410	714.8	2340
2026	825	450	450	775	2500
Cal-	EA	RNINGS F	ER SHARI	ΕA	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.82	.52	.54	1.11	3.97
2023	1.73	.35	.67	1.17	3.91
2024	1.87	.33	.35	1.37	3.91
2025	1.87	.40	.43	1.40	4.10
2026	1.92	.42	.46	1.50	4.30
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS PA	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.565	.565	.565	.595	2.29
2022	.595	.595	.595	.625	2.41
2023	.625	.625	.625	.625	2.50
2024	.65	.65	.65	.65	2.60
2025	.676	.676			

Black Hills is on track to deliver modest earnings gains in 2025. The company reported solid results in the March interim, as diluted earnings per share of \$1.87 met expectations. The recent quarter benefited from new rates in Colorado, improved rider recovery, and more favorable weather. These largely offset higher operating, financing, and depreciation expenses. Leadership reaffirmed its share-net projection of between \$4.00 and \$4.20, emphasizing strong confidence in its 4-6% growth outlook.

Black Hills is making excellent progress with its Ready Wyoming transmis**sion project.** The endeavor, at approximately 260 miles in length, represents the largest electric transmission project in company history. Ready Wyoming will interconnect the company's Wyoming electric system with its South Dakota electric system, providing long-term cost stability, greater resiliency, and energy accessibility to its customers, which include data cen-ters. Wyoming Electric has successfully procured all required regulatory approvals and land rights-of-way from landowners, and continues to construct the project in multiple segments. We expect the \$350 million project to be completed and in service by year-end. Separately, the company is also advancing its plans to deliver new electric generation resources in South Dakota and Colorado.

Leadership targets contribution from data centers to more than double to 10% or more of earnings by late decade. During the recent quarter, Wyoming Electric served a record peak load of 344 megawatts on February 12th, an increase of nearly 10% over the previous alltime peak of 314 megawatts in January 2024, driven by data center demand growth. The company possesses a pipeline exceeding one gigawatt of data center demand from existing customers.

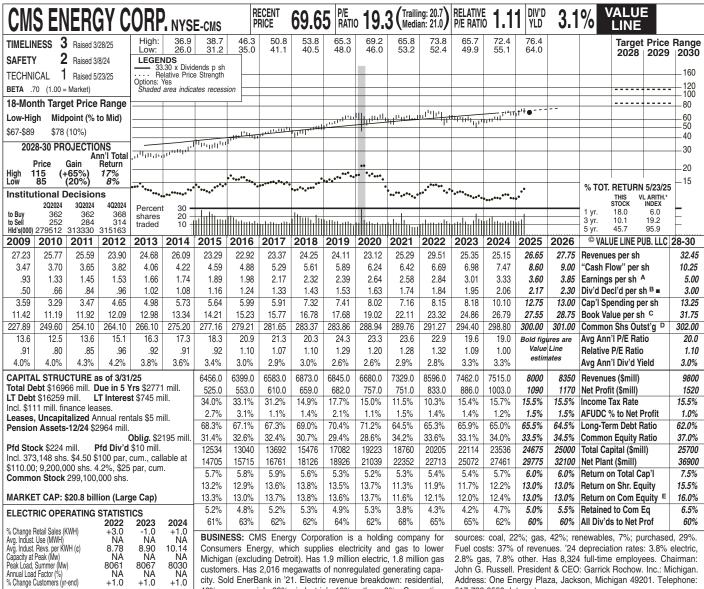
Black Hills shares are ranked 4 (Below Average) for Timeliness. The equity does offer a generous dividend yield that makes it suitable for conservative, income-oriented accounts. Note, as well, that BKH stock carries exemplary marks for Financial Strength, Price Stability and Earnings Predictability, as well as an Above Average (2) ranking for Safety. Steven Brachman July 18, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gains/(losses): '15, (\$3.54); '16, (\$1.26); '17, 14¢; '18, \$1.31; '19, (25¢); '20, (8¢); discont. ops.: '09, 7¢; '11, 23¢; '12, (16¢); '17, (31¢); '18, (12¢). Qtly. EPS

may not sum to full year due to rounding. Next egs. report due early Aug. (B) Div'ds paid in early March, June, Sept., and Dec. Div'd re-in SD in '15: none specified; in CO in '17: inv. plan avail. (C) Incl. deferred chgs. and in- 9.37%. Regulatory Climate: Average.

Company's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability 90 Price Growth Persistence 30 **Earnings Predictability** 100

© 2025 Value Line, Inc. All rights reserved. Factual material is obtained from sources believed to be reliable and is provided without warranties of any kind. THE PUBLISHER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS HEREIN. This publication is strictly for subscriber's own, non-commercial, internal use. No part of it may be reproduced, resold, stored or transmitted in any printed, electronic or other form, or used for generating or marketing any printed or electronic publication, service or product



city. Sold EnerBank in '21. Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 46%; commercial, 33%; industrial, 13%; other, 8%. Generating

Address: One Energy Plaza, Jackson, Michigan 49201. Telephone: 517-788-0550. Internet: www.cmsenergy.com

250 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) 226 244 ANNUAL RATES Past Est'd '22-'24 Past 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 of change (per sh) 2.0% 4.5% Revenues 3.0% 5.0% 5.5% 5.5% 6.5% 'Cash Flow' Earnings 6.0% Dividends **Book Value** 7.0% 8.5% 3.5%

+1.0

+1.0

+1.0

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	2374	1920	2024	2278	8596
2023	2284	1555	1673	1950	7462
2024	2176	1607	1743	1989	7515
2025	2447	1690	1850	2013	8000
2026	2250	1800	1900	2400	8350
Cal-	EA	RNINGS F	ER SHAR	ΕA	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.20	.50	.56	.58	2.84
2023	.69	.67	.60	1.05	3.01
2024	.96	.65	.84	.87	3.33
2025	1.01	.80	.90	.89	3.60
2026	1.05	.90	.90	1.00	3.85
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS P	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec. 31	Year
2021	.435	.435	.435	.435	1.74
2022	.46	.46	.46	.46	1.84
2023	.4875	.4875	.4875	.4875	1.95
2024	.515	.515	.515	.515	2.06
2025	.5425	.5425			
l					

CMS Energy reported healthy firstquarter results. The top line rose more than 12% year over year, to nearly \$2.4 billion. Meanwhile, the bottom line increased 5%, to \$1.01 per share, compared to the year-ago period. This improvement was due to lower operating expenses and benefits from rate relief. For 2025, management has guided for annual adjusted share earnings in the \$3.54-\$3.60 range.

Consumers Energy, the company's utility subsidiary, has a pending gas rate case. In December 2024, Consumers filed an application with the Michigan Public Service Commission (MPSC) seeking a \$248 million annual rate increase based on a 10.25% authorized return on equity for the projected 12-month period ending October 31, 2026. A final order from the MPSC is expected by October.

The company has a solid long-term investment plan in place. Over the next five years, Consumers expects to invest significantly in infrastructure upgrades, replacements, and clean energy generation. Of the \$20.0 billion in planned capital expenditures through 2029, Consumers intends to allocate \$14.8 billion toward

maintaining and upgrading electric distribution systems and gas infrastructure. This includes \$8.5 billion for electric distribution and other projects and \$6.3 billion for gas infrastructure. Additionally, \$5.2 billion has been earmarked for wind, solar, and hydroelectric generation projects.

The utility continues to advance its net-zero emissions goals. CMS targets very little greenhouse gas emissions across its entire business by 2050, with an interim goal of reducing its carbon footprint 25% by 2035. The company remains cautious about evolving regulatory and policy changes around emissions.

profit Near-term prospects CMS Energy will promising. likely benefit from approved rate increases and ongoing cost discipline. All told, we estimate 2025 and 2026 share earnings to increase about 8% and 7% year over year, to \$3.60 and \$3.85, respectively.

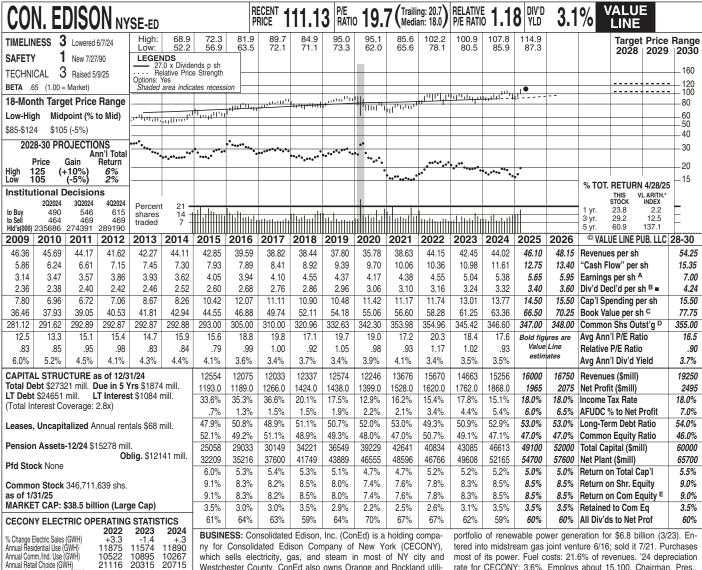
Shares of CMS Energy offer an unspectacular dividend yield for a utility. Still, the company earns a Safety rank of 2 (Above Average), suggesting strong financial stability. Emma Jalees

June 6, 2025

(A) Dil. GAAP EPS may not sum due to rdg. Excl. nonrec. gains (loss): '09, (7¢); '10, 3¢; '11, 12¢; '12, (14¢); '17, (53¢); gains (losses) on disc. ops.: '09, 8¢; '10, (8¢); '11, 1¢; '12, 3¢;

'21, \$2.08; '22, 1¢. Next earnings report due late July. (B) Div'ds paid late Feb., May, Aug., & Nov. ■ Div'd reinvestment plan avail. (C) Incl. intang. In '24: \$8.52/sh. (D) İn mill.

(E) Rate base: Net orig. cost. Rate all'd on com. eq. in '22: 9.9% elec.; in '19: 9.9% gas; earned on avg. com. eq., '21: 13.2%. Regulatory Climate: Above Average.



11565 240 217 218 ConEd Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 2.5% 4.5% 3.0% 2.5% 3.0% Revenues 3.5% 'Cash Flow' 5.5% 6.0% Earnings 3.0% Dividends Book Value 4.0% 4.0%

9507

12424

9472

NA

9555

11822

NA

Annual Govt. & Other Use (GWH)

% Change Customers (yr-end) Peak Load, Summer (MW)

QUARTERLY REVENUES (\$ mill.) A endar Mar.31 Jun.30 Sep.30 Dec.31 2022 4060 3415 4165 4031 15670 2944 2023 4403 3872 3444 14663 4275 2024 3220 4092 3669 15256 2025 4425 3400 4250 3925 16000 2026 4625 3550 4450 4125 16750 EARNINGS PER SHARE A Cal-Full Mar.31 Jun.30 Sep.30 Dec.31 endar Year 2022 1.47 .64 1.63 .81 4.55 1.82 5.04 2023 .61 1.61 1.00 2.14 .59 2024 1.67 .98 5.38 2.05 .65 1.10 2025 1.85 5.65 2026 2.15 .70 1.95 1.15 5.95 QUARTERLY DIVIDENDS PAID B = Calendar Mar.31 Jun.30 Sep.30 Dec.31 Year 2021 .775 .775 .775 .775 3.10 2022 .79 .79 .79 .79 3.16 2023 .81 .81 .81 .81 3.24 2024 .83 .83 .83 .83 3.32 2025 .85

which sells electricity, gas, and steam in most of NY city and Westchester County. ConEd also owns Orange and Rockland utilities (O&R), which operates in southeastern NY and northern NJ. ConEd has 4.0 mill. electric and 1.2 mill. gas customers. Sold its

Consolidated Edison shares have had a very good run of late. This bellwether utility stock is up nearly 25% year to date 17% since our last report three months ago, outperforming the Value Line Utility Index by 19 and 12 percentage points, respectively. The defensive nature of this industry tends to serve the group well when recession concerns are front and center, as they've been lately. In recent months, fears of an economic downturn have increased on the presumption that tariffs and a trade war will act like a tax on consumption. Professional money managers, looking for a flight to safety, have moved cash into the utility sector, particularly in the largest, safest issues.

ConEd should see its earnings rise in 2025 and 2026. Under the terms of the 2023 general rate case (GRC) decision, the utility began billing for annualized revenue increases of \$518 million and \$173 million, respectively, for electricity and natural gas deliveries starting last August. That was the second rate increase under the 2023 GRC. The third and final hike goes into effect this coming August and will result in additional revenue of most of its power. Fuel costs: 21.6% of revenues. '24 depreciation rate for CECONY: 3.6%. Employs about 15,100. Chairman, Pres. and CEO: Timothy Cawley. Inc.: NY. Addr.: 4 Irving Place, NY, NY 10003. Tel.: 800-522-5635. Internet.: www.conedison.com.

\$382 million for electricity and \$122 million for gas.

In late January, ConEd filed a new rate case for both electric and natural gas. It's requesting higher rates for one year starting on January 1, 2026. The utility is open to a multi-year settlement, which would provide more cost certainty. Leadership estimates that its proposed investments for the replacement of aging infrastructure and increased electrification would require \$1.6 billion more in electric revenue and \$440 million more in gas revenue. The average electric bill increase under the proposal would be 11.4%, while the average gas bill hike would be 13.3%. Given the trying economic times, this will likely be a tough sell for consumers and probably will become a politicized issue.

This equity is not a timely choice. Moreover, annual total return potential is subpar relative to the peer-group median, as the earnings prospects we're projecting have been largely discounted by this year's runup. ConEd's dividend yield, at 3.1%, compares unfavorably to the 3.6% average for utilities under our coverage

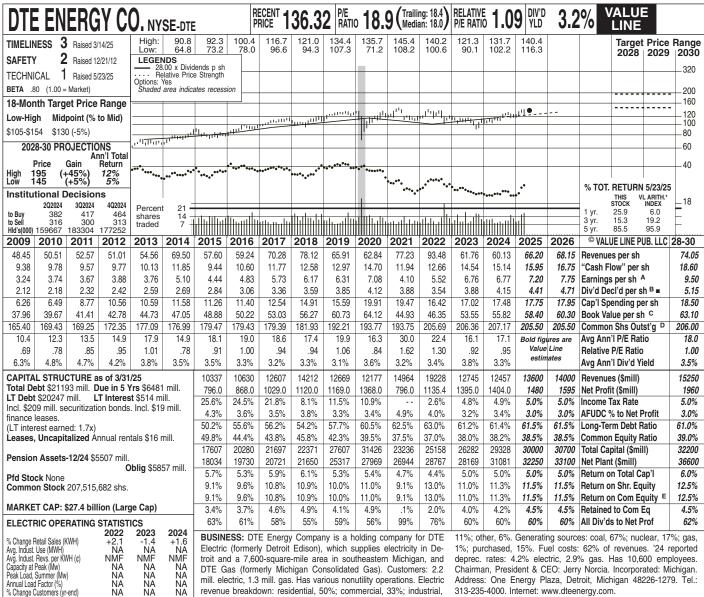
Anthony J. Glennon May 9, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gains/(losses): '13, (32¢); '14, 9¢; '16, 18¢; '17, 84¢; '18, (13¢); '19, (29¢); '20, (89¢); '21, (53¢); '22, 11¢; '23, \$2.17; '24, (14¢). Next egs. report

due early Aug. Qtly. figures may not sum to full year due to rounding or changes in sh. count.

(B) Div'ds paid in mid-Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. ■ Div'd reinvestment plan available.

(C) Incl. intang. In '24: \$18.53/sh. (D) In mill. (E) Rate base: net orig. cost. Rate allowed on com. eq. for CECONY in '23: 9.25%; O&R in '22: 9.2%. Regulatory Climate: Below Average.



troit and a 7,600-square-mile area in southeastern Michigan, and DTE Gas (formerly Michigan Consolidated Gas). Customers: 2.2 mill. electric, 1.3 mill. gas. Has various nonutility operations. Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 50%; commercial, 33%; industrial,

deprec. rates: 4.2% electric, 2.9% gas. Has 10,600 employees. Chairman, President & CEO: Jerry Norcia. Incorporated: Michigan. Address: One Energy Plaza, Detroit, Michigan 48226-1279. Tel.: 313-235-4000. Internet: www.dteenergy.com.

233 264 267 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs to '28-'30 2.5% 4.5% 2.5% Revenues 3.0% 5.0% 'Cash Flow' 3.0% 4.0% 4.5% 4.5% Earnings 5.5% 3.0% 5.5% 1.5% 3.0% 1.0% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (vr-end)

NA

NA

NA NA

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	4577	4924	5251	4476	19228
2023	3779	2684	2888	3394	12745
2024	3240	2875	2906	3436	12457
2025	4440	2900	3300	2960	13600
2026	4450	3000	3300	3250	14000
Cal-	EA	RNINGS F	ER SHAR	ΕA	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	2.03	.19	1.99	1.31	5.52
2023	2.16	.97	1.61	2.02	6.76
2024	1.51	1.55	2.30	1.41	6.77
2025	2.14	1.55	2.10	1.41	7.20
2026	1.95	1.50	2.50	1.80	7.75
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS P	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.9225	.9225	.9225	.825	3.59
2022	.885	.885	.885	.885	3.54
2023	.9525	.9525	.9525	1.02	3.88
2024	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.09	4.15
2025	1.09	1.09			

DTE Energy appears on pace for strong earnings growth in 2025. The utility reported better-than-expected firstquarter earnings of \$2.14 per share, up from \$1.51 a share in the year-ago period. DTE remains on track to invest \$4.4 billion this year to improve reliability, expand clean energy, and strengthen its natural gas infrastructure. In the first period, it had nearly \$850 million in capital investment. A \$217.4-million rate hike approved by the Michigan Public Service Commission took effect in February and should support results throughout the year. We continue to project full-year 2025 earnings of \$7.20 per share, in line with DTE's reaffirmed guidance range of \$7.09-\$7.23.

The utility looks to be well positioned moving forward. DTE Energy is targeting a fully-automated grid within five to six years, backed by plans to build three new substations and reduce outage frequency by 30%. Recent upgrades have already driven a 60% reduction in customer outage time in the first quarter. DTE's \$30-billion five-year capital plan now includes \$10 billion for clean energy. Our

2026 profit estimate is unchanged at \$7.75 per share, reflecting 7% growth and sitting comfortably within management's 6%-8% long-term target. We anticipate continued bottom-line acceleration as DTE's clean energy projects ramp and demand from both commercial and residential customers grows.

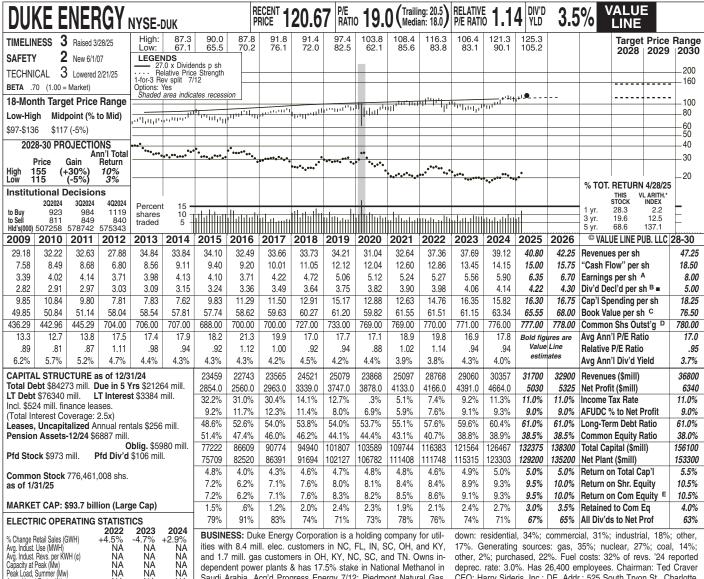
The reliable dividend remains the core feature. DTE Energy continues to offer a dependable dividend, currently yielding 3.2%. Management's ability to offset rising costs with consistent regulatory success and tax credit optimization supports long-term financial and dividend health. The company expects to receive \$50 million-\$60 million annually in tax credits through 2027, bolstering cash flow as infrastructure spending rises.

This issue is best suited for conservative and income-oriented investors. Indeed, the utility is ranked Above Average (2) for Safety and holds a high score (95) for Price Stability. The most notable feature continues to be the dividend, which stands right below the high-paying industry average.

Zachary J. Hodgkinson June 6, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gains (loss): '11, 51¢; '15, (39¢); '17, 59¢; gain (losses) on discontinued operations: '12, (33¢); '21, 57¢. Next earnings report due late July. (B) Div'ds paid

mid-Jan., Apr., July & Oct. ■ Div'd reinvestment plan available. (C) Incl. intang. In '24: \$29.20/sh. (D) In mill. (E) Rate base: Net orig. Above Average. cost. Rate allowed on common equity in '20:



and 1.7 mill. gas customers in OH, KY, NC, SC, and TN. Owns independent power plants & has 17.5% stake in National Methanol in Saudi Arabia. Acq'd Progress Energy 7/12; Piedmont Natural Gas 10/16; discontinued most int'l ops. in '16. Electric revenue break-

other, 2%; purchased, 22%. Fuel costs: 32% of revs. '24 reported deprec. rate: 3.0%. Has 26,400 employees. Chairman: Ted Craver CEO: Harry Sideris. Inc.: DE. Addr.: 525 South Tryon St., Charlotte, NC 28202-1803. Tel.: 800-488-3853. Int.: www.duke-energy.com.

223 226 229 Fixed Charge Cov. (% ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) to '28-'30 2.5% 4.0% 3.5% 2.5% .5% Revenues 1.5% 3.5% 'Cash Flow' 5.0% 3.5% 5.5% 6.0% Earnings 3.0% 3.5% 3.5% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (avg.)

NA

NA

+1.8%

NA

NA

+1.7+1.8%

NA

NA

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	7132	6685	7968	6983	28768
2023	7276	6578	7994	7212	29060
2024	7671	7172	8154	7360	30357
2025	8075	7250	8475	7900	31700
2026	8375	7525	8800	8200	32900
Cal-	EA	RNINGS F	ER SHAR	A	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.29	1.09	1.78	1.11	5.27
2023	1.20	.91	1.94	1.51	5.56
2024	1.44	1.18	1.62	1.66	5.90
2025	1.55	1.25	1.85	1.70	6.35
2026	1.65	1.30	1.95	1.80	6.70
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS P	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.965	.965	.985	.985	3.90
2022	.985	.985	1.005	1.005	3.98
2023	1.005	1.005	1.025	1.025	4.06
2024	1.025	1.025	1.045	1.045	4.14
2025	1.045				

We're looking for solid intermediateterm results from Duke Energy to continue. We think this year and next may well mark the ninth- and tenthconsecutive years of higher annual core operating earnings gains. The utility is likely to continue to benefit from solid weatheradjusted electric volume growth and constructive regulatory outcomes. Good population growth in Duke's service areas, at two to four times the national average of 0.5%, is a key part of the story. This is largely being driven by healthy migration trends to the Carolinas and Florida, where a generally lower cost of living and the temperate coastal climate are draws. The company is also likely to keep benefiting from rate relief (higher regulated price adjustments) as discussed below. Leadership has introduced its 2025 adjusted earningsper-share target of \$6.17-\$6.42 and extended its long-term bottom-line growth rate of 5%-7% per annum through 2029 off of the \$6.30 midpoint of this year's range.

The company has been successful on the regulatory front of late. Florida officials approved a \$203 million revenue increase this year and \$59 million more in

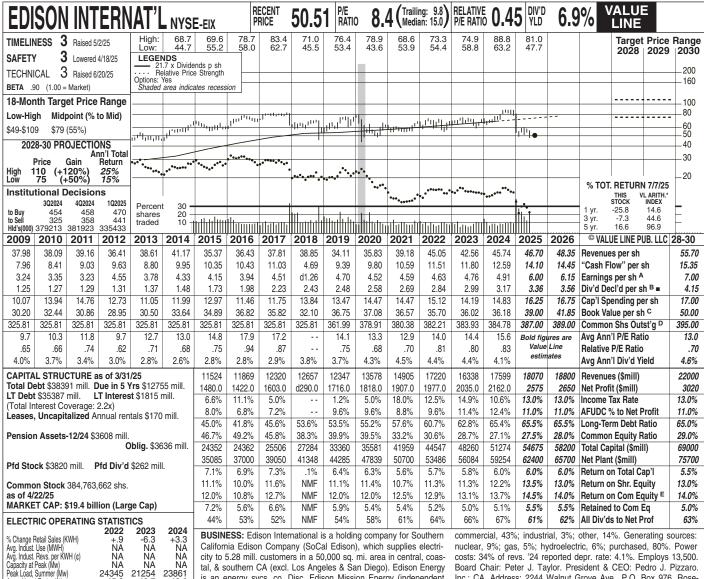
2026. Up to \$141 million for 12 new solar plants was approved to be paid out as they are completed. The settlement dictates that Duke uses roughly \$50 million in federal tax credits to offset the need for a rate hike in 2027. Meanwhile, the final order in Duke's South Carolina regulatory decision became effective in August of last year and will increase electric delivery rates by 13% over a two-year span from then. The decision includes \$215 million of new investments in highly efficient natural gas, solar, nuclear, and hydroelectric units over a seven-year period. Prices in North Carolina recently increased by 2.9%, and Indiana rates were lifted by 8.0%. An Ohio regulatory decision is pending.

Duke stock has outperformed the peer group so far this year. Utilities tend to do well when the economy appears to be on shaky ground. A flight to quality large-cap, low-risk plays within the group has DUK's share price up 12% year to date and 22% over the past 12 months. As a result, much of the earnings growth we're projecting is already baked in, leading to below-average total return potential.

Anthony J. Glennon May 9, 2025

(A) Dil. EPS. Excl. net nonrec. losses: '12, 64¢; '13, 22¢; '14, 59¢; '15, 5¢; '16, 60¢; '18, 96; '20, \$3.40; '21, 30¢; '22, \$2.10; '23, \$2.02; '24, 19¢; net nonrec. gain: '17, 14¢. Qtly. EPS may © 2025 Value Line, Inc. All rights reserved. Factual material is obtained from sources believed to be reliable and is provided without warranties of any kind. THE PUBLISHER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS HEREIN. This publication is strictly for subscriber's own, non-commercial, internal use. No part

not sum to annual due to rounding. Next egs. due early Aug. (B) Div'ds paid mid-Mar., June, 24 in NC: 9.94%; in 24 in FL: 9.3%-11.3%; in Sept., & Dec. Div'd reinv. plan avail. (C) Incl. 20 in IN: 9.7%. in 24 in SC: 9.94%; Reg. intang. In '24: \$43.24/sh. (D) In mill., (E) Rate Clim.: FL, NC, SC Avg.; OH, IN Above Avg.



city to 5.28 mill. customers in a 50,000 sq. mi. area in central, coastal, & southern CA (excl. Los Angeles & San Diego). Edison Energy is an energy svcs. co. Disc. Edison Mission Energy (independent power producer) in '12. Elec. rev. breakdown: residential, 40%;

costs: 34% of revs. '24 reported depr. rate: 4.1%. Employs 13,500. Board Chair: Peter J. Taylor. President & CEO: Pedro J. Pizzaro. Inc.: CA. Address: 2244 Walnut Grove Ave., P.O. Box 976, Rosemead, CA 91770. Tel.: 626-302-2222. Internet: www.edison.com

135 166 153 Fixed Charge Cov. (% ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. to '28-'30 4.0% 7.5% 12.5% Revenues 1.5% 4.0% 4.0% 6.5% 5.5% 6.0% 'Cash Flow' 2.5% Earnings 4.5% .5% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (vr-end)

24345

45.8

+.8

21254

49.7

+.7

23861

43.6

+.8

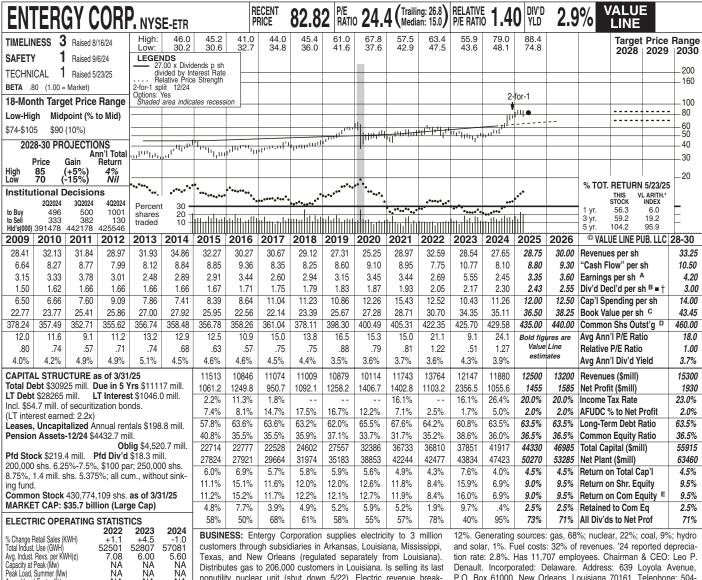
Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	3968	4008	5228	4016	17220
2023	3966	3964	4702	3706	16338
2024	4078	4336	5201	3984	17599
2025	3811	4529	5450	4280	18070
2026	4050	4710	5700	4340	18800
Cal-	EA	RNINGS P	ER SHARI	А	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.07	.94	1.48	1.15	4.63
2023	1.09	1.01	1.38	1.28	4.76
2024	1.13	1.23	1.50	1.05	4.91
2025	1.37	1.40	1.80	1.43	6.00
2026	1.40	1.40	1.85	1.50	6.15
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS PA	AID B .	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.6625	.6625	.6625	.6625	2.65
2022	.70	.70	.70	.70	2.80
2023	.7375	.7375	.7375	.7375	2.95
2024	.78	.78	.78	.78	3.12
2025	.8275	.8275	0	5	0.12
2020	.0270	.0210			1

Edison International is being sued for allegedly igniting the Eaton Fire, one of the two more destructive blazes that rampaged through Los Angeles County in January. Lawsuits have been filed against the company bv firms representing residents, shareholders, insurers, the county, and the cities of Pasadena and Sierra Madre. While investigations are ongoing, the utility's equipment is being thoroughly considered as a potential ignition source of the wildfire. The company has acknowledged a possible link, but has not determined a definitive cause yet. The origin of the similarly destructive Palisades Fire began outside of Edison's service area, but it has still been named in lawsuits related to that blaze. The Eaton Fire destroyed over 9,400 structures and resulted in 18 fatalities, while the Palisades Fire wrecked more than 6,800 structures and led to 12 deaths. Combined, tens of thousands of acres were burned and significant public infrastructure was ruined. Property damages alone are estimated to be as high as \$55 billion. It may take several more months before authorities' investigations conclude.

The California Wildfire Fund of 2019 (CWF) will probably limit Edison's potential liability. The CWF serves as self insurance for the state's three major utilities. It was funded by the companies and their customers and contains \$21 billion. Under most circumstances the CWF would prevent utilities from suffering major material losses beyond the first \$1 billion of damages per incident, which is like a deductible and is not covered. Hence, even if EIX's equipment is found to be at fault for the Eaton Fire and possibly the smaller Hurst blaze, \$2 billion would not be too problematic for the company's balance sheet. It pales in comparison to the \$11 billion in market capitalization lost since early January. The problem is this exercise may not be as straightforward as that. There are uncertainties. The CWF does not fully cover negligence. Also, the CWF is likely to be largely depleted and will need to be replenished. There is no predefined mechanism for that.

This stock is not timely. Sentiment may remain poor for quite a while, with ongoing headline risk a factor to consider. Anthony J. Glennon July 18, 2025

(A) Adj. (non-GAAP) EPS from 2019 on. Excl. gains/(losses): nonrecur's ; '10, 54¢; '11, (\$3.33); '13, (\$1.12); '15, (\$1.18); '17, (\$1.37); '22, (\$3.02); '23, (\$1.34); '24, (\$1.60); disc. paid late Jan., Apr., July, & Oct. ■ Div'd reinv. ops.: '13, 11¢; '14, 57¢; '15, 11¢; '18, 10¢. plan avl. (**C**) Incl. def'd chgs. In '24: \$4.40/sh. Qtly. EPS may not sum to full yr. due to round- (**D**) In mill. (**E**) Rate base: net orig. cost. Rate '18, (14¢); '19, (92¢); '20, (\$2.54); '21, (\$2.59); | ing. Next egs. report due late July. (B) Div'ds | all'd on com. eq. in '25: 10.33%; Reg Clmt Avg.



Texas, and New Orleans (regulated separately from Louisiana). Distributes gas to 206,000 customers in Louisiana. Is selling its last nonutility nuclear unit (shut down 5/22). Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 37%; commercial, 24%; industrial, 27%; other,

tion rate: 2.8%. Has 11,707 employees. Chairman & CEO: Leo P. Denault. Incorporated: Delaware. Address: 639 Loyola Avenue, P.O. Box 61000. New Orleans. Louisiana 70161. Telephone: 504-576-4000. Internet: www.entergy.com.

ings per share will be \$3.35 in 2025.

Fixed Charge Cov. (%)		209	250	220
ANNUAL RATES				'22-'24
of change (per sh)	10 Yrs.	5 Yrs.	to '	28-'30
Revenues	-1.0%	.5%	5 2	2.0%
"Cash Flow"	.5%	1.0%	, 3	3.0%
Earnings	2.5%	4.0%		3.0%
Dividends	2.5%	4.0%	5 5	5.5%
Book Value	2.0%	7.0%	. 4	1.5%

+1.0

Annual Load Factor (%)
% Change Customers (vr-end)

NA

NA

NA

Cal- endar	QUAR Mar.31		VENUES (Full Year
2022	2878	3395	4219	3273	13764
2023	2981	2846	3596	2725	12147
2024	2795	2954	3389	2742	11880
2025	2849	3300	3200	3151	12500
2026	3100	3400	3400	3300	13200
Cal-	EA	RNINGS F	ER SHARI	Dec.31	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30		Year
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	.68 .74 .18 .82	.39 .92 .12 .20 . 45	1.37 1.57 1.50 1.63 1.70	.26 2.33 .65 . 70 . 75	2.69 5.55 2.45 3.35 3.60
Cal-	QUART	ERLY DIVI	DENDS PA	ID B ■ †	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	.475 .505 .535 .565 .60	.475 .505 .535 .565 .60	.475 .505 .535 .565	.505 .535 .565 .60	1.93 2.05 2.17 2.30

Entergy reported a decent improvement in its first-quarter results. Revenues expanded 2% year over year to \$2.849 billion, as the company delivered 13% more residential usage in its coverage area during the quarter. This benefited from cooler weather across the area. Costs related to energy generation declined considerably as Entergy purchased less fuel, while Entergy recorded higher costs due to growth in its capital structure. Interest costs rose due to a greater debt load. Even so, these factors netted a gain of \$0.82 per share during the quarter.

The company remains on track to deliver a solid performance for the remainder of the year. A few major projects are expected to come online, while we anticipate continued demand from the residential sector as more consumers move into the coverage area. However, Entergy received approval to sell its local distribution companies in the Louisiana coverage area, which may be a headwind. Cost growth will likely occur at a steady pace, while we expect interest costs to rise due to a large-scale capital buildout financed by debt. All told, we estimate that earn-

Long-term expansion is likely benefit from several trends. The company has continued to win new industrial customers, including a recently announced low-carbon blue ammonia facility from CF Industries, as well as a manufacturing plant in the company's Louisiana territory, announced by Hyundai Motor Group. Other industrial activities are likely to occur, helping to boost demand, especially as these plants hire new workers, which in turn will stimulate residential usage. We expect growth in data centers to occur, thereby furthering demand, but interest expenses should rise. Greater infrastructure buildouts in the years ahead will lead increased administrative and maintenance expenses. All told, we think that earnings per share will advance to

of Entergy are neutrally Shares ranked for Timeliness. The stock holds unimpressive 3- to 5-year appreciation potential. However, the dividend yield is above average. Thus, we believe this equity is best suited for income seekers. John E. Seibert III June 6, 2025

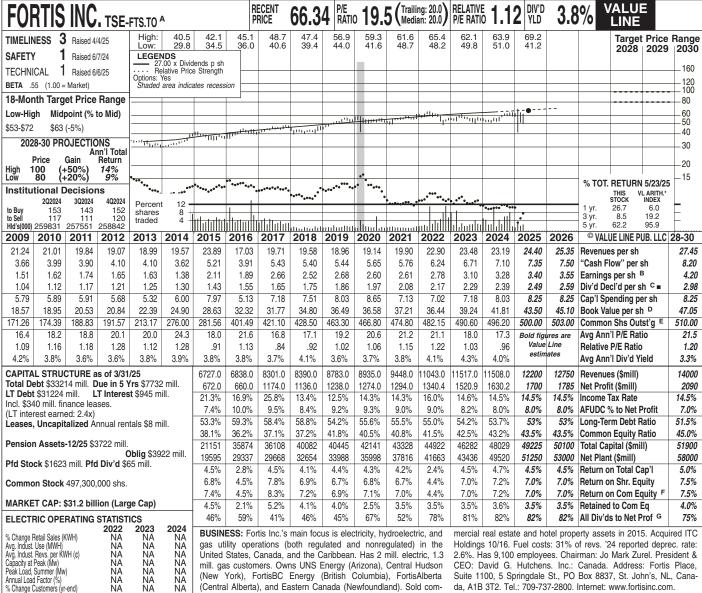
\$3.60 in 2026 and \$4.20 by 2028-2030.

(A) Diluted EPS. GAAP starting in 2022. Excl. nonrec. losses: '12, \$1.26; '13, \$1.14; '14, 56¢; '15, \$6.99; '16, \$10.14; '17, \$2.91; '18, \$1.25;

avail. † Shareholder investment plan avail (C) Incl. deferred charges. In '24: \$14.92/sh. age.

gust. (B) Div'ds historically paid in early Mar., June, Sept., & Dec. ■ Div'd reinvestment plan lowed ROE (blended): 9.79%; earned on avg. com. eq., '24: 6.9%. Regulatory Climate: Aver

Company's Financial Strength	A+
Stock's Price Stability	95
Price Growth Persistence	55
Earnings Predictability	60



mill. gas customers. Owns UNS Energy (Arizona), Central Hudson (New York), FortisBC Energy (British Columbia), FortisAlberta (Central Alberta), and Eastern Canada (Newfoundland). Sold comCEO: David G. Hutchens. Inc.: Canada. Address: Fortis Place, Suite 1100, 5 Springdale St., PO Box 8837, St. John's, NL, Canada, A1B 3T2. Tel.: 709-737-2800. Internet: www.fortisinc.com.

207 211 215 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 Revenues -.5% 3.5% 3.5% 3.5% 5.5% 3.5% 'Cash Flow' 3.5% 4.5% 5.0% 5.0% Earnings 6.0% 4.0% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (yr-end)

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	2835	2487	2553	3168	11043
2023	3319	2594	2719	2885	11517
2024	3118	2670	2771	2949	11508
2025	3338	2750	2850	3262	12200
2026	3450	2900	2950	3450	12750
Cal-	EA	RNINGS P	ER SHARI	В	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	.74	.59	.68	.77	2.78
2023	.90	.61	.81	.78	3.10
2024	.93	.67	.85	.83	3.28
2025	1.00	.70	.85	.85	3.40
2026	.95	.80	.90	.90	3.55
Cal-	QUART	TERLY DIV	IDENDS P	AID c ■	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.505	.505	.505	.535	2.05
2022	.535	.535	.535	.565	2.17
2023	.565	.565	.565	.590	2.29
2024	.590	.590	.590	.615	2.39
2025	.615	.615			

Fortis is off to a strong start in 2025. The utility reported first-quarter earnings of \$1.00 per share, topping our \$0.95-ashare estimate and up from \$0.93 last year. Results were driven by broad ratebase growth, favorable currency exchange, and the resolution of Central Hudson's 2024 rate case. Capital expenditures totaled \$1.4 billion for the quarter, with the company tracking toward its \$5.2 billion annual goal. The new three-year rate framework for FortisBC was approved in March, adding stability and predictability. Our 2025 profit forecast remains at \$3.40 per share, which implies 4% growth from 2024.

We expect modest but steady earnings **growth** ahead. Fortis continues to benefit from regulatory clarity and long-term infrastructure investment. The utility is committed to its five-year capital plan, aimed at modernizing the grid and expanding its rate base. A large portion of this spending is directed at its U.S.-based subsidiaries, especially ITC and Tucson Electric Power, where incremental investment opportunities continue to emerge. Specifically, Fortis reaffirmed its five-year

\$26 billion capital plan, focused on regulated investments to support infrastructure improvements and customer growth. The rate base is projected to grow by \$14 billion, to \$53 billion, by 2029, representing an annual growth rate of 6.5%. Our 2026 earnings estimate is unchanged at \$3.55 a share, consistent with Fortis' longterm 4%-6% profit growth target.

Dividend growth remains a core strength of this utility. In 2024, Fortis raised its annual dividend to \$2.39 per share, marking more than 50 consecutive years of increases in the payout. Management is targeting 4%-6% annual dividend growth through 2029, in line with earnings, supported by strong cash flows and a

conservative payout ratio.

Conservative, income-oriented accounts will likely want to take a closer look. The stock, though not timely, is ranked 1 (Highest) for Safety and holds top-notch scores for Price Stability and Earnings Predictability. And, the most notable feature is the yield of 3.8%, which continues to stand above the industry average.

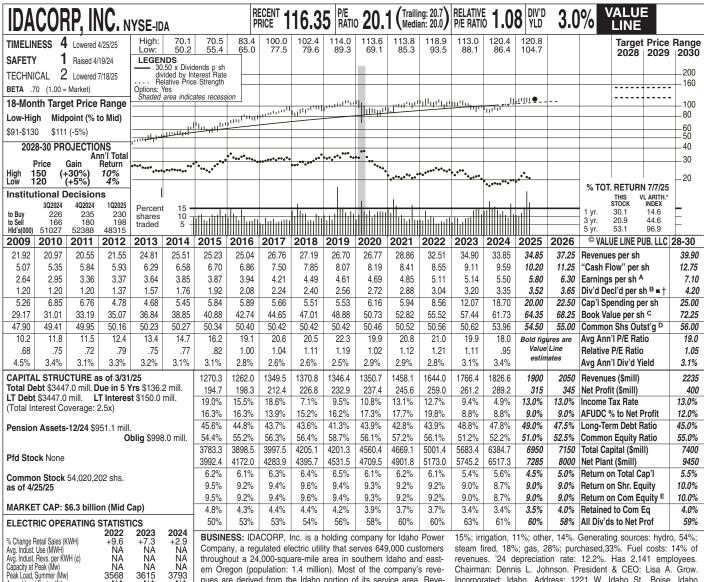
Zachary J. Hodgkinson June 6, 2025

(A) Also trades on NYSE (FTS). All data in Canadian \$. **(B)** Dil. egs. Excl. nonrecur. gains (loss): '14, 2¢; '15, 48¢; '17, (35¢); '18, 7¢. '19, \$1.12. Next egs. report due late July. (C) mill. (F) hates all'd on com. eq.: 8.3%-10.32%;

Div'ds historically paid in early Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. ■ Div'd reinv. plan avail. (2% FERC, Above Avg.; AZ, Below Avg.; NY, Below disc.). (D) Incl. intang. In '24: \$34.05/sh. (E) In Avg. (G) Excl. div'ds pd. via reinv. plan.

Company's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability 100 Price Growth Persistence **Earnings Predictability** 100

© 2025 Value Line, Inc. All rights reserved. Factual material is obtained from sources believed to be reliable and is provided without warranties of any kind. THE PUBLISHER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS HEREIN. This publication is strictly for subscriber's own, non-commercial, internal use. No part of it may be reproduced, resold, stored or transmitted in any printed, electronic or other form, or used for generating or marketing any printed or electronic publication, service or product



throughout a 24,000-square-mile area in southern Idaho and eastern Oregon (population: 1.4 million). Most of the company's revenues are derived from the Idaho portion of its service area. Revenue breakdown: residential, 38%; commercial, 22%; industrial,

revenues. '24 depreciation rate: 12.2%. Has 2,141 employees. Chairman: Dennis L. Johnson. President & CEO: Lisa A. Grow. Incorporated: Idaho. Address: 1221 W. Idaho St., Boise, Idaho 83702. Telephone: 208-388-2200. Internet: www.idacorpinc.com

315 328 395 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs to '28-'30 4.5% 3.0% 3.5% Revenues 3.5% 3.5% 'Cash Flow' 6.0% 6.0% Earnings 4.0% 6.0% 5.5% 4.5% Dividends Book Value

QUARTERLY REVENUES(\$ mill.)

% Change Customers (yr-end)

3568

+2.4

3615

NA

+2.4

3793

NA

+2.2

endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	344.3	358.7	518.0	422.9	1644.0
2023	429.7	413.8	510.9	412.0	1766.4
2024	448.9	451.1	528.5	398.1	1826.6
2025	432.5	480	550	437.5	1900
2026	500	520	550	480	2050
Cal-	EA	RNINGS P	ER SHARE	Α	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	.91	1.27	2.10	.83	5.11
2023	1.11	1.35	2.07	.61	5.14
2024	.95	1.71	2.12	.70	5.50
2025	1.10	1.80	2.20	.70	5.80
2026	1.10	1.85	2.50	.85	6.30
Cal-	QUART	ERLY DIVI	DENDS PA	IDB∎†	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.71	.71	.71	.75	2.88
2022	.75	.75	.75	.79	3.04
2023	.79	.79	.79	.83	3.20
2024	.83	.83	.83	.86	3.35
2025	.86	.86			

IDACORP continues to enjoy healthy share earnings despite elevated infrastructure costs. First-quarter results benefited from strong customer growth, recent rate cases, and the expected application of federal tax credits through Idaho's regulatory framework. These tailwinds helped offset rising depreciation and financing costs tied to its expanding infrastructure base.

We anticipate earnings momentum to carry through the rest of the year. Management reaffirmed its full-year guidance of \$5.65-\$5.85 per share based on assumptions of typical weather and stable power supply costs. The utility also expects to use \$60 million to \$77 million in additional tax credits through 2025, helping ease the cost of service for customers. Rate increases implemented at the start of the year should also lend support. In all, we estimate 2025 earnings to land near the high end of guidance, around \$5.80, with a further increase to \$6.30 in 2026, reflecting annual growth of more than 5% and 8%, respectively.

IDACORP has mapped out a substantial capital investment strategy. The

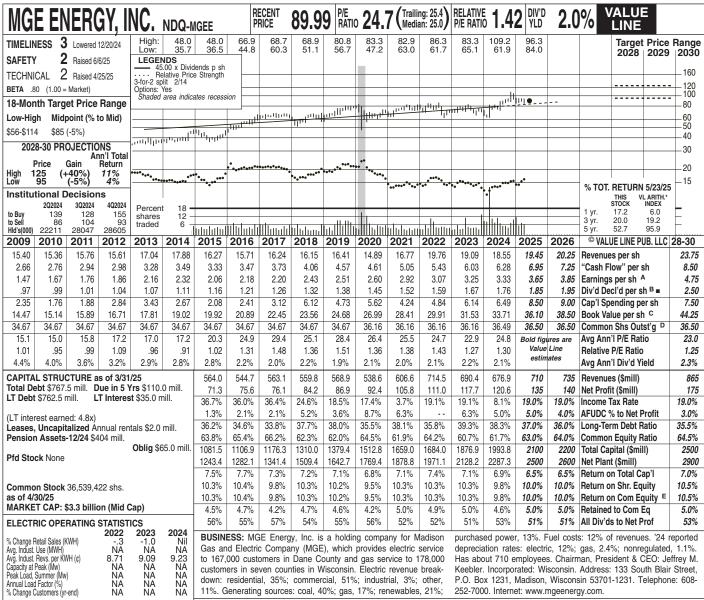
utility plans to invest \$1.0 billion to \$1.1 billion in 2025, between \$1.25 billion and \$1.35 billion in 2026, and \$3.1 billion to \$3.6 billion from 2027 to 2029. These funds will support a broad range of projects, including three major transmission lines, resource procurement for new generation, and continued enhancements to system reliability. The company's 2025 Integrated Resource Plan, recently filed with regulators, highlights the urgent need for additional energy resources, battery storage, and efficiency programs as it prepares for one of its most rapid demand expansions. Over the next 20 years, peak demand is expected to rise nearly 45%, or roughly 1,700 megawatts, with more than half of that increase arriving in the next five years

That said, IDACORP's investment appeal may remain limited in the near term. At the current quotation, the equity is ranked to underperform the broader market averages. At 3.0%, the dividend yield is below average for the utility sector, and capital appreciation potential appears subpar.

Emma Jalees July 18, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Earnings may not sum due to rounding. Next earnings report due July 31st. (B) Dividends historically paid in late February, May, August, and November. ■ Dividend rein-

vestment plan available. † Shareholder investment plan available. (C) Incl. intangibles. In '24: \$1418.0 mill., \$26.28/sh. (D) In millions. (E) Rate base: Net original cost. Rate allowed



customers in seven counties in Wisconsin. Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 35%; commercial, 51%; industrial, 3%; other, 11%. Generating sources: coal, 40%; gas, 17%; renewables, 21%;

Keebler. Incorporated: Wisconsin. Address: 133 South Blair Street, P.O. Box 1231, Madison, Wisconsin 53701-1231. Telephone: 608-252-7000. Internet: www.mgeenergy.com.

517 525 530 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. to '28-'30 3.5% 7.5% 6.0% 5.0% 6.0% Revenues 1.5% 4.5% 'Cash Flow' 6.0% 4.5% 7.0% 7.0% Earnings 6.5% 5.5% Dividends Book Value 6.0%

% Change Customers (vr-end)

NA

NA NA

NA

NA NA

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	209.0	152.3	163.4	189.8	714.5
2023	217.3	148.0			690.4
2024		145.7			676.9
2025		145		176	710
2026	215	160	180	180	735
Cal-		RNINGS P	ER SHARE	Α	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	.96	.60	.93	.58	3.07
2023	.86	.79	1.05	.55	3.25
2024	.93	.66		.61	3.33
2025	1.14		1.15	.61	3.65
2026	1.15	.80	1.20	.70	3.85
2020					3.03
Cal-	QUART	ERLY DIV	IDENDS PA	AID B ■	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec. 31	Year
2021	.37	.37	.388	.388	1.52
2022	.388	.388	.408	.408	1.59
2023	.408	.408	.4275	.4275	1.67
2024	.4275			-	1.76
		.42/5	.430	.450	1./0
2025	.450				

MGE Energy reported solid financial results for the first quarter. Revenues rose 14% year over year, to \$219 million, driven by a double-digit increase in gas retail sales and modest growth in electric retail sales. Meanwhile, GAAP share earnings advanced more than 22% from the year-ago period, to \$1.14.

The company has pending regulatory matters. In April, MGE filed a 2026/2027 rate case with the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin, seeking a 4.89% electric rate increase and a 2.33% gas rate rise for 2026. For 2027, the proposed adjustments include a 4.33% hike in electric rates and a 2.16% increase in gas rates. Furthermore, a final decision is expected before the end of this year.

MGE Energy continues to expand its renewable energy footprint. The Darien Solar Project in southern Wisconsin became operational in March, adding 25 MW of solar capacity to the company's asset base. This addition helped lift electric earnings in the recent quarter. Furthermore, it is expected to support MGE's longer-term decarbonization strategy. Besides Darien, the company has several

wind, solar, and battery projects on track to be in service by 2027. Moreover, the utility remains focused on sustainability, with a stated goal of reducing carbon emissions 80% by 2030.

Strategic investments and cost controls are expected to support earnings growth in the near term. Ongoing spending in clean energy and infrastructure should help MGE with future rate case negotiations with the regulator. Moreover, favorable rate cases will likely attract new customers. All in all, we estimate share earnings will grow roughly 9% in 2025 and 5% in 2026, to \$3.65 and \$3.85, respectively.

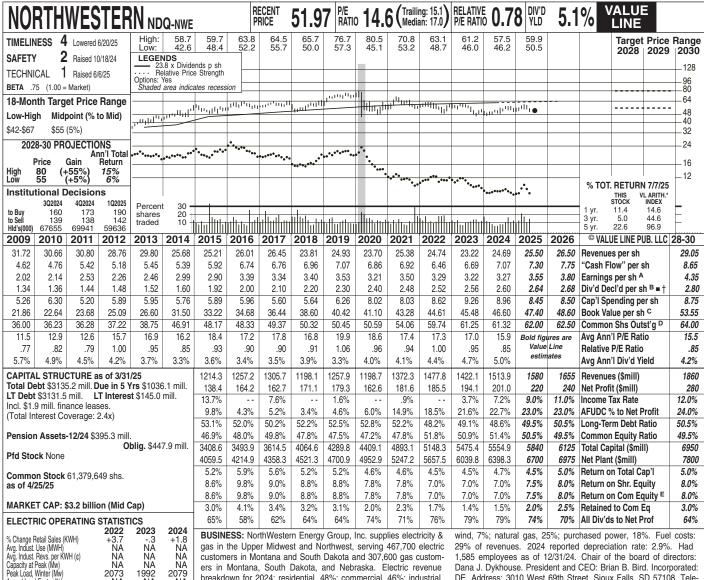
Good-quality shares of MGE Energy are ranked to perform in line with the broader market averages in the year **ahead.** Moreover, at the recent quotation, the equity's 18-month and long-term capital appreciation potential are below average. Additionally, the dividend yield is also notably below the industry average (3.6%). Therefore, income-focused investors may find more compelling options elsewhere in the utility space.

Emma Jalees June 6, 2025

(A) GAAP Diluted earnings. Excludes non-recurring gain: '17, 62¢. Quarterly earnings may not sum to full year due to rounding or share count change. Next earnings report due

early Aug. (B) Div'ds historically paid in mid-March, June, September, and December Div'd reinvestment plan avail. (C) Includes regulatory assets. In '24: \$132.3 mill., \$3.62/sh.

(D) In millions, adj for split. **(E)** Rate allowed on common equity in '24: 9.7%; Regulatory Climate: Above Average



customers in Montana and South Dakota and 307,600 gas customers in Montana, South Dakota, and Nebraska. Electric revenue breakdown for 2024: residential, 48%; commercial, 46%; industrial, 4%; and other, 2%. Generating sources: coal, 24%; hydro, 26%;

1,585 employees as of 12/31/24. Chair of the board of directors: Dana J. Dykhouse. President and CEO: Brian B. Bird. Incorporated: DE. Address: 3010 West 69th Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57108. Telephone: 605-978-2900. Internet: www.northwesternenergy.com

219 216 205 Fixed Charge Cov. (% ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 Revenues -1.5% -.5% 3.0% 'Cash Flow' 2.5% 2.5% -.5% -1.0% 4.5% 4.5% Earnings 3.0% 3.5% 1.5% 2.5% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (vr-end)

2073

NA

+1.5

ΝA

ΝA

+1.6

1992

2079

NA

+1.5

Cal-	QUAR	TERLY RE	VENUES (\$ mill.)	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	394.5	323.0	335.1	425.2	1477.8
2023	454.5	290.5	321.1	356.0	1422.1
2024	475.3	319.9	345.2	373.5	1513.9
2025	466.6	330	369	414.4	1580
2026	490	350	385	430	1655
Cal-	EA	RNINGS F	ER SHAR	ΕA	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.08	.58	.47	1.16	3.29
2023	1.10	.32	.48	1.32	3.22
2024	1.08	.52	.64	1.03	3.27
2025	1.25	.42	.75	1.13	3.55
2026	1.30	.50	.80	1.20	3.80
Cal-	QUART	ERLY DIVI	DENDS PA	IDB∎†	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.62	.62	.62	.62	2.48
2022	.63	.63	.63	.63	2.52
2023	.64	.64	.64	.64	2.56
2024	.65	.65	.65	.65	2.60
2025	.66	.66			

NorthWestern Energy looks on pace for a decent year. First-quarter 2025 results benefited from more heating degree days than is typical. By the company's own estimate, the additional weather-related demand provided a \$0.03-per-share boost to earnings. In 2024, the utility suffered from fewer than typical heating and cooling days, crimping full-year earnings by \$0.13 per share. Weathernormalized results would put last year's profit at roughly \$3.40 a share. Leadership is using that figure as a base level of measurement, with a stated goal of 4%-6% annual growth from there. That would place this year's share-earnings target at \$3.54 to \$3.60 and next year's at \$3.68 to 3.82. The company is a bit overdue for rate relief, and is, thus far, being allowed to bill for a partial increase of 4.2%. We suspect the benefits of higher delivery rates will likely fall more into 2026's results than this year's tally, resulting in profits being skewed to the low end of the weathernormalized range for 2025 and towards the higher end for next year.

Management believes the Montana general rate case is on track for a con-

structive outcome. As of late April, the company had a full natural gas settlement reached with major intervenors and a partial electric settlement reached as well. The state regulatory commission began evidentiary hearings on June 9th, with those concluding towards the end of that month. A final decision is expected shortly, with new rates likely to take effect some

time during the third quarter.

The company is the beneficiary of some positive tort reform regarding wildfires. Montana's governor signed a major wildfire liability bill into law on May 13th. The new law limits the amount of damages that can be assessed on electric co-ops and public utilities to real economic figures from fires that may have started from electrical equipment. Punitive damages are to be excluded if a utility is following an approved mitigation plan.

This issue is untimely. NWE has average growth prospects relative to its peer group, but offers slightly better total return potential out to 2026-2028 than most. The high dividend yield is a plus, comparing favorable to the 3.6% industry median. Anthony J. Glennon July 18, 2025

(A) Diluted egs. Excl. nonrec. gains/(losses):

degs. report due late July. (B) Div'ds paid late
i'12, 40¢; '15, 27¢; '18, 52¢; '19, 45¢; '20,
i(15¢); '21, 10¢; '22, (4¢); '24, 38¢. Qtly EPS
may not sum to full yr. due to rounding. Next

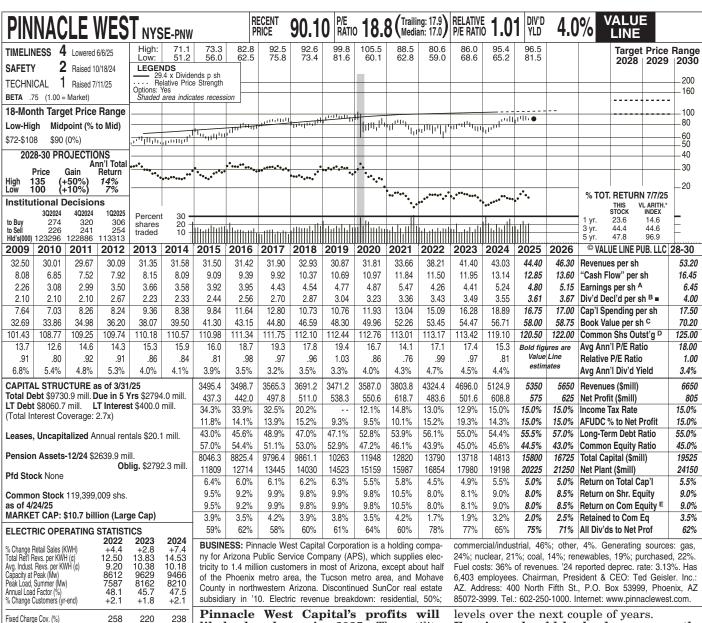
def'd charges and intag. '24: \$18.30/sh. (D) In

def'd charges and intag. '24: \$18.30/sh. (D) In

10.4%. Reg. Climate: Below Avg.

Company's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability Price Growth Persistence **Earnings Predictability**

B++ 95 15 95



Fixed Charg	e Cov. (%)		258	220	238	
ANNUA of change Revenu "Cash F Earning Dividen Book Va	ies Flow" js ds	Past 10 Yrs. 3.0% 4.0% 2.5% 4.0% 4.0%	Past 5 Yrs. 5.0% 3.5% - 4.0% 3.5%	to'	'22-'24 28-'30 4.5% 5.0% 5.0% 1.5% 4.0%	
Cal-	QUARTERLY REVENUES (\$ mill.) Full					

endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30		Year
2022	783.5	1061.7	1469.9	1009.3	4324.4
2023	945.0	1121.7	1637.8	991.5	4696.0
2024	951.7	1309.0	1768.8	1095.4	5124.9
2025	1032.3	1357.7	1810	1150	5350
2026	1090	1435	1900	1225	5650
Cal-	E/	ARNINGS F	PER SHAR	ΕA	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	.15	1.45	2.88	d.21	4.26
2023	d.03	.94	3.50	Nil	4.41
2024	.15	1.76	3.37	d.06	5.24
2025	d.04	1.65	3.20	d.01	4.80
2026	.11	1.70	3.35	d.01	5.15
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS P	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.83	.83	.83	.85	3.34
2022	.85	.85	.85	.865	3.42
2023	.865	.865	.865	.88	3.48
2024	.88	.88	.88	.895	3.54
2025	.895	.895			

likely be down in 2025. The utility benefited from a record heat wave last year in Arizona that lifted cooling demand, helping to send retail sales volume up Leadership affirmed 2025 weather-normalized earnings projection of \$4.40 to \$4.60 per share. This range takes into account the first quarter loss, which was largely due to higher planned operations and maintenance expense related to power plant overhauls. The extra work was needed to ensure reliability during peak seasonal demand. Still, we think the company will prove to be a bit too conservative in its forecast. Sweltering heat in 2022 and 2023, followed by an even more oppressive stretch last year, doesn't seem like a trend that will readily pivot back to normalized temperatures. In addition, Pinnacle West's service area benefits from strong migration, as Arizona's 2.5% flat income tax rate helps draw in out-of-state retirees. A business friendly government also keeps the regional economy headed in the right direction. Customer growth rose 2.1% in 2024 and 2.3% during the March

quarter. It will probably be up similar

Earnings should be back on a growth trajectory in 2026. In addition to the higher than typical electricity volumes in 2024, which make for difficult quarterly bottom-line comparisons this year, the company is also experiencing regulatory lag. The utility filed a rate case application in June, seeking a net base-rate increase of \$580 million. It should garner a decision next year, and a potential revenue increase in the back half of 2026. In the utility's most recent rate-case decision, handed down in February 2024, it received fair treatment from a revamped Arizona Public Service Commission.

This issue is untimely. Longer term, we continue to like this electric utility, as it is the beneficiary of a premium service area with rising energy demand from population growth and a healthy economy. Still, utility investors need to be disciplined buyers and wait for a better entry point. We think a 5% drawdown, sending the stock into the mid-\$80 area, would provide a worthwhile risk-adjusted annual total return expectation. Anthony J. Glennon July 18, 2025

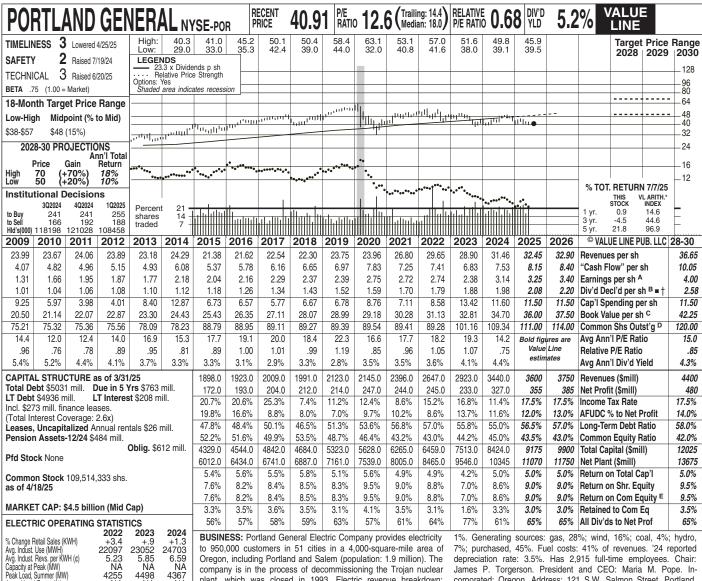
(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gain/(loss): '09, (\$1.45); '17, 8¢; gains/(losses) from discont. (\$1.45); '17, 8¢; gains/(losses) from discont. ops.: '09, (13¢); '10, 18¢; '11, 10¢; '12, (5¢). Qtly. EPS may not sum to full year due to

Sept., & Dec. There were 5 declarations in '12. ■ Div'd reinvestment plan avail.

rounding. Next egs. report due early August. (C) Incl. deferred charges/other intangibles. In (B) Div'ds historically paid in early Mar., June, '24: \$33.55/sh. (D) In mill. (E) Rate base: Fair value. Rate allowed on common equity in '24: 9.55%-9.85%. Regulatory Climate: Average.

Company's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability B++ 95 Price Growth Persistence 30 **Earnings Predictability** 80

© 2025 Value Line, Inc. All rights reserved. Factual material is obtained from sources believed to be reliable and is provided without warranties of any kind. THE PUBLISHER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS HEREIN. This publication is strictly for subscriber's own, non-commercial, internal use. No part of it may be reproduced, resold, stored or transmitted in any printed, electronic or other form, or used for generating or marketing any printed or electronic publication, service or product



to 950,000 customers in 51 cities in a 4,000-square-mile area of Oregon, including Portland and Salem (population: 1.9 million). The company is in the process of decommissioning the Trojan nuclear plant, which was closed in 1993. Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 51%; commercial, 33%; industrial, 16%; other, less than

7%; purchased, 45%. Fuel costs: 41% of revenues. '24 reported depreciation rate: 3.5%. Has 2,915 full-time employees. Chair: James P. Torgerson. President and CEO: Maria M. Pope. Incorporated: Oregon. Address: 121 S.W. Salmon Street, Portland, OR 97204. Tel.: 503-464-8000. Internet: www.portlandgeneral.com.

254 217 235 Fixed Charge Cov. (% ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. to '28-'30 5.5% 2.0% 3.0% 5.5% 3.0% Revenues 2.5% 3.5% 'Cash Flow' 3.0% 3.5% 5.5% 6.5% Earnings 5.5% 4.5% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (vr-end)

4255

ŇĂ

+1.1

4498

ŇĀ

+.7

4367

NΑ

+1.6

Cal- endar	QUAR Mar.31		VENUES (Sep.30		Full Year
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	975	591 648 758 797 825	743 802 929 975 1020	687 725 824 900 930	2647 2923 3440 3600 3750
Cal- endar	EA Mar.31		ER SHARI Sep.30	_	Full Year
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	.67 .80 1.21 .91 1.00	.44 .69 .70	.46	.34 . 69	2.74 2.38 3.14 3.25 3.40
Cal- endar	QUART Mar.31		DENDS PA Sep.30		Full Year
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	.4075 .43 .4525 .475 .50	.43	.4525		1.68 1.77 1.86 1.95

Portland General Electric stock has been a weak performer lately. The results of the company's Oregon rate-case decision in December were disappointing, as the authorized return on equity (ROE) was reduced from 9.5% to 9.34%. Portland General was seeking an 8.6% across-theboard rate increase for the recoupment of investments made, but instead received a 5.5% residential hike and 7.7% commercial/industrial increase. Overall, Portland got a \$98 million revenue lift, representing 54% of the requested amount. The rise helps, but up against higher interest and depreciation expenses and rising operations and maintenance costs, the company is targeting earnings of \$3.13 to \$3.33 per share this year. Our \$3.25 estimate is slightly north of the midpoint of the range and still only represents 3.5% earnings-per-share growth. This is despite the com-pany seeing solid demand trends (more below). Another factor potentially hurting share performance is the impact of January's wildfires in California on sentiment for Pacific Northwest utilities. Portland General by all accounts does a very good job with wildfire mitigation, but material

adverse risks remain for operators whose territory spans densely forested areas.

Long-term electricity demand growth in the utility's service area is a plus. There's a cluster of high-tech companies occupying an area referred to as the "Silicon Forest" within Portland General's territory. Key employers there include In-Adobe, Microsoft, NTTGlobal. NVIDIA, Synopsys, and Stack Infrastructure. Portland also counts Microchip Technology, Lam Research, and ON Semiconamong others as commerductor. cial/industrial Weathercustomers. adjusted demand has been rising at a solid pace from the semiconductor industry and data centers, which also provide a lift to the region's economy. The company is expecting load growth to average 2.5% to 3.5% for the foreseeable future.

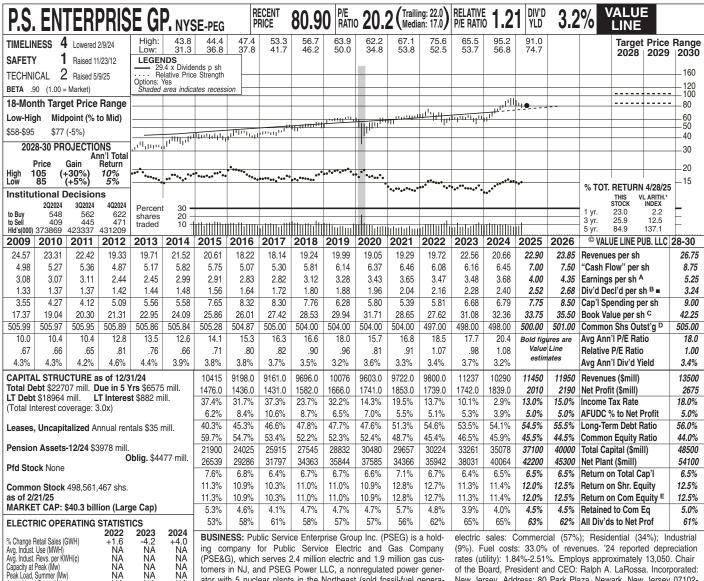
This equity is ranked to track the year-ahead market. POR's dividend yield is more than a percentage point and a half above the 3.6% peer-group median. While total return prospects look appealing, investors do need to consider the wildfire risk in the Pacific Northwest

Anthony J. Glennon July 18, 2025

earnings. Excl. nonrecurring): '13, (42¢); '17, (19¢); '20, (14¢); '23, (5¢); '24, (13¢). (A) Diluted gains/(losses): (\$1.03); '22,

rounding. Next earnings report due late July.
(B) Dividends paid mid-Jan., Apr., July, and Oct. Dividend reinvestment plan available.

Quarterly EPS many not sum to full year due to | Shareholder investment plan available. (C) Incl. | Regulatory Climate: Average.



(PSE&G), which serves 2.4 million electric and 1.9 million gas customers in NJ, and PSEG Power LLC, a nonregulated power generator with 5 nuclear plants in the Northeast (sold fossil-fuel generation, 2/22). Divested offshore wind assets (5/23). Percentange of

rates (utility): 1.84%-2.51%. Employs approximately 13,050. Chair of the Board, President and CEO: Ralph A. LaRossa. Incorporated: New Jersey. Address: 80 Park Plaza, Newark, New Jersey 07102-4194. Telephone.: 973-430-7000. Internet: www.pseg.com.

297 285 288 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 2.0% 1.5% 3.0% 5.0% 1.0% Revenues .5% 4.0% 'Cash Flow" 1.5% 3.0% 6.0% 7.0% Earnings 6.0% 5.5% Dividends Book Value

NA +.9

NA +.9

Annual Load Factor (%)
% Change Customers (avg.)

NA NA

+.9

Cal- endar	QUAR Mar.31		VENUES (Sep.30		Full Year
2022	2313	2076	2272	3139	9800
2023	3755	2421	2456	2605	11237
2024	2760	2423	2642	2465	10290
2025	3222	2588	2930	2710	11450
2026	3350	2700	3075	2825	11950
Cal-	E/	RNINGS F	ER SHAR	ΕA	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.33	.64	.86	.64	3.47
2023	1.39	.70	.85	.54	3.48
2024	1.31	.63	.90	.84	3.68
2025	1.43	.73	1.04	.80	4.00
2026	1.53	.82	1.15	.85	4.35
Cal-	QUAR'	TERLY DIV	IDENDS P	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.51	.51	.51	.51	2.04
2022	.54	.54	.54	.54	2.16
2023	.57	.57	.57	.57	2.28
2024	.60	.60	.60	.60	2.40
2025	.63				

Public Service Enterprise Group's (PSEG) equity performance has cooled off of late. The stock was the top performing utility in 2024, as nuclear and independent power plays were in vogue. PSEG's only significant business held outside of the regulatory pricing umbrella is its nuclear fleet. The company operates three plants in New Jersey and has a 50% stake in two Pennsylvania reactors. Nuclear power is increasingly being viewed as a key noncarbon-emitting contributor to future domestic energy needs. There is the potential for PSEG to sign long-term purchased power agreements with Big Tech firms seeking reliable electric generation for data centers at rates that would be favorable for the utility. Still, the market reaction to those possibilities likely went too far, hence the consolidation that's taken place in PSEG's stock price lately.

The company looks set for solid growth in earnings per share over the next few years. In 2024's fourth quarter, the utility came to a base rates settlement with the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities. Higher delivery rates for electric and

natural gas will lift the company's annual revenue by \$505 million. As a result of the agreement, the typical combined residential electric and gas customer bill will increase 7%, or \$15 per month. The company's regulated return on equity has been set at 9.6%. PSEG's in-house core operating earnings target for 2025 is \$3.94-\$4.06 per share. Leadership's 2025-2029 earnings growth expectation is 5%-7%.

PSEG recently hiked the dividend by 5%. This marks the 14th-consecutive year that PSEG has raised the annual disbursement. The conservatively managed company has reliably paid out a dividend for 118 years with no cuts along the way.

These shares are ranked to underperform the broader market averages in the coming six to 12 months. Moreover, last year's runup, despite a more mundane performance in recent months, has left PSEG's valuation stretched with an abovemarket level price-to-earnings ratio. Further, the dividend yield is about 50 basis points below the utility peer group median level. Investors interested in PSEG are advised to wait for a better entry point. Anthony J. Glennon May 9, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gains/(losses): '11, (34¢); '12, 7¢; '15, 39¢; '16, (\$1.08); '17, 28¢ (net); '18, (29¢); '19, 5¢; '20, 33¢; '21, (20, 20); '19, 5¢; '20, 30¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, 30¢; '21, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, 30¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, 30¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, 30¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5¢; '20, (20, 20); '10, 5c; '20, (20, 20); '10, (\$4.94); '22, (\$1.41); '23, \$1.65; '24, (14¢);

disc. ops.: '10, 1¢; '11, 19¢. Next earnings report due in early August. (B) Div'ds historically paid in late Mar., June, Sept., & Dec. ■ Div'd reinvestment plan avail. | Regulatory Climate: Avg.

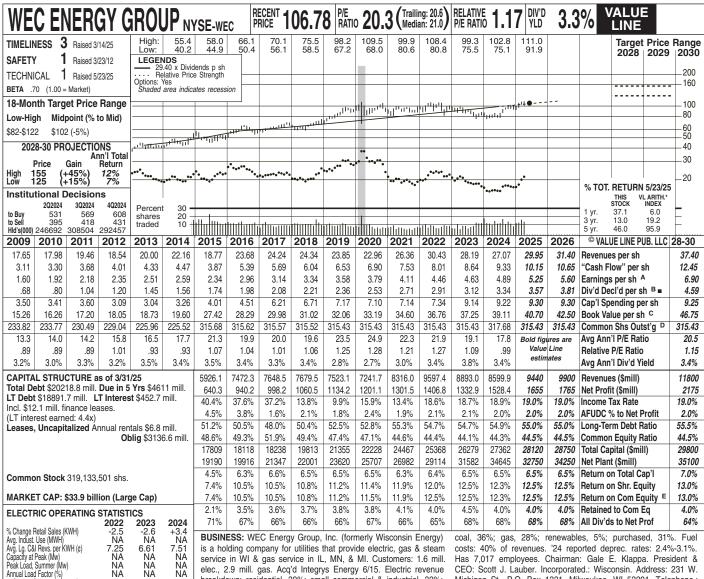
(C) Incl. intangibles. In '24: \$12.62/sh.
(D) In mill. (E) Rate base: Net original cost.
Rate allowed on common equity in '24: 9.6%;

Company's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability Price Growth Persistence **Earnings Predictability**

© 2025 Value Line, Inc. All rights reserved. Factual material is obtained from sources believed to be reliable and is provided without warranties of any kind. THE PUBLISHER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS HEREIN. This publication is strictly for subscriber's own, non-commercial, internal use. No part of it may be reproduced, resold, stored or transmitted in any printed, electronic or other form, or used for generating or marketing any printed or electronic publication, service or product 95

60

100



elec., 2.9 mill. gas. Acq'd Integrys Energy 6/15. Electric revenue breakdown: residential, 39%; small commercial & industrial, 32%; large commercial & industrial, 21%; other, 8%. Generating sources:

CEO: Scott J. Lauber. Incorporated.: Wisconsin. Address: 231 W. Michigan St., P.O. Box 1331, Milwaukee, WI 53201. Telephone.: 414-221-2345. Internet: www.wecenergygroup.com.

357 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) 300 338 ANNUAL RATES Est'd '22-'24 Past Past 10 Yrs. 5 Yrs. to '28-'30 of change (per sh) 3.0% 7.0% 6.5% 2.0% 7.5% 7.0% 5.0% 6.5% Revenues 'Cash Flow' Earnings 6.0% 7.0% 10.0% Dividends **Book Value** 7.0% 3.5% 4 0%

% Change Customers (yr-end)

ΝA

+.6

ΝA

+.7

NA

+.2

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	2908	2127	2003	2558	9597.4
2023	2888	1830	1957	2218	8893.0
2024	2680	1772	1864	2284	8599.9
2025	3150	1900	2000	2390	9440
2026	3200	2050	2300	2350	9900
Cal-	EA	RNINGS P	ER SHARI	Α	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	1.79	.91	.96	.80	4.46
2023	1.61	.92	1.00	1.10	4.63
2024	1.97	.67	.82	1.43	4.89
2025	2.27	.70	.85	1.43	5.25
2026	2.10	1.10	1.20	1.20	5.60
Cal-	QUAR	TERLY DIV	IDENDS PA	AID B =	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.6775	.6775	.6775	.6775	2.71
2022	.7275	.7275	.7275	.7275	2.91
2023	.7800	.7800	.7800	.7800	3.12
2024	.8350	.8350	.8350	.8350	3.34
2025	.8925				

WEC Energy Group is off to a strong start in 2025. The company reported firstquarter earnings of \$2.27 per share, beating our \$2.00 call and increasing nicely from the \$1.97 tally a year ago. Revenue totaled \$3.15 billion, an 18% increase from the prior-year period. Growth was driven by solid electric and gas volumes across Wisconsin and Michigan, with residential electricity use up 5.5% and gas deliveries climbing 15.5% year-over-year. On a weather-normalized basis, electric demand rose 0.7%. Management reaffirmed its 2025 earnings target of \$5.17-\$5.27 a share. Our forecast remains unchanged at \$5.25, near the high end of the range.

We expect continued strength in 2026 and beyond. We are maintaining our 2026 earnings estimate of \$5.60 per share, reflecting 7% growth consistent with management's long-term earnings target of 6.5%-7%. A full year of rate relief, robust control demand, and disciplined cost should all contribute to this growth. WEC is executing its record \$28 billion five-year capital plan, which includes \$9.1 billion for renewable energy and 4,300 MW of generation capacity. These investments are

closely aligned with regional data center and AI-driven demand increases. We also expect positive contributions from new rate cases in key jurisdictions.

The company continues to return capital through a rising dividend. WEC raised its quarterly dividend by 6.9% earlier this year. This marks the 22nd consecutive year of dividend hikes, with the dividend yield now sitting just below the utility industry average. Management continues to target a payout ratio of 65%-70%, with dividend growth aligned with profit gains.

Conservative. income-oriented counts may be attracted to this issue. The stock is ranked 1 (Highest) for Safety and holds a top notch (100) score for Earnings Predictability and Price Stability. Adding to prospects, it holds a high Financial Strength grade rating. The dividend of this top-quality stock sits just below the high-paying industry average, and remains one of its most notable features. Also, these shares have recently been upgraded one notch to Average (3) for Timeliness.

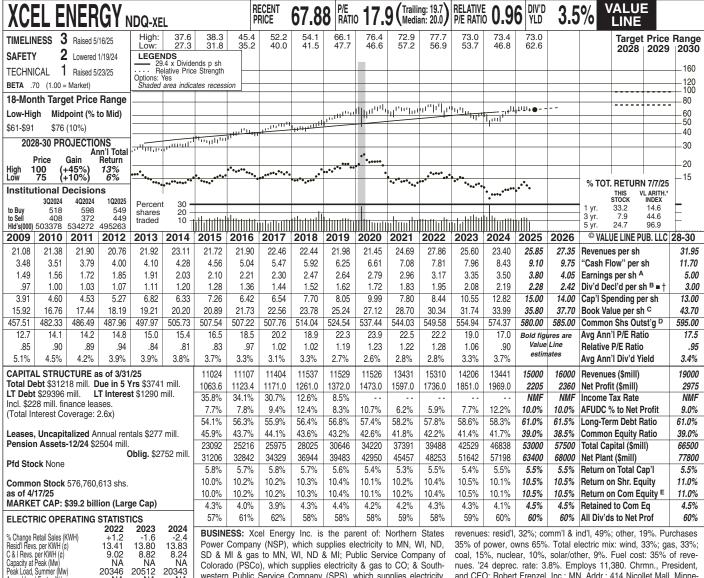
Zachary J. Hodgkinson

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. gain on discontinued ops.: '11, 6¢; nonrecurring gain: '17, 65¢. Next earnings report due late July. (B) Div'ds paid in early Mar., June, Sept. & Dec. ■ Div'd reinv-

estment plan avail. (C) Incl. intang. In '24: \$20.05/sh. (D) In mill. (E) Rate base: Net orig. cost. Rates all'd on com. eq. in WI in '15: 10.0%-10.2%; in IL in '21: 9.67%; in MN in '19: age.

9.7%; in MI in '23: 9.85%; earned on avg. com. eg., '21: 12.2%. Regulatory Climate: WI, Above Average; IL, Below Average; MN & MI, AverCompany's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability 100 Price Growth Persistence **Earnings Predictability** 100

June 6, 2025



SD & MI & gas to MN, WI, ND & MI; Public Service Company of Colorado (PSCo), which supplies electricity & gas to CO; & Southwestern Public Service Company (SPS), which supplies electricity to TX and NM. Customers: 3.9 mill. electric, 2.2 mill. gas. Electric

Xcel Energy was off to a bit of a slow

coal, 15%, nuclear, 10%, solar/other, 9%. Fuel cost: 35% of revenues. '24 deprec. rate: 3.8%. Employs 11,380. Chrmn., President, and CEO: Robert Frenzel. Inc.: MN. Addr.: 414 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, MN 55401. Tel.: 612-330-5500. Int.: www.xcelenergy.com.

Prospects to late decade look good.

Xcel's five-year capital expenditure plan is

expected to deliver annual rate-base

growth in excess of 9%, which should

translate to 6%-8% share-earnings gains.

Regulated prices set for electricity and

natural gas delivery in ratepayers' bills result in revenue streams that provide the

255 245 194 Fixed Charge Cov. (%) ANNUAL RATES Past Past Est'd '22-'24 of change (per sh) 10 Yrs. to '28-'30 3.0% 6.5% 6.0% 6.5% 6.5% Revenues 1.5% 3.5% 'Cash Flow' 7.0% 5.5% 6.5% 7.0% Earnings 6.5% 5.5% Dividends Book Value

% Change Customers (yr-end)

20512

ΝĀ

+1.1

NA

+1.2

NA

+1.0

Cal-			VENUES (Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	3751	3424	4082	4053	15310
2023	4080	3022	3662	3442	14206
2024	3649	3028	3644	3120	13441
2025	3906	3300	3994	3800	15000
2026	4125	3600	4225	4050	16000
Cal-	EA	RNINGS P	ER SHAR	A	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2022	.70	.60	1.18	.69	3.17
2023	.76	.52	1.23	.83	3.35
2024	.89	.55	1.25	.81	3.50
2025	.84	.66	1.38	.92	3.80
2026	.95	.70	1.44	.96	4.05
Cal-	QUART	ERLY DIVI	DENDS PA	IDB∎†	Full
endar	Mar.31	Jun.30	Sep.30	Dec.31	Year
2021	.43	.4575	.4575	.4575	1.80
2022	.4575	.4875	.4875	.4875	1.92
2023	.4875	.52	.52	.52	2.05
2024	.52	.5475	.5475	.5475	2.16
2025	.5475	.57	.57		

start to the year, but will likely reach its bottom-line expectations. The last time Xcel's profits failed to surpass the previous year's level was 2005. The compahas consistently delivered results within the targeted range management provides at the start of a new year. Xcel has a huge service area, encompassing sections of eight large states through its four wholly owned utility subsidiaries. That provides plenty of diversification, scale, and flexibility. In 2024, Xcel needed to rein in costs to deliver on-target financial results. Last year's \$3.50 per share came in at the bottom of management's \$3.50-\$3.60 forecast, but that was largely due to fewer overall cooling and heating days than typical. (Retail electric volume was down 2.4% in 2024 despite a 1.2% rise in the customer base.) For this year, the aggregate comparison should be relatively easy, and we expect the company to make good on management's \$3.75 to \$3.85 earnings-per-share outlook. First-quarter profits were lower than the comparable year-ago figure, largely due to more scheduled maintenance work.

recoupment of capital expenditures plus an economic return on investment. Xcel's main focus of late has been on increasing its utility-owned generating capacity. Due to major wildfires in portions of its Colorado and Texas service areas, mitigation technologies will likely become a more prominent source of investment. Xcel shares don't stand out at the recent valuation. A Colorado court case related to Xcel's alleged role in the Marshall fire of 2021 is due to commence this September. It may result in some headline risk later this year and a potential buying opportunity. It's difficult to say how that case will turn out, but we believe that it's doubtful Xcel will be liable for more than \$1.5 billion, net of insurance. That level would be quite manageable in our view. Anthony \hat{J} . Glennon July 18, 2025

(A) Diluted EPS. Excl. nonrec. gain/(losses): '10, 5¢; '15, (16¢); '17, (5¢); '23, (14¢); '24, (6¢); gain/ (loss) on discontin'd ops.: '09, (1¢); 10, 1¢. Qtly. EPS may not sum to full yr. due to rounding. Next egs. report due late July.

(B) Div'ds typically paid mid-Jan., Apr., July, and Oct. • Div'd reinvestment plan available. † Shareholder investment plan available.

(C) Incl. intangibles. In '24: \$3909 mill., \$6.81/sh. (D) In mill. (E) Rate base: Varies. Rate allowed on common equity (blended): 9.6%. Regulatory Climate: Average.

Company's Financial Strength Stock's Price Stability Price Growth Persistence **Earnings Predictability**

To subscribe call 1-800-VALUELINE

95

55

100

Exhibit TJB-7
Small vs. Large Returns

Liberty Utilities (Calpeco), Corp. Excess Returns Over Returns Predicted by the CAPM - Small versus Large Utilties. Over a 10-year Period (2014-2023)¹

veran	u-year Period (20	14-2023)						
					Average		Average	
					Return As		Difference	A 11-
		_			Predicted by	3	in Return	Average "True"
	Category	<u>Company</u>	Symbol	Industry	CAPM	Actual Return	("Excess Return")	Beta ²
1	Low-Cap	American States Water	AWR	Water	7.70%	14.36%	6.66%	1.64
2	Large-Cap	American Water Works	AWK	Water	7.85%	15.81%	7.96%	1.83
3	Mid-Cap	Essential Utilities	WTRG	Water	8.31%	8.80%	0.48%	0.85
4	Low-Cap	California Water	CWT	Water	7.81%	12.44%	4.62%	1.36
5	Low-Cap	Middlesex	MSEX	Water	8.03%	18.70%	10.67%	2.24
6	Low-Cap	SJW Corp.	SJW	Water	8.16%	13.64%	5.48%	1.53
7	Micro-Cap	York Water Company	YORW	Water	8.17%	10.49%	2.32%	1.08
8	Large-Cap	Atmos Energy	ATO	Gas Distr	8.06%	13.10%	5.05%	1.46
9	Low-Cap	Chesapeake Utilities	CPK	Gas Distr	7.89%	13.44%	5.55%	1.50
10	Mid-Cap	New Jersey Resources	NJR	Gas Distr	8.42%	11.26%	2.84%	1.21
11	Mid-Cap	NiSource Inc.	NI	Gas Distr	8.20%	11.70%	3.50%	1.27
12	Low-Cap	Northwest Natural	NWN	Gas Distr	7.78%	4.38%	-3.40%	0.24
13	Mid-Cap	Southwest Gas	SWX	Gas Distr	8.63%	5.49%	-3.14%	0.38
14	Mid-Cap	Spire Inc.	SR	Gas Distr	7.99%	14.36%	6.37%	1.64
15	Mid-Cap	UGI Corp.	UGI	Gas Distr	9.27%	4.85%	-4.42%	0.31
16	Large-Cap	Ameren Corp.	AEE	Electric	7.99%	11.47%	3.48%	1.23
17	Large-Cap	Amer. Elec. Power	AEP	Electric	7.77%	10.45%	2.68%	1.09
18	Low-Cap	Allete	ALE	Electric	8.38%	6.80%	-1.58%	0.57
19	Low-Cap	Avista Corp.	AVA	Electric	8.38%	7.75%	-0.63%	0.71
20	Mid-Cap	Black Hills	BKH	Electric	9.12%	5.10%	-4.02%	0.32
21	Large-Cap	CMS Energy Corp.	CMS	Electric	7.71%	12.05%	4.34%	1.31
22	Low-Cap	Northwestern Corp.	NWE	Electric	8.10%	6.51%	-1.59%	0.53
23	Large-Cap	DTE Energy	DTE	Electric	8.17%	11.32%	3.15%	1.21
24	Large-Cap	Duke Energy	DUK	Electric	7.60%	8.40%	0.79%	0.79
25	Large-Cap	Consol. Edison	ED	Electric	7.07%	10.08%	3.02%	1.03
26	Large-Cap	Edison Int'l	EIX	Electric	8.06%	10.02%	1.96%	1.02
27	Large-Cap	Entergy Corp.	ETR	Electric	8.10%	11.08%	2.98%	1.18
28	Large-Cap	Fortis Inc.	FTS	Electric	7.53%	8.61%	2.67%	0.81
29	Mid-Cap	IDACORP Inc.	IDA	Electric	7.90%	8.61%	-0.66%	0.63
30	Mid-Cap	Alliant Energy	LNT	Electric	8.06%	10.41%	2.35%	1.08
31	Low-Cap	MGE Energy	MGEE	Electric	7.56%	11.65%	5.81%	1.51
32	Large-Cap	Public Serv. Enterprise	PEG	Electric	8.24%	10.32%	2.08%	1.06
33	Mid-Cap	Pinnacle West Capital	PNW	Electric	8.06%	11.21%	3.15%	1.19
34	Mid-Cap	Portland General	POR	Electric	8.13%	7.96%	-0.17%	0.74
35	Large-Cap	WEC Energy Group	WEC	Electric	7.49%	8.51%	1.02%	0.81
36	Large-Cap	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	Electric	7.49%	11.67%	4.18%	1.26
			No. of Co	mnanies				
		11 Small-Cap (Low-Cap/Micro-Cap)					3.08%	1.17
		25 Large-Cap (Large-Cap/Mid-Cap) Excess Small-Cap over Large-Cap					1.03	
						1.02%	0.14	
	Exocos omail dup over Earge-dap 1.02%							0.17
			Average Market Risk Premium (2014-2023)				7.09%	
	Difference in Small vs Large Beta						0.14	
			Indicated Small Company risk Premium					

¹ Analysis compares annual total market returns (2014-2023) with those predicted by the CAPM using beta available at the beginning of each year (Value Line beta in December of the prior year), a proxy for the risk -free rate (monthly average of 30-year US Treasury for December of the prior year), and a MRP estimate equal to the historical average MRP (1926- year-1) available at the beginning of each year.

² The "true" beta is the beta required to account for the actual total returns using the CAPM.